# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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# HOUSE BILL 1329

# Committee Substitute Favorable 4/29/09 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 5/11/09 Senate Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 6/30/09

Short Title: Consolidate Expunction Statutes.

(Public)

Sponsors:

34

35

Referred to:

# April 9, 2009

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO CONSOLIDATE ALL STATUTES RELATED TO EXPUNCTION OF 3 RECORDS IN ONE ARTICLE OF THE GENERAL STATUTES, TO MODIFY THE 4 AGE REQUIREMENTS OF CERTAIN EXPUNCTIONS TO BE THE AGE AT THE 5 TIME OF THE OFFENSE RATHER THAN THE AGE AT THE TIME OF 6 CONVICTION, TO ALLOW THE EXPUNCTION OF MISDEMEANOR LARCENY, AND TO MAKE CLARIFYING AND CONFORMING CHANGES TO THE 7 8 EXPUNCTION STATUTES. 9 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 10 **SECTION 1.** Article 5 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: 11 12 "§ 15A-145.1. Expunction of records for first offenders under the age of 18 at the time of 13 conviction of certain gang offenses. Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any felony or 14 (a) misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the laws of the United States or the laws of 15 16 this State or any other state pleads guilty to or is guilty of (i) a Class H felony under Article 13A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes or (ii) an enhanced offense under G.S. 14-50.22, or 17 18 has been discharged and had the proceedings against the person dismissed pursuant to 19 G.S. 14-50.29, and the offense was committed before the person attained the age of 18 years, 20 the person may file a petition in the court where the person was convicted for expunction of the offense from the person's criminal record. Except as provided in G.S. 14-50.29 upon discharge 21 22 and dismissal, the petition cannot be filed earlier than (i) two years after the date of the conviction or (ii) the completion of any period of probation, whichever occurs later. The 23 24 petition shall contain, but not be limited to, the following: An affidavit by the petitioner that the petitioner has been of good behavior 25 (1)(i) during the period of probation since the decision to defer further 26 proceedings on the offense in question pursuant to G.S. 14-50.29 or (ii) 27 28 during the two-year period since the date of conviction of the offense in question, whichever applies, and has not been convicted of any felony or 29 30 misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the laws of the United 31 States or the laws of this State or any other state. Verified affidavits of two persons who are not related to the petitioner or to 32 (2)33

each other by blood or marriage, that they know the character and reputation of the petitioner in the community in which the petitioner lives, and that the petitioner's character and reputation are good.



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(3)	If the petition is filed subsequent to conviction	of the offense in question, a
	statement that the petition is a motion in the c	-
	petitioner was convicted.	
<u>(4)</u>	Affidavits of the clerk of superior court, chief	of police, where appropriate
	and sheriff of the county in which the petiti	ioner was convicted and, it
	different, the county of which the petitioner is	a resident, showing that the
	petitioner has not been convicted of a felony of	-
	traffic violation under the laws of this State (i) d	luring the period of probatior
	since the decision to defer further proceedings	s on the offense in question
	pursuant to G.S. 14-50.29 or (ii) at any time pu	rior to the conviction for the
	offense in question or during the two-year period	od following that conviction
	whichever applies.	
<u>(5)</u>	An affidavit by the petitioner that no restitution	on orders or civil judgments
	representing amounts ordered for restitution e	ntered against the petitione
	are outstanding.	
The petition	shall be served upon the district attorney of the	court wherein the case way
tried resulting in	conviction. The district attorney shall have 10 da	ys thereafter in which to file
any objection the	reto and shall be duly notified as to the date of the	hearing of the petition.
The judge to	whom the petition is presented is authorized to	call upon a probation office
for any additic	nal investigation or verification of the petit	ioner's conduct during the
probationary per	od or during the two-year period after conviction.	
<u>(b)</u> <u>If the</u>	e court, after hearing, finds that (i) the petition	ner was dismissed and the
proceedings agai	nst the petitioner discharged pursuant to G.S. 14-3	50.29 and that the person had
not yet attained	18 years of age at the time of the offense or (ii) the time of the offense or (ii) the time of the offense of the time of the offense of the time of the time of the offense of the time of the time of the offense of the time of the time of the offense of the time of	ne petitioner has remained o
good behavior a	nd been free of conviction of any felony or misc	lemeanor other than a traffic
violation for two	years from the date of conviction of the offense i	n question, the petitioner has
no outstanding re	estitution orders or civil judgments representing ar	nounts ordered for restitution
entered against l	im, and the petitioner had not attained the age o	f 18 years at the time of the
offense in questi	on, it shall order that such person be restored, in t	the contemplation of the law
	upied by the petitioner before such arrest or in-	
person as to who	m such order has been entered shall be held there	eafter under any provision of
any laws to be g	uilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statem	ent by reason of the person'
failure to recite	or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or info	rmation, or trial, or response
to any inquiry r	nade of the person for any purpose. The court s	shall also order that the said
conviction be ex	punged from the records of the court and direct a	all law enforcement agencie
bearing record o	the same to expunge their records of the convict	ion as the result of a crimina
charge. The cler	k shall forward a certified copy of the order to the	ne sheriff, chief of police, o
other arresting a	gency. The sheriff, chief of police, or head of such	n other arresting agency shal
	copy of the order with a form supplied by the Sta	-
	of Investigation, and the State Bureau of Investig	ation shall forward the orde
	reau of Investigation.	
(c) <u>This</u>	section is supplemental and in addition to exi	sting law and shall not be
construed so as	to repeal any existing provision contained in th	e General Statutes of North
Carolina."		
SEC	FION 2. Article 5 of Chapter 15A of the Gen	eral Statutes is amended by
adding a new sec	tion to read:	
" <u>§ 15A-145.2.</u>	Expunction of records for first offenders not	over 21 years of age at the
time	of the offense of certain drug offenses.	
(a) When	ever a person is discharged, and the proceedings	against the person dismissed
pursuant to G.S.	90-96(a) or (a1), and the person was not over 21 y	years of age at the time of the
CC	on may apply to the court for an order to expu-	nge from all official record

