

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2007

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HOUSE DRH30208-LT-44B* (2/27)

Short Title: Insurance Financial Omnibus Act.-AB (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Goforth and Holliman (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO MAKE CHANGES IN THE LAWS RELATING TO THE
MONITORING OF SOLVENCY OF INSURANCE COMPANIES AND OTHER
RISK-BEARING ENTITIES REGULATED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF
INSURANCE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 58-7-15(17) reads as rewritten:

"(17) "Credit insurance," meaning indemnifying merchants or other persons extending credit against loss or damage resulting from the nonpayment of debts owed to them; and including the incidental power to acquire and dispose of debts so insured, and to collect any debts owed to the insurer or to any person so insured by the ~~insurer including without limiting the foregoing, mortgage guaranty insurance that is insurance against financial loss by reason of the nonpayment of principal, interest and other sums agreed to be paid under the terms of any note or bond, or other evidence of indebtedness secured by a security interest, mortgage, deed of trust, or other instrument constituting a lien or charge on real estate, or on such personal property as the Commissioner may from time to time approve.~~ insurer; and also including insurance where the debt is secured by a junior lien on real estate or where the debt is secured by a first lien on real estate as long as (i) the purpose of the debt being insured is not the purchase of the real estate and the insurance is limited to twenty-five percent (25%) of the insurer's aggregate insured risk outstanding, before reinsurance ceded or assumed or (ii) the insurance is not included within the definition of mortgage guaranty insurance."

SECTION 2. G.S. 58-7-15(22) reads as rewritten:

1 "(22) "Miscellaneous insurance," meaning insurance against any other
2 casualty authorized by the charter of the company, not included in
3 subdivisions ~~(1) to (21)~~ of this section, which is a proper subject of
4 insurance."

5 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 58-7-15 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

6 "(23) "Mortgage guaranty insurance," meaning insurance against financial
7 loss by reason of nonpayment of principal, interest, or other sums
8 agreed to be paid under the terms of any note or bond or other
9 evidence of indebtedness which constitutes, or is equivalent to, a first
10 lien or charge on the real estate, provided the improvement on the real
11 estate is a residential building or a condominium unit or buildings
12 designed for occupancy by not more than four families."

13 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 58-7-75(4) reads as rewritten:

14 "(4) Stock Casualty and Fidelity and Surety Companies. – A stock
15 corporation may be organized in the manner prescribed in this Chapter
16 and licensed to do one or more of the kinds of insurance specified in
17 G.S. 58-7-15 (3), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15),
18 (16), (17), (18), (19), ~~(21) and (22)~~ (21), (22), and (23) only when it
19 has a paid-in capital of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000)
20 and a paid-in initial surplus of not less than one million five hundred
21 thousand dollars (\$1,500,000). Every such company shall at all times
22 thereafter maintain a minimum capital of not less than one million
23 dollars (\$1,000,000) and a minimum surplus of at least two hundred
24 fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000)."

25 **SECTION 5.** G.S. 58-10-125 reads as rewritten:

26 "**§ 58-10-125. Minimum policyholders position. Policyholders position and capital**
27 **and surplus requirements.**

28 (a) For the purpose of complying with G.S. 58-7-75, a mortgage guaranty insurer
29 shall maintain at all times a minimum policyholders position ~~in the amount required by~~
30 ~~this section.~~ of not less than one twenty-fifth of the insurer's aggregate insured risk
31 outstanding. The policyholders position shall be net of reinsurance ceded but shall
32 include reinsurance assumed.

33 (b) If a mortgage guaranty insurer does not have the minimum amount of
34 policyholders position required by this section it shall cease transacting new business
35 until the time that its policyholders position is in compliance with this section.

