

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2007

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SENATE BILL 1270  
Judiciary II (Criminal) Committee Substitute Adopted 5/8/07  
Appropriations/Base Budget Committee Substitute Adopted 6/28/07  
Fourth Edition Engrossed 7/9/07  
House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/19/07  
Sixth Edition Engrossed 7/24/07

Short Title: Amend Larceny Laws.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

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Referred to:

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March 26, 2007

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND VARIOUS LARCENY STATUTES AND TO CREATE THE  
CRIMINAL OFFENSES OF ORGANIZED RETAIL THEFT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G. S. 14-71 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-71. **Receiving stolen goods; goods; receiving or possessing goods represented  
as stolen.**

(a) If any person shall receive any chattel, property, money, valuable security or other thing whatsoever, the stealing or taking whereof amounts to larceny or a felony, either at common law or by virtue of any statute made or hereafter to be made, such person knowing or having reasonable grounds to believe the same to have been feloniously stolen or taken, he shall be guilty of a Class H felony, and may be indicted and convicted, whether the felon stealing and taking such chattels, property, money, valuable security or other thing, shall or shall not have been previously convicted, or shall or shall not be amenable to justice; and any such receiver may be dealt with, indicted, tried and punished in any county in which he shall have, or shall have had, any such property in his possession or in any county in which the thief may be tried, in the same manner as such receiver may be dealt with, indicted, tried and punished in the county where he actually received such chattel, money, security, or other thing; and such receiver shall be punished as one convicted of larceny.

(b) If a person knowingly receives or possesses property in the custody of a law enforcement agency that was explicitly represented to the person by an agent of the law enforcement agency as stolen, the person is guilty of a Class H felony and may be indicted, tried, and punished in any county in which the person received or possessed the property."

1           **SECTION 2.** Article 16 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended is  
2 by adding a new section to read:

3 **"§ 14-72.11. Larceny from a merchant.**

4           A person is guilty of a Class H felony if the person commits larceny against a  
5 merchant under any of the following circumstances:

- 6           (1) By using an exit door erected and maintained to comply with the  
7 requirements of 29 C.F.R. § 1910 Subpart E, upon which door has  
8 been placed a notice, sign, or poster providing information about the  
9 felony offense and punishment provided under this subsection, to exit  
10 the premises of a store.
- 11           (2) By removing, destroying, or deactivating a component of an  
12 antishoplifting or inventory control device to prevent the activation of  
13 any antishoplifting or inventory control device.
- 14           (3) By affixing a product code created for the purpose of fraudulently  
15 obtaining goods or merchandise from a merchant at less than its actual  
16 sale price.
- 17           (4) When the property is infant formula valued in excess of one hundred  
18 dollars (\$100.00). As used in this subsection, the term "infant  
19 formula," has the same meaning as found in 21 U.S.C. § 321(z)."

20           **SECTION 3.** Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a  
21 new article to read:

22   "Article 16A.

23   "Organized Retail Theft.

24 **"§ 14-86.5. Definitions.**

25           The following definitions apply in this Article:

- 26           (1) "Retail property." – Any new article, product, commodity, item, or  
27 component intended to be sold in retail commerce.
- 28           (2) "Retail property fence." – A person or business that buys retail  
29 property knowing or believing that retail property is stolen.
- 30           (3) "Theft." – To take possession of, carry away, transfer, or cause to be  
31 carried away the retail property of another with the intent to steal the  
32 retail property.
- 33           (4) "Value." – The retail value of an item as advertised by the affected  
34 retail establishment, to include all applicable taxes.

35 **"§ 14-86.6. Organized retail theft.**

36           (a) A person is guilty of a Class H felony if the person:

- 37           (1) Conspires with another person to commit theft of retail property from a  
38 retail establishment, with a value exceeding one thousand five hundred  
39 dollars (\$1,500) aggregated over a 90-day period, with the intent to sell  
40 that retail property for monetary or other gain, and who takes or causes  
41 that retail property to be placed in the control of a retail property fence  
42 or other person in exchange for consideration.

1           (2) Receives or possesses any retail property that has been taken or stolen  
2           in violation of subdivision (1) of this subsection while knowing or  
3           having reasonable grounds to believe the property is stolen.

4           (b) Any interest a person has acquired or maintained in violation of this section  
5           shall be subject to forfeiture pursuant to the procedures for forfeiture set out in  
6           G.S. 18B-504."

7           **SECTION 4.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2007, and applies to  
8           offenses committed on or after that date.