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1	(other than the c	onfidential file to be retained by the Administrative Office	of the Courts under
2		Il recordation relating to his arrest, indictment or informat	
3		issal and discharge pursuant to this section. The applican	
4	application the f		
5	(1)	An affidavit by the applicant that he has been of good	behavior during the
6	<u>+</u>	period of probation since the decision to defer further	-
7		offense in question and has not been convicted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8		misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the	
9		States or the laws of this State or any other state;	
10	(2)	Verified affidavits by two persons who are not related to	the applicant or to
11		each other by blood or marriage, that they know the char	* *
12		of the petitioner in the community in which he lives, ar	-
13		and reputation are good;	
14	(3)	Affidavits of the clerk of superior court, chief of police.	, where appropriate,
15		and sheriff of the county in which the petitioner was	<b></b> .
16		different, the county of which the petitioner is a resider	
17		applicant has not been convicted of a felony or misder	neanor other than a
18		traffic violation under the laws of this State at any	time prior to the
19		conviction for the offense in question or during the	period of probation
20		following the decision to defer further proceedings	on the offense in
21		question.	
22	The judge to	whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon	a probation officer
23	for any addition	onal investigation or verification of the petitioner's c	onduct during the
24		iod deemed desirable.	
25		letermines, after hearing, that such person was discharged	
26		nissed and that he was not over 21 years of age at the tin	
27		n order. The effect of such order shall be to restore	
28	-	of the law to the status he occupied before such arrest	
29		person as to whom such order was entered shall be held t	•
30		law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false sta	
31		ecite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or info	rmation, or trial in
32		inquiry made of him for any purpose.	
33		all also order that said conviction and the records relating	
34		s of the court and direct all law enforcement agencies be	
35		their records of the conviction. The clerk shall forward a	<b>±</b> •
36		riff, chief of police, or other arresting agency, as appropri	
37	-	or other arresting agency, as appropriate, shall forward suc	
38 39		tigation with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Invention to the state of the	-
39 40	Investigation.	ugation shan forward the court order in fike manner to the	<u>e reuerar dureau or</u>
40 41		never any person is charged with a misdemeanor under Art	icle 5 of Chapter 00
42		Statutes by possessing a controlled substance included	
43		Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes of	
44	-	by possessing less than one gram of cocaine, upon dismi	-
45		nst him, upon entry of a nolle prosequi, or upon a finding of	
46		nnocence, such person may apply to the court for an order	
47		all recordation relating to his arrest, indictment or information	
48		s, after hearing, that such person was not over 21 years of	
49		the person was charged occurred, it shall enter such or	-
50		r has been entered shall be held thereafter under any provis	
51		or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his	

1 acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or trial in response to any inquiry made 2 of him for any purpose. 3 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of an offense under (c) 4 Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or under any statute of the United States or any 5 state relating to controlled substances included in any schedule of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the 6 General Statutes or to that paraphernalia included in Article 5B of Chapter 90 of the General 7 Statutes pleads guilty to or has been found guilty of (i) a misdemeanor under Article 5 of 8 Chapter 90 of the General Statutes by possessing a controlled substance included within 9 Schedules II through VI of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or by possessing 10 drug paraphernalia as prohibited by G.S. 90-113.22 or (ii) a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) by possessing less than one gram of cocaine, the court may, upon application of the person not 11 12 sooner than 12 months after conviction, order cancellation of the judgment of conviction and 13 expunction of the records of his arrest, indictment or information, trial, and conviction. A 14 conviction in which the judgment of conviction has been canceled and the records expunged 15 pursuant to this subsection shall not be thereafter deemed a conviction for purposes of this 16 subsection or for purposes of disqualifications or liabilities imposed by law upon conviction of 17 a crime, including the additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent convictions of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes. Cancellation and expunction under this 18 19 subsection may occur only once with respect to any person. Disposition of a case under this 20 subsection at the district court division of the General Court of Justice shall be final for the 21 purpose of appeal. 22 The granting of an application filed under this subsection shall cause the issue of an order to 23 expunge from all official records (other than the confidential file to be retained by the 24 Administrative Office of the Courts under G.S. 90-96(c)) all recordation relating to the 25 petitioner's arrest, indictment or information, trial, finding of guilty, judgment of conviction, 26 cancellation of the judgment, and expunction of records pursuant to this subsection. 27 The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer 28 for additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct since conviction. If the court determines that the petitioner was convicted of (i) a misdemeanor under Article 5 of 29 30 Chapter 90 of the General Statutes for possessing a controlled substance included within 31 Schedules II through VI of Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or for possessing 32 drug paraphernalia as prohibited in G.S. 90-113.22 or (ii) a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) for 33 possession of less than one gram of cocaine, that he was not over 21 years of age at the time of 34 the offense, that he has been of good behavior since his conviction, that he has successfully 35 completed a drug education program approved for this purpose by the Department of Health 36 and Human Services, and that he has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than 37 a traffic violation under the laws of this State at any time prior to or since the conviction for the 38 offense in question, it shall enter an order of expunction of the petitioner's court record. The 39 effect of such order shall be to restore the petitioner in the contemplation of the law to the 40 status he occupied before arrest or indictment or information or conviction. No person as to 41 whom such order was entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be 42 guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his failures to recite or 43 acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or conviction, or trial in response to any 44 inquiry made of him for any purpose. The judge may waive the condition that the petitioner 45 attend the drug education school if the judge makes a specific finding that there was no drug 46 education school within a reasonable distance of the defendant's residence or that there were 47 specific extenuating circumstances which made it likely that the petitioner would not benefit 48 from the program of instruction. The court shall also order all law enforcement agencies bearing records of the conviction 49 50 and records relating thereto to expunge their records of the conviction. The clerk shall forward

51 <u>a certified copy of the order to the sheriff, chief of police, or other arresting agency, as</u>

#### **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2009 1 appropriate, and the arresting agency shall forward the order to the State Bureau of 2 Investigation with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation. The State Bureau of 3 Investigation shall forward the court order in like manner to the Federal Bureau of 4 Investigation. 5 The clerk of superior court in each county in North Carolina shall, as soon as practicable after each term of court in his county, file with the Administrative Office of the Courts the 6 7 names of those persons whose judgments of convictions have been canceled and expunged 8 under the provisions of this subsection, and the Administrative Office of the Courts shall 9 maintain a confidential file containing the names of persons whose judgments of convictions 10 have been canceled and expunged. The information contained in the file shall be disclosed only to judges of the General Court of Justice of North Carolina for the purpose of ascertaining 11 whether any person charged with an offense under Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General 12 13 Statutes has been previously granted cancellation and expunction of a judgment of conviction 14 pursuant to the terms of this subsection. A person who files a petition for expunction of a criminal record under this section 15 (d) must pay the clerk of superior court a fee of sixty-five dollars (\$65.00) at the time the petition 16 17 is filed. Fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the General Fund. This 18 subsection does not apply to petitions filed by an indigent." 19 **SECTION 3.** Article 5 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by 20 adding a new section to read: 21 "§ 15A-145.3. Expunction of records for first offenders not over 21 years of age at the 22 time of the offense of certain toxic vapors offenses. 23 Whenever a person is discharged and the proceedings against the person dismissed (a) 24 under G.S. 90-113.14(a) or (a1), such person, if he was not over 21 years of age at the time of 25 the offense, may apply to the court for an order to expunge from all official records (other than 26 the confidential file to be retained by the Administrative Office of the Courts under 27 G.S. 90-113.14(c)) all recordation relating to his arrest, indictment or information, trial, finding 28 of guilty, and dismissal and discharge pursuant to this section. The applicant shall attach to the 29 application the following: 30 An affidavit by the applicant that he has been of good behavior during the (1)31 period of probation since the decision to defer further proceedings on the 32 misdemeanor in question and has not been convicted of any felony or 33 misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the laws of the United 34 States or the laws of this State or any other state; 35 Verified affidavits by two persons who are not related to the applicant or to <u>(2)</u> 36 each other by blood or marriage, that they know the character and reputation 37 of the petitioner in the community in which he lives, and that his character 38 and reputation are good; 39 Affidavits of the clerk of superior court, chief of police, where appropriate, (3) 40 and sheriff of the county in which the petitioner was convicted, and, if 41 different, the county of which the petitioner is a resident, showing that the 42 applicant has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the laws of this State at any time prior to the 43 44 conviction for the misdemeanor in question or during the period of probation 45 following the decision to defer further proceedings on the misdemeanor in 46 question. 47 The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer 48 for any additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct during the 49 probationary period deemed desirable. If the court determines, after hearing, that such person was discharged and the proceedings 50