36 (c) A mortgage guaranty insurer shall at all times maintain capital and surplus in
37 the greater of the amount required by G.S. 58-7-75 or this section. ~~If a policy of~~
38 ~~mortgage guaranty insurance insures individual loans with a percentage claim~~
39 ~~settlement option on those loans, a mortgage guaranty insurer shall maintain a~~
40 ~~policyholders position based on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of the face amount~~
41 ~~of the mortgage, the percentage coverage, and the loan to value category. The minimum~~
42 ~~amount of policyholders position shall be calculated in the following manner:~~

43 ~~(1) If the loan to value is greater than seventy five percent (75%), the~~
44 ~~minimum policyholders position per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of~~

the face amount of the mortgage for the specific percent coverage shall be as shown in the schedule below:

Percent Coverage	Policyholders Position Per \$100 of the Face Amount of the Mortgage	Percent Coverage	Policyholders Position Per \$100 of the Face Amount of the Mortgage
5	\$0.20	55	\$1.50
10	0.40	60	1.55
15	0.60	65	1.60
20	0.80	70	1.65
25	1.00	75	1.75
30	1.10	80	1.80
35	1.20	85	1.85
40	1.30	90	1.90
45	1.35	95	1.95
50	1.40	100	2.00

(2) If the loan to value is at least fifty percent (50%) and not more than seventy five percent (75%), the minimum amount of the policyholders position shall be fifty percent (50%) of the minimum of the amount calculated under subdivision (c)(1) of this section.

(3) If the loan to value is less than fifty percent (50%), the minimum amount of policyholders position shall be twenty five percent (25%) of the amount calculated under subdivision (c)(1) of this section.

(d) If a policy of mortgage guaranty insurance provides coverage on a group of loans subject to an aggregate loss limit, the policyholders position shall be:

(1) If the equity is not more than fifty percent (50%) and is at least twenty percent (20%), or equity plus prior insurance or a deductible is at least twenty five percent (25%) and not more than fifty five percent (55%), the minimum amount of policyholders position shall be calculated as follows:

Percent Coverage	Policyholders Position Per \$100 of the Face Amount of the Mortgage	Percent Coverage	Policyholders Position Per \$100 of the Face Amount of the Mortgage
1	\$0.30	50	\$0.825
5	0.50	60	0.85
10	0.60	70	0.875
15	0.65	75	0.90
20	0.70	80	0.925
25	0.75	90	0.95
30	0.775	100	1.00

1 40 0.80

2
3 (2) If the equity is less than twenty percent (20%), or the equity plus prior
4 insurance or a deductible is less than twenty five percent (25%), the
5 minimum amount of policyholders position shall be two hundred
6 percent (200%) of the amount required by subdivision (d)(1) of this
7 section.

8 (3) If the equity is more than fifty percent (50%) or the equity plus prior
9 insurance or a deductible is more than fifty five percent (55%), the
10 minimum amount of policyholders position shall be fifty percent
11 (50%) of the amount required by subdivision (d)(1) of this section.

12 (e) If a policy of mortgage guaranty insurance provides for layers of coverage,
13 deductibles, or excess reinsurance, the minimum amount of policyholders position shall
14 be computed by subtraction of the minimum position for the lower percentage coverage
15 limit from the minimum position for the upper or greater coverage limit.

16 (f) If a policy of mortgage guaranty insurance provides for coverage on loans
17 secured by junior liens, the policyholders position shall be:

18 (1) If the policy provides coverage on individual loans, the minimum
19 amount of policyholders position shall be calculated as in subsection
20 (c) of this section as follows:

21 a. The loan to value percent is the entire loan indebtedness on the
22 property divided by the value of the property;

23 b. The percent coverage is the insured portion of the junior loan
24 divided by the entire loan indebtedness on the collateral
25 property; and

26 c. The face amount of the insured mortgage is the entire loan
27 indebtedness on the property.

28 (2) If the policy provides coverage on a group of loans subject to an
29 aggregate loss limit, the policyholders position shall be calculated
30 according to subsection (d) of this section as follows:

31 a. The equity is the complement of the loan to value percent
32 calculated as in subdivision (d)(1) of this section;

33 b. The percent coverage is calculated as in subdivision (d)(1) of
34 this section; and

35 c. The face amount of the insured mortgage is the entire loan
36 indebtedness on the property.

