GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

H HOUSE BILL 677

Short Title:	Discharge of Adult Care Home Residents.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representative Lewis (Primary Sponsor).	
	For a complete list of Sponsors, see Bill Information on the NCGA Wel	Site.
Referred to:	Health and Human Services.	
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April 7, 2011

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROVIDE ADULT CARE HOMES WITH GREATER FLEXIBILITY IN THE TRANSFER AND DISCHARGE OF RESIDENTS, TO MAKE COUNTY DEPARTMENTS OF SOCIAL SERVICES RESPONSIBLE FOR PLACING CERTAIN DISCHARGED RESIDENTS, AND TO ENACT APPEAL RIGHTS FOR ADULT CARE HOME RESIDENTS AND ADULT CARE HOMES WITH RESPECT TO DISCHARGE DECISIONS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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 SECTION 1. G.S. 131D-2.1 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(16) "Hearing Unit" means the chief hearing officer within the Division of Medical Assistance designated to preside over hearings regarding the transfer and discharge of adult care home residents, and the chief hearing officer's staff."

SECTION 2. G.S. 131D-4.5(5) reads as rewritten:

"(5) Implementing the due process and appeal rights for discharge and transfer of residents in adult care homes afforded by G.S. 131D-21. The rules shall offer at least the same protections to residents as State and federal rules and regulations governing the transfer or discharge of residents from nursing homes. residents for safe and orderly transfer and discharge."

SECTION 3. G.S. 131D-21(17) reads as rewritten:

"(17) To not be transferred or discharged from a facility except for medical reasons, the residents' own or other residents' welfare, nonpayment for the stay, or when the transfer is mandated under State or federal law. The resident shall be given at least 30 days' advance notice to ensure orderly transfer or discharge, except in the case of jeopardy to the health or safety of the resident or others in the home. The resident has the right to appeal a facility's attempt to transfer or discharge the resident pursuant to rules adopted by the Medical Care Commission, and the resident shall be allowed to remain in the facility until resolution of the appeal unless otherwise provided by law. The Medical Care Commission shall adopt rules pertaining to the transfer and discharge of residents that offer at least the same protections to residents as State and federal rules and regulations governing the transfer or discharge of residents from nursing homes.residents for safe and orderly transfer and discharge."



SECTION 4. Article 1 of Chapter 131D of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 131D-4.8. Discharge of residents; appeals.

- (a) An adult care home may initiate discharge of a resident based on any of the following reasons:
 - (1) The discharge is necessary to protect the welfare of the resident and the adult care home cannot meet the needs of the resident, as documented by the resident's physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner.
 - The health of the resident has improved sufficiently so that the resident is no longer in need of the services provided by the adult care home, as documented by the resident's physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner.
 - (3) The safety of the resident or other individuals in the adult care home is endangered.
 - (4) The health of the resident or other individuals in the adult care home is endangered, as documented by a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner.
 - (5) The resident has failed to pay the costs of services and accommodations by the payment due date specified in the resident's contract with the adult care home, after receiving written notice of warning of discharge for failure to pay.
 - (6) The discharge is mandated under this Article, Article 3 of this Chapter, or rules adopted by the Medical Care Commission.
- (b) Whenever the Department prohibits an adult care home from discharging a resident for whom the facility has initiated discharge under subdivision (a)(3) or (a)(4) of this section, the Department is prohibited from citing the facility for a violation of this Article, Article 3 of this Chapter, or any rule adopted by the Medical Care Commission if the violation is attributed to behavior by the resident that resulted in harm to the resident or to other individuals in the adult care home.
- (c) An adult care home shall notify a resident or the resident's legal representative of its intent to initiate discharge of the resident under subsection (a) of this section, in writing, at least 30 days before the resident is discharged. The written notice shall include (i) the reasons for the discharge, (ii) an appropriate discharge destination, (iii) personal medical care information relating to the resident, as required by the Department, (iv) a copy of the Adult Care Home Notice of Discharge, (v) a copy of the Adult Care Home Hearing Request Form, and (vi) other information, as required under rules adopted by the Medical Care Commission. The adult care home shall also notify the county department of social services about the discharge, including the date of discharge. The adult care home is responsible for using its best efforts to assist the resident or the resident's legal representative in securing placement of the resident or legal representative has not secured an appropriate discharge location on the date of discharge, the county department of social services is responsible for placement of the resident.
- (d) If an adult care home resident or the resident's legal representative elects to appeal a discharge initiated by the adult care home, the appeal shall be to the Hearing Unit. The Hearing Unit shall decide all appeals pertaining to the discharge of adult care home residents. The decision of the Hearing Unit is the final agency decision. Any person aggrieved by a decision of the Hearing Unit pertaining to an adult care home resident discharge is entitled to immediate judicial review of the decision in Wake County Superior Court or in the superior court of the county where the person resides. The appellant shall file a petition for judicial review not later than 30 days after the person is served with a written copy of the Hearing Unit decision. Within 10 days after the petition for judicial review is filed with the superior court, the appellant shall

serve copies of the petition by personal service or certified mail upon all parties who were
parties of record to the appeal to the Hearing Unit. Other parties to the appeal to the Hearing
Unit may file a response to the petition within 30 days after service. The Department as the
decision maker in the appeal to the Hearing Unit is not a party of record. Within 30 days after
receipt of a petition for judicial review, the Department shall transmit to the superior court the
original or a certified copy of the official record in the appeal to the Hearing Unit, together with
the final agency decision. In reviewing the Department's final decision, the superior court shall
review the official record, de novo, and make findings of fact and conclusions of law. The
decision of the Department remains in effect during the pendency of review by the superior
court and any further review in the appellate courts.

SECTION 5. G.S. 150B-1(e) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(18) Hearings provided by the Department of Health and Human Services to decide appeals pertaining to adult care home resident discharges initiated by adult care homes under G.S. 131D-4.8.

SECTION 6. This act becomes effective October 1, 2011.