shall enter such order. The effect of such order shall be to restore such person in the 1 2 contemplation of the law to the status he occupied before such arrest or indictment or 3 information. No person as to whom such order was entered shall be held thereafter under any 4 provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of 5 his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or trial in 6 response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose. 7 The court shall also order that said conviction and the records relating thereto be expunged 8 from the records of the court and direct all law enforcement agencies bearing records of the 9 same to expunge their records of the conviction. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the 10 order to the sheriff, chief of police, or other arresting agency, as appropriate, and the sheriff, chief of police, or other arresting agency, as appropriate, shall forward such order to the State 11 12 Bureau of Investigation with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation. The State 13 Bureau of Investigation shall forward the court order in like manner to the Federal Bureau of 14 Investigation. 15 (b) Whenever any person is charged with a misdemeanor under Article 5A of Chapter 16 90 of the General Statutes or possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited by G.S. 90-113.22, 17 upon dismissal by the State of the charges against him or upon entry of a nolle prosequi or upon a finding of not guilty or other adjudication of innocence, such person may apply to the court 18 19 for an order to expunge from all official records all recordation relating to his arrest, indictment 20 or information, and trial. If the court determines, after hearing that such person was not over 21 21 years of age at the time the offense for which the person was charged occurred, it shall enter 22 such order. No person as to whom such order has been entered shall be held thereafter under 23 any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason 24 of his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or trial in 25 response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose. 26 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of an offense under (c)27 Article 5 or 5A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or under any statute of the United States 28 or any state relating to controlled substances included in any schedule of Article 5 of Chapter 29 90 of the General Statutes or to that paraphernalia included in Article 5B of Chapter 90 of the 30 General Statutes pleads guilty to or has been found guilty of a misdemeanor under Article 5A 31 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, the court may, upon application of the person not sooner 32 than 12 months after conviction, order cancellation of the judgment of conviction and 33 expunction of the records of his arrest, indictment or information, trial, and conviction. A 34 conviction in which the judgment of conviction has been cancelled and the records expunged 35 pursuant to this subsection shall not be thereafter deemed a conviction for purposes of this 36 subsection or for purposes of disqualifications or liabilities imposed by law upon conviction of 37 a crime, including the additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent convictions of 38 violation of Article 5A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes. Cancellation and expunction 39 under this subsection may occur only once with respect to any person. Disposition of a case 40 under this subsection at the district court division of the General Court of Justice shall be final 41 for the purpose of appeal. 42 The granting of an application filed under this subsection shall cause the issue of an order to 43 expunge from all official records (other than the confidential file to be retained by the 44 Administrative Office of the Courts under G.S. 90-113.14(c)) all recordation relating to his 45 arrest, indictment or information, trial, finding of guilty, judgment of conviction, cancellation 46 of the judgment, and expunction of records pursuant to this subsection. 47 The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer 48 for additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct since conviction. If the 49 court determines that the petitioner was convicted of a misdemeanor under Article 5A of 50 Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, or for possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited by 51 G.S. 90-113.22, that he was not over 21 years of age at the time of the offense, that he has been

of good behavior since his conviction, that he has successfully completed a drug education 1 2 program approved for this purpose by the Department of Health and Human Services, and that 3 he has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the 4 laws of this State at any time prior to or since the conviction for the misdemeanor in question, it shall enter an order of expunction of the petitioner's court record. The effect of such order shall 5 be to restore the petitioner in the contemplation of the law to the status he occupied before such 6 7 arrest or indictment or information or conviction. No person as to whom such order was entered 8 shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise 9 giving a false statement by reason of his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or conviction, or trial in response to any inquiry made of him for any 10 purpose. The judge may waive the condition that the petitioner attend the drug education school 11 if the judge makes a specific finding that there was no drug education school within a 12 13 reasonable distance of the defendant's residence or that there were specific extenuating 14 circumstances which made it likely that the petitioner would not benefit from the program of 15 instruction. The court shall also order all law enforcement agencies bearing records of the conviction 16 17 and records relating thereto to expunge their records of the conviction. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the sheriff, chief of police, or other arresting agency, as 18 appropriate, and the arresting agency shall forward the order to the State Bureau of 19 20 Investigation with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation. The State Bureau of 21 Investigation shall forward the court order in like manner to the Federal Bureau of 22 Investigation. 23 The clerk of superior court in each county in North Carolina shall, as soon as practicable 24 after each term of court in his county, file with the Administrative Office of the Courts the 25 names of those persons whose judgments of convictions have been cancelled and expunged 26 under the provisions of this subsection, and the Administrative Office of the Courts shall 27 maintain a confidential file containing the names of persons whose judgments of convictions have been cancelled and expunged. The information contained in the file shall be disclosed 28 29 only to judges of the General Court of Justice of North Carolina for the purpose of ascertaining 30 whether any person charged with an offense under Article 5A of Chapter 90 of the General 31 Statutes has been previously granted cancellation and expunction of a judgment of conviction 32 pursuant to the terms of this subsection." SECTION 4. G.S. 14-50.29 reads as rewritten: 33 34 "§ 14-50.29. Conditional discharge for first offenders under the age of 18.

35 Whenever any person who has not yet attained the age of 18 years, and has not (a) 36 previously been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the 37 laws of the United States or the laws of this State or any other state, pleads guilty to or is guilty 38 of (i) a Class H felony under this Article or (ii) an enhanced offense under G.S. 14-50.22, and 39 the offense was committed before the person attained the age of 18 years, the court may, 40 without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the defendant, defer further 41 proceedings and place the defendant on probation upon such reasonable terms and conditions 42 as the court may require.

(b) If the court, in its discretion, defers proceedings pursuant to this section, it shall place the defendant on supervised probation for not less than one year, in addition to any other conditions. Prior to taking any action to discharge and dismiss under this section, the court shall make a finding that the defendant has no previous criminal convictions. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the probation provided for in this section, the court shall discharge the defendant and dismiss the proceedings against the defendant.

49 (c) Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without court adjudication of
 50 guilt and shall not be deemed a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of
 51 disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime. Discharge and

dismissal under this section may occur only once with respect to any person. Disposition of a case to determine discharge and dismissal under this section at the district court division of the General Court of Justice shall be final for the purpose of appeal. Upon violation of a term or condition of the probation provided for in this section, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.

Upon discharge and dismissal pursuant to this section, the person may apply for an 6 (d) 7 order to expunge the complete record of the proceedings resulting in the dismissal and 8 discharge, pursuant to the procedures and requirements set forth in 9 G.S. 14 50.30(a). G.S. 15A-145.1. If the court determines, after hearing, that such person was 10 dismissed and the proceedings against the person discharged and that the person had not yet attained 18 years of age at the time of the offense, it shall enter such order. The effect of such 11 12 order shall be to restore such person in the contemplation of the law to the status the person 13 occupied before such arrest or indictment or information.

14 The clerk of superior court in each county in North Carolina shall, as soon as (e) 15 practicable after each term of court in his county, file with the Administrative Office of the 16 Courts the names of those persons granted a discharge under the provisions of this section, and 17 the Administrative Office of the Courts shall maintain a confidential file containing the names 18 of persons granted conditional discharges. The information contained in such file shall be 19 disclosed only to judges of the General Court of Justice of North Carolina for the purpose of 20 ascertaining whether any person charged with an offense has been previously granted a 21 discharge."