37 (g) If a policy of mortgage guaranty insurance provides for coverage on leases,
38 the policyholders position shall be four dollars (\$4.00) for each one hundred dollars
39 (\$100.00) of the insured amount of the lease.

40 (h) If a policy of mortgage guaranty insurance insures loans with a percentage
41 loss settlement option coverage between any of the entries in the schedules in this
42 section, then the factor for policyholders position per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of
43 the face amount of the mortgage shall be prorated between the factors for the nearest
44 percent coverage listed."

1 **SECTION 6.** G.S. 58-10-135 reads as rewritten:

2 "**§ 58-10-135. Contingency reserve. reserve for mortgage guaranty insurers.**

3 (a) Subject to G.S. 58-7-21, a mortgage guaranty insurer shall make an annual
4 contribution to the contingency reserve which in the aggregate shall be ~~the greater of:~~

5 (1) ~~Fifty— fifty~~ percent (50%) of the net earned mortgage guaranty
6 premium reported in the annual ~~statement; or~~ statement.

7 (2) ~~The sum of:~~

8 a. ~~The policyholders position established under G.S. 58-10-125 on~~
9 ~~residential buildings designed for occupancy by not more than~~
10 ~~four families divided by seven;~~

11 b. ~~The policyholders position established under G.S. 58-10-125 on~~
12 ~~residential buildings designed for occupancy by five or more~~
13 ~~families divided by five;~~

14 c. ~~The policyholders position established under G.S. 58-10-125 on~~
15 ~~buildings occupied for industrial or commercial purposes~~
16 ~~divided by three; and~~

17 d. ~~The policyholders position established under G.S. 58-10-125~~
18 ~~for leases divided by 10.~~

19 (b) ~~If the mortgage guaranty coverage is not expressly provided for in this~~
20 ~~section, the Commissioner may establish a rate formula factor that will produce a~~
21 ~~contingency reserve adequate for the risk assumed.~~

22 (c) The contingency reserve established by this section shall be maintained for
23 120 months and reported in the financial statements as a liability. That portion of the
24 contingency reserve established and maintained for more than 120 months shall be
25 released and shall no longer constitute part of the contingency reserve.

26 (d) With the approval of the Commissioner, withdrawals may be made from the
27 contingency reserve when incurred losses and incurred loss expenses exceed ~~the greater~~
28 ~~of either thirty-five percent (35%) of the net earned premium or seventy percent (70%)~~
29 ~~of the amount which subsection (a) of this section requires to be contributed to the~~
30 ~~contingency reserve in such year. premium.~~ On a quarterly basis, provisional
31 withdrawals may be made from the contingency reserve in an amount not to exceed
32 seventy-five percent (75%) of the withdrawal calculated in accordance with this
33 subsection.

34 (e) With the approval of the Commissioner, a mortgage guaranty insurer may
35 withdraw from the contingency reserve any amounts which are in excess of the
36 minimum policyholders position as filed with the most recently filed annual statement.
37 In reviewing a request for withdrawal pursuant to this subsection, the Commissioner
38 may consider loss development and trends. If any portion of the contingency reserve for
39 which withdrawal is requested pursuant to this subsection is maintained by a reinsurer,
40 the Commissioner may also consider the financial condition of the reinsurer. If any
41 portion of the contingency reserve for which withdrawal is requested pursuant to this
42 subsection is maintained in a segregated account or segregated trust and such
43 withdrawal would result in funds being removed from the segregated account or

1 segregated trust, the Commissioner may also consider the financial condition of the
2 reinsurer.

3 (f) Releases and withdrawals from the contingency reserve shall be accounted
4 for on a first-in-first-out basis as prescribed by the Commissioner.

