## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## Session 2013

## **Legislative Fiscal Note**

**BILL NUMBER**: House Bill 334 (First Edition)

**SHORT TITLE**: Buncombe Cty Sales Tax Use Expansion.

**SPONSOR(S)**: Representatives Ramsey and Moffitt

FISCAL IMPACT (\$ in millions)										
	□ Ye	s ▼ No	□ No Estima	te Available						
ľ	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18					
State Impact										
General Fund Revenues:										
General Fund Expenditures:										
NET STATE IMPACT	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0					
Revenues: Expenditures:										
NET LOCAL IMPACT	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0					
PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT(S) & PROGRAM(S) AFFECTED: Buncombe County  EFFECTIVE DATE When the bill becomes law.  TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS: None										

**BILL SUMMARY**: In 1983, the General Assembly passed <u>S.L. 1983-534</u> and <u>S.L. 1983-134</u>. This legislation created the Buncombe School Capital Fund Commission. In addition to the amount of sales tax revenue that counties must allocate to public school capital outlay purposes, the Buncombe School Capital Fund Commission (Commission) allocates 50% of Article 39 (1-cent local tax) to public school capital outlay, school construction. This bill provides flexibility in how the funds received by the Commission can be used.

## ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODOLOGY:

All counties must allocate 25% of their local sales tax revenue to school construction. G.S. 105-462 and G.S. 105-502 mandate that counties allocate 40% of Article 40 (1/2-cent local tax) and 60% of Article 42 (1/2-cent local tax) to public school capital outlay purposes. In addition to the funds mandated by statute, Buncombe County Schools and Asheville City Schools receive an allocation of sales tax revenue because of the local legislation.

Buncombe County's contribution to capital outlay exceeds the state mandate—50% of Article 39 represents 25% of the county's total sales tax revenue. The 50% allocation of Article 39 to capital outlay purposes occurs before the ad-valorem sales tax distribution to the counties contained special property tax districts. The Buncombe School Capital Fund also receives 50% of all sales tax revenue allocated to Buncombe County. For fiscal year 2011-12, the Buncombe County Capital Fund received \$12.7 million.

The Commission divides the money between Buncombe County Schools and Asheville City Schools according to school enrollment/ADM (average daily membership). Table 1 highlights the total revenue received as a result of this additional allocation.

Table 1.

Sales and Use Tax Receipts for School Districts Located within Buncombe County, FY 2010 and FY 2011										
	Sales Tax		% of Total	Property Tax		% of Total				
	FY 09-10	FY 10-11	FY 10-11	FY 09-10	FY 10-11	FY 10-11				
Asheville										
City Schools	3,578,851	3,688,786	10.7%	7,733,959	7,925,982	4.9%				
Buncombe County Schools	10,222,963	10,662,182	30.6%							
Buncombe	10,222,903	10,002,102	30.070							
County	19,654,140	19,879,469	58.7%	149,601,174	151,006,916	95.%				

**SOURCES OF DATA:** Buncombe County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

**TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS**: None

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