22

SECTION 5. G.S. 14-50.30 reads as rewritten:

# 23 "§ 14-50.30. Expunction of records.

24 Whenever any Any person who has not yet attained the age of 18 years and has not <del>(a)</del> 25 previously been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the 26 laws of the United States or the laws of this State or any other state, may, if the offense was 27 committed before the person attained the age of 18 years, be eligible to apply for expunction of 28 certain offenses under this Article pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.1.pleads guilty to or is guilty of (i) 29 a Class H felony under this Article or (ii) an enhanced offense under G.S. 14-50.22, the person 30 may file a petition in the court where the person was convicted for expunction of the offense 31 from the person's criminal record. Except as provided in G.S. 14 50.29 upon discharge and 32 dismissal, the petition cannot be filed earlier than (i) two years after the date of the conviction 33 or (ii) the completion of any period of probation, whichever occurs later. The petition shall 34 contain, but not be limited to, the following:

(1)	An affidavit by the petitioner that the petitioner has been of good behavior
	(i) during the period of probation since the decision to defer further
	proceedings on the offense in question pursuant to G.S. 14-50.29 or (ii)
	during the two year period since the date of conviction of the offense in
	question, whichever applies, and has not been convicted of any felony, or
	misdemeanor other than a traffic violation, under the laws of the United
	States or the laws of this State or any other state.
(2)	Verified affidavits of two persons who are not related to the petitioner or to
	each other by blood or marriage, that they know the character and reputation
	of the petitioner in the community in which the petitioner lives, and that the
	petitioner's character and reputation are good.
(3)	If the petition is filed subsequent to conviction of the offense in question, a
	statement that the petition is a motion in the cause in the case wherein the
	petitioner was convicted.
<del>(4)</del>	Affidavits of the clerk of superior court, chief of police, where appropriate,
	and sheriff of the county in which the petitioner was convicted and, if
	different, the county of which the petitioner is a resident, showing that the
	( <del>2)</del> ( <del>3)</del>

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1	petitioner has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than a
2	traffic violation under the laws of this State (i) during the period of probation
3	since the decision to defer further proceedings on the offense in question
4	pursuant to G.S. 14-50.29 or (ii) at any time prior to the conviction for the
5	offense in question or during the two-year period following that conviction,
6	whichever applies.
7	(5) An affidavit by the petitioner that no restitution orders or civil judgments
8 9	representing amounts ordered for restitution entered against the petitioner are outstanding.
10	The petition shall be served upon the district attorney of the court wherein the case was
11 12	tried resulting in conviction. The district attorney shall have 10 days thereafter in which to file any objection thereto and shall be duly notified as to the date of the hearing of the petition.
13	The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer
14	for any additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct during the
15	probationary period or during the two-year period after conviction.
16	(b) If the court, after hearing, finds that the petitioner has remained of good behavior
17	and been free of conviction of any felony or misdemeanor, other than a traffic violation, for two
18	years from the date of conviction of the offense in question, the petitioner has no outstanding
19	restitution orders or civil judgments representing amounts ordered for restitution entered
20	against him, and the petitioner had not attained the age of 18 years at the time of the conviction
21	in question, it shall order that such person be restored, in the contemplation of the law, to the
22	status occupied by the petitioner before such arrest or indictment or information. No person as
23	to whom such order has been entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any laws
24	to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of the person's failure to
25	recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment, information, or trial, or response to any
26	inquiry made of the person for any purpose. The court shall also order that the said conviction
27	be expunged from the records of the court, and direct all law enforcement agencies bearing
28	record of the same to expunge their records of the conviction as the result of a criminal charge.
29	The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the sheriff, chief of police, or other
30	arresting agency. The sheriff, chief, or head of such other arresting agency shall then transmit
31	the copy of the order with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation to the State
32	Bureau of Investigation, and the State Bureau of Investigation shall forward the order to the
33	Federal Bureau of Investigation.
34	(c) This section is supplemental and in addition to existing law and shall not be
35 36	construed so as to repeal any existing provision contained in the General Statutes of North Carolina."
30 37	SECTION 6. G.S. 90-96 reads as rewritten:
37	"§ 90-96. Conditional discharge <del>and expunction of records</del> for first offense.
38 39	(a) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under
40	this Article or under any statute of the United States or any state relating to those substances
40 41	included in Article 5 or 5A of Chapter 90 or to that paraphernalia included in Article 5B of
42	Chapter 90 pleads guilty to or is found guilty of (i) a misdemeanor under this Article by
43	possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules II through VI of this Article or by
44	possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited by G.S. 90-113.21, G.S. 90-113.22, or (ii) a felony
45	under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) by possessing less than one gram of cocaine, the court may, without
46	entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of such person, defer further proceedings and
47	place him on probation upon such reasonable terms and conditions as it may require.
48	Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 15A-1342(c) or any other statute or law, probation may
49	be imposed under this section for an offense under this Article for which the prescribed
50	punishment includes only a fine. To fulfill the terms and conditions of probation the court may
51	allow the defendant to participate in a drug education program approved for this purpose by the

Department of Health and Human Services. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court 1 2 may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the 3 terms and conditions, the court shall discharge such person and dismiss the proceedings against 4 him. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without court adjudication of guilt and 5 shall not be deemed a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of 6 disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime including the 7 additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent convictions under this Article. Discharge 8 and dismissal under this section or G.S. 90-113.14 may occur only once with respect to any 9 person. Disposition of a case to determine discharge and dismissal under this section at the 10 district court division of the General Court of Justice shall be final for the purpose of appeal. Prior to taking any action to discharge and dismiss under this section the court shall make a 11 12 finding that the defendant has no record of previous convictions under the "North Carolina 13 Controlled Substances Act", Article 5, Chapter 90, the "North Carolina Toxic Vapors Act", 14 Article 5A, Chapter 90, or the "Drug Paraphernalia Act", Article 5B, Chapter 90.

15 (a1) Upon the first conviction only of any offense included in G.S. 90-95(a)(3) or G.S. 90-113.21G.S. 90-113.22 and subject to the provisions of this subsection (a1), the court 16 17 may place defendant on probation under this section for an offense under this Article including 18 an offense for which the prescribed punishment includes only a fine. The probation, if imposed, 19 shall be for not less than one year and shall contain a minimum condition that the defendant 20 who was found guilty or pleads guilty enroll in and successfully complete, within 150 days of 21 the date of the imposition of said probation, the program of instruction at the drug education 22 school approved by the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to G.S. 90-96.01. 23 The court may impose probation that does not contain a condition that defendant successfully 24 complete the program of instruction at a drug education school if:

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(1) There is no drug education school within a reasonable distance of the defendant's residence; or

(2) There are specific, extenuating circumstances which make it likely that defendant will not benefit from the program of instruction.

The court shall enter such specific findings in the record; provided that in the case of subdivision (2) above, such findings shall include the specific, extenuating circumstances which make it likely that the defendant will not benefit from the program of instruction.

<u>Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the probation, the court shall discharge such</u>
 person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.