5 (g) The calculations to develop the contingency reserve shall be made in the
6 following sequence:

7 (1) The additions required by ~~subsections (a) and (b)~~ subsection (a) of this
8 section;

9 (2) The releases permitted by subsection (c) of this section;

10 (3) The withdrawals permitted by subsection (d) of this section; and

11 (4) The withdrawals permitted by subsection (e) of this section.

12 (h) Whenever the laws or regulations of another jurisdiction in which a mortgage
13 guaranty insurer, subject to the requirements of this Part is licensed, require a larger
14 unearned premium reserve or a larger contingency reserve in the aggregate than that set
15 forth in this Part, the establishment and maintenance of the larger unearned premium
16 reserve or contingency reserve shall be deemed to be in compliance with this Part."

17 **SECTION 7.** Part 5 of Article 10 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is
18 amended by adding a new section to read:

19 **"§ 58-10-145. Mono-line requirement for mortgage guaranty insurers.**

20 A mortgage guaranty insurance company that transacts any kind of insurance other
21 than mortgage guaranty insurance is not eligible to transact business in this State.
22 Provided, however, that a mortgage guaranty insurance company may, until December
23 31, 2012, assume reinsurance for "credit insurance," as defined in G.S. 58-7-15(17)."

24 **SECTION 8.** G.S. 58-7-200(e) reads as rewritten:

25 "(e) Nothing in this section prohibits:

26 (1) A director or officer of any insurer from receiving the usual salary,
27 compensation, or emoluments for services rendered in the ordinary
28 course of that person's duties as a director or officer, if the salary,
29 compensation, or emolument is authorized by vote of the board of
30 directors of the insurer;

31 (2) Any insurer in connection with the relocation of the place of
32 employment of an officer, including any relocation in connection with
33 the initial employment of the officer, from (i) making, or the officer
34 from accepting therefrom, a mortgage loan to the officer on real
35 property owned by the officer that is to serve as the officer's residence
36 or (ii) acquiring, or the officer from selling thereto, at not more than its
37 fair market value, the officer's prior residence;

38 (3) The payment to a director or officer of any such insurer who is a
39 licensed attorney-at-law of fees in connection with loans made by the
40 insurer if and when the fees are paid by the borrower and do not
41 constitute a charge against the insurer; ~~or~~

42 (4) An insurer from making a loan upon a policy held therein by the
43 borrower not in excess of the policy's net ~~value.~~ value; or

1 (5) Subject to G.S. 58-19-30 and G.S. 58-7-163, an insurer from
2 advancing funds to directors, officers, or controlling stockholders, for
3 expenses reasonably expected to be incurred in the ordinary course of
4 the insurer's business, as authorized or approved by the insurer's board
5 of directors or by individuals authorized by the board and charged with
6 the supervision or making of the advances."

7 **SECTION 9.** G.S. 58-30-10 reads as rewritten:

8 "**§ 58-30-10. Definitions.**

9 ~~As used in this Article, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:~~ For the
10 purposes of this Article only:

11 ...

12 (14) "Insurer" means any entity that is or should be licensed under Articles
13 7, 16, 26, 47, 49, 64, 65, or 67 of this Chapter or under Article 5 of
14 ~~Chapter 97 of the General Statutes. For the purposes of this Article,~~
15 ~~"insurer" also includes continuing care retirement communities that are~~
16 ~~or should be licensed under Article 64 of this Chapter.~~

17 "

18 **SECTION 10.** G.S. 58-2-240(c) reads as rewritten:

19 "(c) For purposes of subdivisions (b)(1) and (b)(1a) of this section only, the term
20 "insurer" has the same meaning as in G.S. 58-30-10(14) and includes a:

- 21 (1) Reciprocal that is or should be licensed under Article 15 of this
22 Chapter.
23 (2) Local government risk pool that chooses to operate under Article 23 of
24 this Chapter.
25 (3) Fraternal benefit society that is or should be licensed under Article 24
26 of this Chapter.
27 (4) ~~Professional employer organization that is or should be licensed under~~
28 ~~Article 89A of this Chapter.~~ Self-insurer that is or should be licensed
29 under Article 5 of Chapter 97 of the General Statutes."