For the purposes of determining whether the conviction is a first conviction or whether a person has already had discharge and dismissal, no prior offense occurring more than seven years before the date of the current offense shall be considered. In addition, convictions for violations of a provision of G.S. 90-95(a)(1) or 90-95(a)(2) or 90-95(a)(3), or 90-113.10, or 90-113.11, or 90-113.12, or 90-113.2190-113.22 shall be considered previous convictions.

39 Failure to complete successfully an approved program of instruction at a drug education 40 school shall constitute grounds to revoke probation pursuant to this subsection and deny 41 application for expunction of all recordation of defendant's arrest, indictment, or information, 42 trial, finding of guilty, and dismissal and discharge pursuant to this section.G.S. 15A-145.2. For 43 purposes of this subsection, the phrase "failure to complete successfully the prescribed program 44 of instruction at a drug education school" includes failure to attend scheduled classes without a 45 valid excuse, failure to complete the course within 150 days of imposition of probation, willful 46 failure to pay the required fee for the course, course as provided in G.S. 90-96.01(b), or any 47 other manner in which the person fails to complete the course successfully. The instructor of 48 the course to which a person is assigned shall report any failure of a person to complete 49 successfully the program of instruction to the court which imposed probation. Upon receipt of 50 the instructor's report that the person failed to complete the program successfully, the court 51 shall revoke probation and/or-probation, shall not discharge such person, shall not dismiss the

proceedings against the person, and shall deny application for expunction of all recordation of 1 2 defendant's arrest, indictment, or information, trial, finding of guilty, and dismissal and 3 discharge pursuant to this section.G.S. 15A-145.2. A person may obtain a hearing before the 4 court of original jurisdiction prior to revocation of probation or denial of application for 5 expunction. 6 This subsection is supplemental and in addition to existing law and shall not be construed 7 so as to repeal any existing provision contained in the General Statutes of North Carolina. 8 Upon the dismissal discharge of such person, and discharge dismissal of the (b) 9 proceedings against him under subsection (a) or (a1) of this section, such person, if he were not 10 over 21 years of age at the time of the offense, may be eligible to apply for expunction of certain records relating to the offense pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.2(a).may apply to the court for 11 12 an order to expunge from all official records (other than the confidential file to be retained by 13 the Administrative Office of the Courts under subsection (c)) all recordation relating to his 14 arrest, indictment or information, trial, finding of guilty, and dismissal and discharge pursuant 15 to this section. The applicant shall attach to the application the following: 16 An affidavit by the applicant that he has been of good behavior during the (1)17 period of probation since the decision to defer further proceedings on the 18 offense in question and has not been convicted of any felony, or 19 misdemeanor, other than a traffic violation, under the laws of the United 20 States or the laws of this State or any other state; 21 (2)Verified affidavits by two persons who are not related to the applicant or to 22 each other by blood or marriage, that they know the character and reputation 23 of the petitioner in the community in which he lives, and that his character 24 and reputation are good; 25 Affidavits of the clerk of superior court, chief of police, where appropriate, (3)26 and sheriff of the county in which the petitioner was convicted, and, if 27 different, the county of which the petitioner is a resident, showing that the 28 applicant has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than a 29 traffic violation under the laws of this State at any time prior to the 30 conviction for the offense in question or during the period of probation 31 following the decision to defer further proceedings on the offense in 32 question. 33 The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer 34 for any additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct during the 35 probationary period deemed desirable. 36 If the court determines, after hearing, that such person was dismissed and the proceedings 37 against him discharged and that he was not over 21 years of age at the time of the offense, it shall enter such order. The effect of such order shall be to restore such person in the 38 39 contemplation of the law to the status he occupied before such arrest or indictment or 40 information. No person as to whom such order was entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of 41 42 his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or trial in 43 response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose. 44 The court shall also order that said conviction and the records relating thereto be expunged 45 from the records of the court, and direct all law-enforcement agencies bearing records of the 46 same to expunge their records of the conviction. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the 47 order to the sheriff, chief of police or other arresting agency, as appropriate, and the sheriff, chief of police or other arresting agency, as appropriate, shall forward such order to the State 48 49 Bureau of Investigation with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation. The State 50 Bureau of Investigation shall forward the court order in like manner to the Federal Bureau of 51 Investigation.

The clerk of superior court in each county in North Carolina shall, as soon as 1 (c) 2 practicable after each term of court in his county, file with the Administrative Office of the 3 Courts the names of those persons granted a conditional discharge under the provisions of this 4 Article, and the Administrative Office of the Courts shall maintain a confidential file containing 5 the names of persons granted conditional discharges. The information contained in the file shall 6 be disclosed only to Judges of the General Court of Justice of North Carolina for the purpose of 7 ascertaining whether any person charged with an offense under this Article has been previously 8 granted a conditional discharge.

9 (d)Whenever any person is charged with a misdemeanor under this Article by 10 possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules II through VI of this Article or a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) by possessing less than one gram of cocaine, upon dismissal by 11 12 the State of the charges against him, upon entry of a nolle prosequi, or upon a finding of not 13 guilty or other adjudication of innocence, the person may be eligible to apply for expunction of 14 certain records relating to the offense pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.2(b). such person may apply to 15 the court for an order to expunge from all official records all recordation relating to his arrest, 16 indictment or information, or trial. If the court determines, after hearing that such person was 17 not over 21 years of age at the time any of the proceedings against him occurred, it shall enter 18 such order. No person as to whom such order has been entered shall be held thereafter under 19 any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason 20 of his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or trial in 21 response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose.

22 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of an offense under (e) 23 this Article or under any statute of the United States or any state relating to controlled 24 substances included in any schedule of this Article or to that paraphernalia included in Article 25 5B of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes pleads guilty to or has been found guilty of (i) a 26 misdemeanor under this Article by possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules 27 II through VI of this Article, or by possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited by 28 G.S. 90-113.21, G.S. 90-113.22 or (ii) a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) by possessing less than 29 one gram of cocaine, the person may be eligible to apply for cancellation of the judgment and 30 expunction of certain records related to the offense pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.2(c).the court may, upon application of the person not sooner than 12 months after conviction, order 31 32 cancellation of the judgment of conviction and expunction of the records of his arrest, 33 indictment, or information, trial and conviction. A conviction in which the judgment of 34 conviction has been canceled and the records expunged pursuant to this section shall not be 35 thereafter deemed a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of disqualifications 36 or liabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime including the additional penalties 37 imposed for second or subsequent convictions of this Article. Cancellation and expunction 38 under this section may occur only once with respect to any person. Disposition of a case under 39 this section at the district court division of the General Court of Justice shall be final for the 40 purpose of appeal.

The granting of an application filed under this section shall cause the issue of an order to expunge from all official records (other than the confidential file to be retained by the Administrative Office of the Courts under subsection (c)) all recordation relating to the petitioner's arrest, indictment, or information, trial, finding of guilty, judgment of conviction, cancellation of the judgment, and expunction of records pursuant to this section.