30 **SECTION 11.** G.S. 58-47-65(a) reads as rewritten:

31 "(a) No group shall self-insure its workers' compensation liabilities under the Act
32 unless it is licensed by the Commissioner under this Part. ~~This subsection does not~~
33 ~~apply to a group.~~ Any self-insured group that was organized and approved under the
34 North Carolina law before July 1, 1995, and whose authority to self-insure its workers'
35 compensation liabilities under the Act has not terminated after that ~~date.~~ date, shall not
36 be required to be reapproved to be licensed under this Article."

37 **SECTION 12.** G.S. 58-89A-5(16) reads as rewritten:

38 "(16) "Professional employer services" means an arrangement by which
39 employees of a licensee are assigned to work at a client company and
40 in which employment responsibilities are in fact shared by the licensee
41 and the client company in accordance with G.S. 58-89A-100, the
42 employee's assignment is intended to be of a long-term or continuing
43 nature, rather than temporary or seasonal in ~~nature, and a majority of~~
44 ~~the workforce at a client company work site or a majority of the~~

1 ~~personnel of a specialized group within that workforce consists of~~
2 ~~assigned employees of the licensee. nature.~~ "Professional employer
3 services" does not include services that provide temporary employees
4 or independent contractors, a personnel placement service, managed
5 services, payroll services that do not involve employee staffing or
6 leasing, the sharing of employees by commonly owned companies
7 within the meaning of section 414(b) and (c) of the Internal Revenue
8 Code of 1986, as amended, or similar groups that do not meet the
9 requirements of this subdivision."

10 **SECTION 13.** G.S. 58-89A-30 reads as rewritten:

11 **"§ 58-89A-30. Other provisions of this chapter.**

12 G.S. 58-2-45, 58-2-50, 58-2-55, 58-2-60, 58-2-65, 58-2-69, 58-2-70, 58-2-75,
13 58-2-100, 58-2-155, 58-2-163, 58-2-180, 58-2-185, 58-2-200, 58-2-240, and 58-3-100
14 shall apply to all persons licensed under this Article and all persons subject to licensure
15 requirements under this Article."

16 **SECTION 14.** G.S. 58-89A-75 reads as rewritten:

17 **"§ 58-89A-75. De minimis registration.**

18 (a) A person who seeks to offer limited professional employer services in this
19 State shall be eligible for de minimis registration status upon compliance with this
20 section and may operate as a de minimis registrant in this State upon notification
21 pursuant to this section. A person shall satisfy the requirements for a de minimis
22 registration only if the professional employer organization:

- 23 (1) Does not maintain a physical professional employer organization
24 office located in this State;
- 25 (2) Does not employ salespersons who reside or direct their sales activities
26 in this State;
- 27 (3) Does not employ directly or in common control with another person,
28 as defined in G.S. 58-89A-5(12), more than 50 assigned employees in
29 this State;
- 30 (4) Does not advertise through any media outlet physically located in this
31 State;
- 32 (5) Is a licensed or registered professional employer organization in at
33 least one other state of the United States; and
- 34 (6) Is operated by and under the control of persons of good moral
35 character.

36 A professional employer organization operating under a de minimis registration shall be
37 subject to all of the responsibilities and authority of a licensee under this Article except
38 for G.S. 58-89A-50, 58-89A-60 and 58-89A-70(c), (d), and (e).

39 (b) A person seeking de minimis registration status shall notify the
40 Commissioner, on a form prescribed by the Commissioner, attesting that the
41 professional employer organization meets all of the eligibility requirements for de
42 minimis registration status under this section and additionally provide, at a minimum,
43 the following information:

- 1 (1) The name of the professional employer organization, the address of its
2 principal office, the name of the contact person, and the taxpayer or
3 employer identification number;
- 4 (2) A list by jurisdiction of each name under which the registrant has
5 operated in the preceding five years, including any alternative names,
6 names of predecessors, and, if known, successor business entities;
- 7 (3) A list of all officers, directors, and controlling person(s) of the
8 registrant and their biographical information in a form to be
9 determined by the Commissioner; and
- 10 (4) The location of the business records of the person.

11 (c) If the Commissioner finds that the person seeking de minimis registration has
12 not fully met the requirements for de minimis registration, the person shall not be
13 eligible for de minimis registration status, and the Commissioner shall notify the person
14 in writing. Within 30 days after service of the notification, the person may make a
15 written demand upon the Commissioner for a review to determine the reasonableness of
16 the Commissioner's action. The review shall be completed without undue delay, and the
17 person shall be notified promptly in writing as to the outcome of the review. Within 30
18 days after service of the notification as to the outcome, the person may make a written
19 demand upon the Commissioner for a hearing under Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the
20 General Statutes if the person disagrees with the outcome.

21 (d) If the Commissioner determines that the notification of eligibility for de
22 minimis registration is incomplete, the Commissioner shall notify the person of the
23 deficiency, and the registrant shall be allowed time, not to exceed ~~15~~ 30 days from the
24 date of the notice, to correct the deficiency. Failure of the person to correct the
25 deficiency within the ~~15-day~~ 30-day time period shall result in the de minimis being
26 deemed denied. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person notified of a
27 deficiency under this section may continue to operate while the deficiency is being
28 corrected unless the Commissioner determines that the person is ineligible for de
29 minimis registration status or is otherwise not authorized to operate in this State.

30 (e) After a de minimis registrant's initial notification, a de minimis registrant
31 shall annually notify the Commissioner of its continuing eligibility for de minimis
32 registration status no earlier than January 1 and no later than January 15 of each year.
33 The annual notification shall include the attestation of eligibility for de minimis
34 registration and any change in the information previously provided to the Commissioner
35 under this section.

36 (f) A person operating under a de minimis registration to engage in professional
37 employer services in North Carolina that ceases to satisfy any of the requirements for de
38 minimis registration under this section shall apply for a professional employer
39 organization license. The de minimis registrant may continue to operate in North
40 Carolina pending approval of the registrant's application for a license provided the
41 application is filed with the Commissioner no later than 30 days after the professional
42 employer organization becomes ineligible for de minimis registration. If the application
43 for licensure is denied or is not filed as prescribed in this section, the de minimis
44 registrant must cease engaging in professional employer services in North Carolina."

1 **SECTION 15.** Article 10 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended
2 by adding a new Part to read:

3 "Part 6. Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinions.

4 **"§ 58-10-150. Statement of actuarial opinion.**

5 Every property and casualty insurance company doing business in this State, unless
6 otherwise exempted by the Commissioner, shall annually submit the opinion of an
7 appointed actuary entitled, "statement of actuarial opinion." This opinion shall be filed
8 in accordance with the appropriate NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement
9 Instructions.

10 **"§ 58-10-155. Actuarial opinion summary.**

11 (a) Every property and casualty insurance company domiciled in this State that is
12 required to submit a statement of actuarial opinion shall annually submit an actuarial
13 opinion summary, written by the company's appointed actuary. This actuarial opinion
14 summary shall be filed in accordance with the appropriate NAIC Property and Casualty
15 Annual Statement Instructions and shall be considered as a document supporting the
16 statement of actuarial opinion required in G.S. 58-10-150.

17 (b) A company licensed but not domiciled in this State, and a company writing
18 business in this State although not specifically licensed to do so or otherwise authorized,
19 shall provide the actuarial opinion summary upon request.

20 **"§ 58-10-160. Actuarial report and work papers.**

21 (a) An actuarial report and underlying work papers as required by the appropriate
22 NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions shall be prepared to support
23 each statement of actuarial opinion and actuarial opinion summary.