The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer for additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct since conviction. If the court determines that the petitioner was convicted of (i) a misdemeanor under this Article for possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules II through VI of this Article, or for possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited in G.S. 90-113.21, or (ii) a felony under G.S. 90-95(a)(3) for possession of less than one gram of cocaine, that he was not over 21 years

of age at the time of the offense, that he has been of good behavior since his conviction, that he 1 2 has successfully completed a drug education program approved for this purpose by the 3 Department of Health and Human Services, and that he has not been convicted of a felony or 4 misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the laws of this State at any time prior to or 5 since the conviction for the offense in question, it shall enter an order of expunction of the 6 petitioner's court record. The effect of such order shall be to restore the petitioner in the 7 contemplation of the law to the status he occupied before arrest or indictment or information or 8 conviction. No person as to whom such order was entered shall be held thereafter under any 9 provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or conviction, or 10 11 trial in response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose. The judge may waive the 12 condition that the petitioner attend the drug education school if the judge makes a specific 13 finding that there was no drug education school within a reasonable distance of the defendant's 14 residence or that there were specific extenuating circumstances which made it likely that the 15 petitioner would not benefit from the program of instruction. 16 The court shall also order that all law-enforcement agencies bearing records of the 17 conviction and records relating thereto to expunge their records of the conviction. The clerk 18 shall forward a certified copy of the order to the sheriff, chief of police, or other arresting 19 agency, as appropriate, and the arresting agency shall forward the order to the State Bureau of 20 Investigation with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation. The State Bureau of 21 Investigation shall forward the court order in like manner to the Federal Bureau of 22 Investigation. 23 The clerk of superior court in each county in North Carolina shall, as soon as practicable

24 after each term of court in his county, file with the Administrative Office of the Courts the 25 names of those persons whose judgments of convictions have been canceled and expunged 26 under the provisions of this Article, and the Administrative Office of the Courts shall maintain 27 a confidential file containing the names of persons whose judgments of convictions have been 28 canceled and expunged. The information contained in the file shall be disclosed only to judges 29 of the General Court of Justice of North Carolina for the purpose of ascertaining whether any 30 person charged with an offense under this Article has been previously granted cancellation and expunction of a judgment of conviction pursuant to the terms of this Article. 31

32 (f) A person who files a petition for expunction of a criminal record under this section 33 must pay the clerk of superior court a fee of sixty five dollars (\$65.00) at the time the petition 34 is filed. Fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the General Fund. This 35 subsection does not apply to petitions filed by an indigent."

36 37 **SECTION 7.** G.S. 90-113.14 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 90-113.14. Conditional discharge and expunction of records for first offenses.

38 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under (a) 39 this Article or under any statute of the United States or any state relating to those substances 40 included in Article 5 or 5A or 5B of Chapter 90 pleads guilty to or is found guilty of inhaling or 41 possessing any substance having the property of releasing toxic vapors or fumes in violation of 42 Article 5A of Chapter 90, the court may, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the 43 consent of such person, defer further proceedings and place him on probation upon such 44 reasonable terms and conditions as it may require. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 15A-1342(c) or any other statute or law, probation may be imposed under this section for 45 46 an offense under this Article for which the prescribed punishment includes only a fine. To 47 fulfill the terms and conditions of probation the court may allow the defendant to participate in 48 a drug education program approved for this purpose by the Department of Health and Human 49 Services. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and 50 proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall 51 discharge such person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under

this section shall be without court adjudication of guilt and shall not be deemed a conviction for 1 2 purposes of this section or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon 3 conviction of a crime including the additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent 4 convictions. Discharge and dismissal under this section or G.S. 90-96 may occur only once 5 with respect to any person. Disposition of a case to determine discharge and dismissal under this section at the district court division of the General Court of Justice shall be final for the 6 7 purpose of appeal. Prior to taking any action to discharge or dismiss under this section the court 8 shall make a finding that the defendant has no record of previous convictions under the "North 9 Carolina Toxic Vapors Act", Article 5A, Chapter 90, the "North Carolina Controlled 10 Substances Act", Article 5, Chapter 90, or the "Drug Paraphernalia Act", Article 5B, Chapter 11 90. (a1) Upon the first conviction only of any offense included in G.S. 90-113.10 or

12 13 90-113.11 and subject to the provisions of this subsection (a1), the court may place defendant on probation under this section for an offense under this Article including an offense for which 14 the prescribed punishment includes only a fine. The probation, if imposed, shall be for not less 15 than one year and shall contain a minimum condition that the defendant who was found guilty 16 17 or pleads guilty enroll in and successfully complete, within 150 days of the date of the 18 imposition of said probation, the program of instruction at the drug education school approved 19 by the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to G.S. 90-96.01. The court may 20 impose probation that does not contain a condition that defendant successfully complete the 21 program of instruction at a drug education school if:

- 22 23
- (1) There is no drug education school within a reasonable distance of the defendant's residence; or
- 24 25
- (2) There are specific, extenuating circumstances which make it likely that defendant will not benefit from the program of instruction.

The court shall enter such specific findings in the record; provided that in the case of subsection (2) above, such findings shall include the specific, extenuating circumstances which make it likely that the defendant will not benefit from the program of instruction.

<u>Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the probation, the court shall discharge such</u>
 person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.

For the purpose of determining whether the conviction is a first conviction or whether a person has already had discharge and dismissal, no prior offense occurring more than seven years before the date of the current offense shall be considered. In addition, convictions for violations of a provision of G.S. 90-95(a)(1) or 90-95(a)(2) or 90-95(a)(3), or 90-113.10, or 90-113.11, or 90-113.12, or <del>90-113.2190-113.22</del> shall be considered previous convictions.

36 Failure to complete successfully an approved program of instruction at a drug education 37 school shall constitute grounds to revoke probation pursuant to this subsection and deny 38 application for expunction of all recordation of defendant's arrest, indictment, or information, 39 trial, finding of guilty, and dismissal and discharge pursuant to this section. G.S. 15A-145.3. For 40 purposes of this subsection, the phrase "failure to complete successfully the prescribed program 41 of instruction at a drug education school" includes failure to attend scheduled classes without a 42 valid excuse, failure to complete the course within 150 days of imposition of probation, willful 43 failure to pay the required fee for the <del>course,</del> course as provided in G.S. 90-96.01(b), or any 44 other manner in which the person fails to complete the course successfully. The instructor of 45 the course to which a person is assigned shall report any failure of a person to complete 46 successfully the program of instruction to the court which imposed probation. Upon receipt of 47 the instructor's report that the person failed to complete the program successfully, the court 48 shall revoke probation and/orprobation, shall not discharge such person, shall not dismiss the 49 proceedings against the person, and shall deny application for expunction of all recordation of defendant's arrest, indictment, or information, trial, finding of guilty, and dismissal and 50 discharge pursuant to this section.G.S. 15A-145.3. A person may obtain a hearing before the 51