24 (b) If an insurance company fails to provide a supporting actuarial report or work
25 papers at the request of the Commissioner or if the Commissioner determines that the
26 supporting actuarial report or work papers provided by an insurance company are
27 unsatisfactory to the Commissioner, the Commissioner may engage an independent,
28 qualified actuary at the expense of the company to (i) review the opinion and the basis
29 for the opinion and (ii) prepare an actuarial report or work papers.

30 **"§ 58-10-165. Monetary penalties for failure to provide documents.**

31 A company that fails to provide a statement of actuarial opinion, actuarial opinion
32 summary, actuarial report, or work papers within the time frame provided in the
33 Commissioner's written request, is subject to the monetary penalties set forth in
34 G.S. 58-2-70.

35 **"§ 58-10-170. Qualified immunity of appointed actuary.**

36 The appointed actuary shall not be liable for damages to any person other than the
37 insurance company or the Commissioner for any act, error, omission, decision, or
38 conduct with respect to the appointed actuary's opinion, except in cases of fraud or
39 willful misconduct by the appointed actuary.

40 **"§ 58-10-175. Confidentiality.**

41 (a) The statement of actuarial opinion shall be treated as a public record.

42 (b) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control of the
43 Department that are considered an actuarial opinion summary, actuarial report, or work
44 papers provided in support of the opinion, and any other material provided by the

1 company to the Commissioner in connection with the actuarial opinion summary,
2 actuarial report, or work papers shall be confidential by law and privileged, in accord
3 with G.S. 58-2-240, shall not be subject to G.S. 58-2-100, shall not be subject to
4 subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible as evidence in any private
5 civil action.

6 (c) Subsection (b) of this section shall not be construed to limit the
7 Commissioner's authority to release documents to the Actuarial Board for Counseling
8 and Discipline if the documents are required for the purpose of professional disciplinary
9 proceedings and if the Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline establishes
10 procedures satisfactory to the Commissioner for preserving the confidentiality of the
11 documents. In addition, this section shall not be construed to limit the Commissioner's
12 authority to use any documents, materials, or other information in furtherance of any
13 regulatory or legal action brought as part of the Commissioner's official duties.

14 (d) Neither the Commissioner nor any person who received documents,
15 materials, or other information while acting under the authority of the Commissioner
16 shall be permitted or required to testify in any private civil action concerning any
17 confidential documents, materials, or information subject to subsection (b) of this
18 section.

19 (e) In order to assist in the performance of the Commissioner's duties, the
20 Commissioner:

21 (1) May share documents, materials, or other information, including the
22 confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information
23 subject to subsection (b) of this section with other state, federal, and
24 international regulatory agencies, with the NAIC and its affiliates and
25 subsidiaries, and with state, federal, and international law enforcement
26 authorities, provided that the recipient agrees to maintain the
27 confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or other
28 information and has the legal authority to maintain confidentiality.

29 (2) May receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise
30 confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information, from
31 the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and from regulatory and
32 law enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions,
33 and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document,
34 material, or information received with notice or the understanding that
35 it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is
36 the source of the document, material, or information.

37 (3) May enter into agreements governing the sharing and use of
38 information consistent with this section.

39 (f) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the
40 documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the
41 Commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subsection (e)
42 of this section."

43 **SECTION 16.** G.S. 58-67-100 reads as rewritten:

44 **"§ 58-67-100. Examinations.**

1 (a) The Commissioner may make an examination of the affairs of any health
2 maintenance organization and the contracts, agreements or other arrangements pursuant
3 to its health care plan as often as the Commissioner deems it necessary for the
4 protection of the interests of the people of this State but not less frequently than once
5 every ~~three~~ five years. Examinations shall otherwise be conducted under G.S. 58-2-131
6 through G.S. 58-2-134.

7 (b) Repealed by Session Laws 1997-519, s. 1.

8 (c) Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 360, s. 2(m).

9 (d) Instead of conducting an examination, the Commissioner may accept the
10 report of an examination made by the HMO regulator of another state."