1	court of original jurisdiction prior to revocation of probation or denial of application for
2	expunction.
3	This subsection is supplemental and in addition to existing law and shall not be construed
4	so as to repeal any existing provision contained in the General Statutes of North Carolina.
5	(b) Upon the dismissal of such person, and discharge of the proceedings against him
6	under subsection (a) or (a1) of this section, such person, if he were not over 21 years of age at
7	the time of the offense, may be eligible to apply for expunction of certain records relating to the
8	offense pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.3(a).may apply to the court for an order to expunge from all
9	official records (other than the confidential file to be retained by the Administrative Office of
10	the Courts under subsection (c)) all recordation relating to his arrest, indictment or information,
11	trial, finding of guilty, and dismissal and discharge pursuant to this section. The applicant shall
12	attach to the application the following:
13	(1) An affidavit by the applicant that he has been of good behavior during the
14	period of probation since the decision to defer further proceedings on the
15	misdemeanor in question and has not been convicted of any felony, or
16	misdemeanor, other than a traffic violation, under the laws of the United
17	States or the laws of this State or any other state;
18	(2) Verified affidavits by two persons who are not related to the applicant or to
19	each other by blood or marriage, that they know the character and reputation
20	of the petitioner in the community in which he lives, and that his character
21	and reputation are good;
22	(3) Affidavits of the clerk of superior court, chief of police, where appropriate,
23	and sheriff of the county in which the petitioner was convicted, and, if
24	different, the county of which the petitioner is a resident, showing that the
25	applicant has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than a
26	traffic violation under the laws of this State at any time prior to the
27	conviction for the misdemeanor in question or during the period of probation
28	following the decision to defer further proceedings on the misdemeanor in
29	question.
30	The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer
31	for any additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct during the
32	probationary period deemed desirable.
33	If the court determines, after hearing, that such person was dismissed and the proceedings
34	against him discharged and that he was not over 21 years of age at the time of the offense, it
35	shall enter such order. The effect of such order shall be to restore such person in the
36	contemplation of the law to the status he occupied before such arrest or indictment or
37	information. No person as to whom such order was entered shall be held thereafter under any
38	provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of
39	his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or information, or trial in
40	response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose.
41	The court shall also order that said conviction and the records relating thereto be expunged
42	from the records of the court, and direct all law enforcement agencies bearing records of the
43	same to expunge their records of the conviction. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the
44	order to the sheriff, chief of police or other arresting agency, as appropriate, and the sheriff,
45	chief of police or other arresting agency, as appropriate, shall forward such order to the State
46	Bureau of Investigation with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation. The State
47	Bureau of Investigation shall forward the court order in like manner to the Federal Bureau of
48	Investigation.
49 50	(c) The clerk of superior court in each county in North Carolina shall, as soon as
50	practicable after each term of court in his county, file with the Commission, the names of all

persons convicted under such Articles, together with the offense or offenses of which such

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persons were convicted. The clerk shall also file with the Administrative Office of the Courts the names of those persons granted a conditional discharge under the provisions of this Article, and the Administrative Office of the Court shall maintain a confidential file containing the names of persons granted conditional discharges. The information contained in such file shall be disclosed only to judges of the General Court of Justice of North Carolina for the purpose of ascertaining whether any person charged with an offense under Article 5 or 5A has been previously granted a conditional discharge.

8 Whenever any person is charged with a misdemeanor under this Article by (d) 9 possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules II through VI of this Article, or by 10 or possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited by G.S. 90-113.21G.S. 90-113.22 upon dismissal by the State of the charges against him or upon entry of a nolle prosequi or upon a 11 12 finding of not guilty or other adjudication of innocence, the person may be eligible to apply for 13 expunction of certain records relating to the offense pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.3(b). such person 14 may apply to the court for an order to expunge from all official records all recordation relating 15 to his arrest, indictment, or information, and trial. If the court determines, after hearing that 16 such person was not over 21 years of age at the time any of the proceedings against him occurred, it shall enter such order. No person as to whom such order has been entered shall be 17 held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a 18 19 false statement by reason of his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment, or 20 information, or trial in response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose.

Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of an offense under 21 (e) 22 this Article or under any statute of the United States or any state relating to controlled 23 substances included in any schedule of this ArticleArticle 5 of Chapter 90 of the General 24 Statutes or to that paraphernalia included in Article 5B of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes 25 pleads guilty to or has been found guilty of a misdemeanor under this Article by possessing a 26 controlled substance included within Schedules II through VI of this Article, the person may be 27 eligible to apply for cancellation of the judgment and expunction of certain records related to 28 the offense pursuant to G.S. 15A-145.3(c).the court may, upon application of the person not 29 sooner than 12 months after conviction, order cancellation of the judgment of conviction and 30 expunction of the records of his arrest, indictment, or information, trial and conviction. A 31 conviction in which the judgment of conviction has been cancelled and the records expunged 32 pursuant to this section shall not be thereafter deemed a conviction for purposes of this section 33 or for purposes of disqualifications or liabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime 34 including the additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent convictions of this Article. 35 Cancellation and expunction under this section may occur only once with respect to any person. 36 Disposition of a case under this section at the district court division of the General Court of 37 Justice shall be final for the purpose of appeal.

The granting of an application filed under this section shall cause the issue of an order to expunge from all official records (other than the confidential file to be retained by the Administrative Office of the Courts under subsection (c)) all recordation relating to his arrest, indictment, or information, trial, finding of guilty, judgment of conviction, cancellation of the judgment, and expunction of records pursuant to this section.

43 The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer for additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct since conviction. If the 44 45 court determines that the petitioner was convicted of a misdemeanor under this Article for 46 possessing a controlled substance included within Schedules II through VI of this Article, or for 47 possessing drug paraphernalia as prohibited by G.S. 90 113.21, that he was not over 21 years of age at the time of the offense, that he has been of good behavior since his conviction, that he 48 49 has successfully completed a drug education program approved for this purpose by the 50 Department of Health and Human Services, and that he has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation under the laws of this State at any time prior to or 51

1 since the conviction for the misdemeanor in question, it shall enter an order of expunction of 2 the petitioner's court record. The effect of such order shall be to restore the petitioner in the 3 contemplation of the law to the status he occupied before such arrest or indictment or 4 information or conviction. No person as to whom such order was entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false 5 6 statement by reason of his failures to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment or 7 information, or conviction, or trial in response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose. The 8 judge may waive the condition that the petitioner attend the drug education school if the judge 9 makes a specific finding that there was no drug education school within a reasonable distance 10 of the defendant's residence or that there were specific extenuating circumstances which made it likely that the petitioner would not benefit from the program of instruction. 11

The court shall also order that all law enforcement agencies bearing records of the conviction and records relating thereto to expunge their records of the conviction. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the sheriff, chief of police, or other arresting agency, as appropriate, and the arresting agency shall forward the order to the State Bureau of Investigation with a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation. The State Bureau of Investigation shall forward the court order in like manner to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

19 The clerk of superior court in each county in North Carolina shall, as soon as practicable 20 after each term of court in his county, file with the Administrative Office of the Courts the 21 names of those persons whose judgments of convictions have been cancelled and expunged 22 under the provisions of this Article, and the Administrative Office of the Courts shall maintain 23 a confidential file containing the names of persons whose judgments of convictions have been 24 cancelled and expunged. The information contained in the file shall be disclosed only to judges 25 of the General Court of Justice of North Carolina for the purpose of ascertaining whether any 26 person charged with an offense under this Article has been previously granted cancellation and 27 expunction of a judgment of conviction pursuant to the terms of this Article."

28

SECTION 8. G.S. 15A-146(a) reads as rewritten:

29 If any person is charged with a crime, either a misdemeanor or a felony, or was "(a) 30 charged with an infraction under G.S. 18B-302(i) prior to December 1, 1999, and the charge is 31 dismissed, or a finding of not guilty or not responsible is entered, that person may apply to the 32 court of the county where the charge was brought for an order to expunge from all official 33 records any entries relating to his apprehension or trial. The court shall hold a hearing on the 34 application and, upon finding that the person had not previously received an expungement 35 under this section, G.S. 15A-145, or G.S. 90-96, G.S. 15A-145.1, 15A-145.2, or 15A-145.3, and 36 that the person had not previously been convicted of any felony under the laws of the United 37 States, this State, or any other state, the court shall order the expunction. No person as to whom 38 such an order has been entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be 39 guilty of perjury, or to be guilty of otherwise giving a false statement or response to any inquiry 40 made for any purpose, by reason of his failure to recite or acknowledge any expunged entries 41 concerning apprehension or trial."