11 **SECTION 17.** G.S. 58-58-50(b) reads as rewritten:

12 "~~(b) The Commissioner shall annually value, or cause to be valued, the reserve~~
13 ~~liabilities (hereinafter called reserves) for all outstanding life insurance policies and~~
14 ~~annuity and pure endowment contracts of every life insurance company doing business~~
15 ~~in this State, except that in the case of an alien company, such valuation shall be limited~~
16 ~~to its United States business, and may certify the amount of such reserves, specifying~~
17 ~~the mortality table or tables, rate or rates of interest and methods (net level premium~~
18 ~~method or other) used in the calculation of such reserves. Group methods and~~
19 ~~approximate averages for fractions of a year or otherwise may be used in calculating~~
20 ~~such reserves and the valuation made by the company may be accepted by the~~
21 ~~Commissioner upon such evidence of its correctness as the Commissioner may require.~~
22 ~~In lieu of the valuation of the reserves herein required of any foreign or alien company,~~
23 ~~he may accept any valuation made, or caused to be made, by the insurance supervisory~~
24 ~~official of any state or other jurisdiction when such valuation complies with the~~
25 ~~minimum standard herein provided and if the official of such state or jurisdiction~~
26 ~~accepts as sufficient and valid for all legal purposes the certificate of valuation of the~~
27 ~~Commissioner when such certificate states the valuation to have been made in a~~
28 ~~specified manner according to which the aggregate reserves would be at least as large as~~
29 ~~if they had been computed in the manner prescribed by the law of that state or~~
30 ~~jurisdiction. Each year the Commissioner shall value or cause to be valued the reserve~~
31 ~~liabilities ("reserves") for all outstanding life insurance policies, annuity contracts, and~~
32 ~~pure endowment contracts of every life insurance company doing business in this State.~~
33 In the case of an alien company, the valuation shall be limited to its United States
34 business. The Commissioner may certify the amount of each company's reserves,
35 specifying the mortality or morbidity tables, withdrawal rates, and other assumptions
36 regarding when, and the degree to which, policyholders exercise contract options, such
37 as full or partial withdrawal, rate or rates of interest, and methods, such as net level
38 premium method or other, used in the Commissioner's calculation of the company's
39 reserves. Group methods and approximate averages for fractions of a year or otherwise
40 may be used by the Commissioner in calculating the company's reserves, and the
41 Commissioner may accept the valuation made by the company upon evidence of its
42 correctness that the Commissioner requires. For foreign or alien insurance companies,
43 the Commissioner may accept any valuation made or caused to be made by the
44 insurance regulator of any state or other jurisdiction if (i) that valuation complies with

1 the minimum standard provided in this section and (ii) that regulator accepts as legally
2 sufficient and valid the Commissioner's certificate of valuation when that certificate
3 states that the valuation has been made in a specified manner according to which the
4 aggregate reserves would be at least as great as if they had been computed in the manner
5 prescribed by the law of that state or jurisdiction."

6 **SECTION 18.** G.S. 58-58-50(l) reads as rewritten:

7 "(1) The Commissioner may adopt rules for life insurers for the following matters:

8 (1) Reserves for contracts issued by insurers.

9 (2) Optional smoker-nonsmoker mortality tables permitted for use in
10 determining minimum reserve liabilities and nonforfeiture benefits.

11 (3) Optional blended gender mortality tables permitted for use in
12 determining nonforfeiture benefits for individual life policies.

13 (4) Optional tables acceptable for use in determining reserves and
14 minimum cash surrender values and amounts of paid-up nonforfeiture
15 benefits.

16 (5) Assumptions for policyholder withdrawal rates for use in determining
17 minimum reserve liabilities.

18 In adopting these rules, the Commissioner may consider model laws and regulations
19 promulgated and amended from time to time by the NAIC."

20 **SECTION 19.** Sections 1 through 7 of this act become effective July 1,
21 2007. Section 15 of this act becomes effective October 1, 2007. The remainder of this
22 act is effective when it becomes law.