42

#### **SECTION 9.** G.S. 15A-146(a1) reads as rewritten:

43 "(a1) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, if a person is charged with multiple 44 offenses and all the charges are dismissed, or findings of not guilty or not responsible are made, 45 then a person may apply to have each of those charges expunged if the offenses occurred within 46 the same 12-month period of time or if the charges are dismissed or findings are made at the 47 same term of court. Unless circumstances otherwise clearly provide, the phrase "term of court" 48 shall mean one week for superior court and one day for district court. There is no requirement 49 that the multiple offenses arise out of the same transaction or occurrence or that the multiple 50 offenses were consolidated for judgment. The court shall hold a hearing on the application. If 51 the court finds that the person had not previously received an expungement under this

subsection, that the person had not previously received an expungement under G.S. 15A-145 or 1 2 G.S. 90-96, G.S. 15A-145, 15A-145.1, 15A-145.2, or 15A-145.3, and that the person had not 3 previously been convicted of any felony under the laws of the United States, this State, or any 4 other state, the court shall order the expunction. No person as to whom such an order has been 5 entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury, or to be 6 guilty of otherwise giving a false statement or response to any inquiry made for any purpose, 7 by reason of his failure to recite or acknowledge any expunged entries concerning apprehension 8 or trial." 9 **SECTION 10.** G.S. 15A-145 reads as rewritten: 10 "§ 15A-145. Expunction of records for first offenders under the age of 18 at the time of conviction of misdemeanor; expunction of certain other misdemeanors. 11 12 (a) Whenever any person who has (i) not yet attained the age of 18 years and has not 13 previously been convicted of any felony, or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation, under 14 the laws of the United States, the laws of this State or any other state, (i) pleads guilty to or is guilty of a misdemeanor other than a traffic violation, and the offense was committed before 15 the person attained the age of 18 years, or (ii) not yet attained the age of 21 years and has not 16 17 previously been convicted of any felony, or misdemeanor other than a traffic violation, under 18 the laws of the United States, the laws of this State or any other state, (ii) pleads guilty to or is 19 guilty of a misdemeanor possession of alcohol pursuant to G.S. 18B-302(b)(1), and the offense 20 was committed before the person attained the age of 21 years, he may file a petition in the court 21 where he was convicted for expunction of the misdemeanor from his criminal record. The 22 petition cannot be filed earlier than: (i) two years after the date of the conviction, or (ii) the 23 completion of any period of probation, whichever occurs later, and the petition shall contain, 24 but not be limited to, the following: 25 An affidavit by the petitioner that he has been of good behavior for the (1)26 two-year period since the date of conviction of the misdemeanor in question 27 and has not been convicted of any felony, or misdemeanor other than a 28 traffic violation, under the laws of the United States or the laws of this State 29 or any other state. 30 (2)Verified affidavits of two persons who are not related to the petitioner or to 31 each other by blood or marriage, that they know the character and reputation 32 of the petitioner in the community in which he lives and that his character 33 and reputation are good. 34 A statement that the petition is a motion in the cause in the case wherein the (3) 35 petitioner was convicted. 36 Affidavits of the clerk of superior court, chief of police, where appropriate, (4) 37 and sheriff of the county in which the petitioner was convicted and, if 38 different, the county of which the petitioner is a resident, showing that the 39 petitioner has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor other than a 40 traffic violation under the laws of this State at any time prior to the 41 conviction for the misdemeanor in question or during the two-year period 42 following that conviction. 43 (5) An affidavit by the petitioner that no restitution orders or civil judgments 44 representing amounts ordered for restitution entered against him are 45 outstanding. 46 The petition shall be served upon the district attorney of the court wherein the case was 47 tried resulting in conviction. The district attorney shall have 10 days thereafter in which to file 48 any objection thereto and shall be duly notified as to the date of the hearing of the petition. 49 The judge to whom the petition is presented is authorized to call upon a probation officer for any additional investigation or verification of the petitioner's conduct during the two-year 50

51 period that he deems desirable.

If the court, after hearing, finds that the petitioner had remained of good behavior 1 (b) 2 and been free of conviction of any felony or misdemeanor, other than a traffic violation, for two 3 years from the date of conviction of the misdemeanor in question, the petitioner has no 4 outstanding restitution orders or civil judgments representing amounts ordered for restitution entered against him, and (i) petitioner was not 18 years old at the time of the conviction offense 5 6 in question, or (ii) petitioner was not 21 years old at the time of the conviction offense of 7 possession of alcohol pursuant to G.S. 18B-302(b)(1), it shall order that such person be 8 restored, in the contemplation of the law, to the status he occupied before such arrest or 9 indictment or information. No person as to whom such order has been entered shall be held 10 thereafter under any provision of any laws to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false 11 statement by reason of his failure to recite or acknowledge such arrest, or indictment, 12 information, or trial, or response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose.

The court shall also order that the said misdemeanor conviction, or a civil 13 (c) 14 revocation of a drivers license as the result of a criminal charge, be expunded from the records 15 of the court, and direct all law-enforcement agencies, including the Division of Motor Vehicles, 16 bearing record of the same to expunge their records of the conviction or a civil revocation of a 17 drivers license as the result of a criminal charge. This subsection does not apply to civil or 18 criminal charges based upon the civil revocation, or to civil revocations under G.S. 20-16.2. 19 The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the sheriff, chief of police, or other 20 arresting agency. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the Division of Motor 21 Vehicles for the expunction of a civil revocation provided the underlying criminal charge is 22 also expunged. The civil revocation of a drivers license shall not be expunged prior to a final 23 disposition of any pending civil or criminal charge based upon the civil revocation. The sheriff, 24 chief or head of such other arresting agency shall then transmit the copy of the order with a 25 form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation to the State Bureau of Investigation, and the 26 State Bureau of Investigation shall forward the order to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

27 The clerk of superior court in each county in North Carolina shall, as soon as (d) 28 practicable after each term of court in his county, file with the Administrative Office of the 29 Courts, the names of those persons granted a discharge under the provisions of this section, and 30 the Administrative Office of the Courts shall maintain a confidential file containing the names 31 of persons granted conditional discharges. The information contained in such file shall be 32 disclosed only to judges of the General Court of Justice of North Carolina for the purpose of 33 ascertaining whether any person charged with an offense has been previously granted a 34 discharge.

35 (d1) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section and any other provision of law, a 36 person may file a petition in the court where the person was convicted for expunction of a 37 misdemeanor conviction from the person's criminal record if the person was convicted for 38 misdemeanor larceny under G.S. 14-72(a) more than 10 years prior to the filing of the petition 39 using the procedure set forth in this section.

40 (e) A person who files a petition for expunction of a criminal record under this section
41 must pay the clerk of superior court a fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) at the
42 time the petition is filed. Fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the General
43 Fund. This subsection does not apply to petitions filed by an indigent."

44 **SECTION 11.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2009, and applies to 45 petitions for expunctions filed on or after that date.