# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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### HOUSE BILL 2463 Committee Substitute Favorable 6/11/08 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/18/08

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1	<del>(2a)(4)</del>	Affiliate. – Any company that controls, is controlled by, or is under
2	、 / <u> </u>	common control with another company, as set forth in the Bank
3		Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. § 1841), et seq., as
4		amended from time to time. For purposes of this subdivision, the term
5		control means ownership of all of the voting stock or comparable
6		voting interest of the controlled person.
7	<del>(2b)(5)</del>	Affiliated mortgage banker. – A licensed mortgage banker that meets
8	(20) <u>(3)</u>	the criteria of either sub-subdivisions a., b., and c. of this subdivision
9		or sub-subdivisions d. and e. of this subdivision:
10		a. The licensee, by itself or with its affiliates, is licensed in five or
11		more states to engage in the mortgage lending business and (i)
12		is supervised by a state or federal regulatory agency whose
12		
		regulatory scheme has been determined by the Commissioner to
14		be substantially similar to that of North Carolina, (ii) is
15		organized and supervised under the laws of a state that has
16		adopted a model licensing law endorsed by the Commissioner;
17		or (iii) is supervised by a state or federal agency that is a party
18		to an interstate compact, or has otherwise entered into a
19		cooperative reciprocal agreement by which the state or federal
20		regulatory agency and the State of North Carolina, directly or
21		by duly authorized act of the Commissioner, have mutually
22		agreed to recognize state licensing laws which have specific
23		enumerated criteria.
24		b. The licensee, including its affiliates and wholly owned
25		subsidiaries, has more than 100 employees that are licensed
26		pursuant to this Article.
27		c. The licensee has a consolidated net worth of one hundred
28		million dollars (\$100,000,000) or more, or if the licensee does
29		not have the required net worth, its parent shall provide to the
30		Commissioner (i) evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner
31		that the parent has a net worth of one hundred million dollars
32		(\$100,000,000) or more, and (ii) an unconditional guarantee or
33		comparable instrument of surety satisfactory to the
34		Commissioner of the performance of the licensee of its
35		obligations under this Article.
36		d. The licensee is a direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of a
37		bank holding company or financial services holding company
38		subject to regulation by the Federal Reserve Board or the Office
39		of Thrift Supervision.
40		e. The licensee has a net worth of one hundred million dollars
40		(\$100,000,000) or, if the licensee does not have the required net
42		worth, (i) its parent, if it is not a bank holding company or
43		financial holding company, meets the requirements of
43 44		
44		sub-subdivision c. of this subdivision or (ii) its parent, if such

1		parent is a bank holding company or financial holding
2		company, has total assets in excess of ten billion dollars
3		(\$10,000,000,000) and provides the Commissioner with the
4		unconditional guarantee or comparable instrument of surety
5		required by sub-subdivision c. of this subdivision.
6	<del>(3)</del> (6)	Branch manager. – The individual whose principal office is physically
7		located in, who is in charge of, and who is responsible for the business
8		operations of a branch office of a mortgage broker or mortgage banker.
9	<del>(4)</del> (7)	Branch office. – An office of the licensee acting as a mortgage broker
10		or mortgage banker that is separate and distinct from the licensee's
11		principal office. A branch office shall not be located at an individual's
12		home or residence.
13	<del>(5)</del> (8)	Commissioner. – The North Carolina Commissioner of Banks and the
14	(-)	Commissioner's designees. For purposes of compliance with this
15		Article by credit unions, Commissioner means the Administrator of the
16		Credit Union Division of the Department of Commerce.
17	<del>(6)</del> (9)	Control. – Except as provided in subdivision (2a) of this section,
18	(0)(2)	"control" means the power to vote more than twenty percent (20%) of
19		outstanding voting shares or other interests of a corporation,
20		partnership, limited liability company, association, or trust. The power,
20		directly or indirectly, to direct the management or policies of a
22		company, whether through ownership of securities, by contract, or
23		otherwise. Any person that (i) is a director, general partner, or
23		executive officer; (ii) directly or indirectly has the right to vote ten
25		percent (10%) or more of a class of a voting security or has the power
26		to sell or direct the sale of ten percent (10%) or more of a class of
20		voting securities; (iii) in the case of a Limited Liability Company, is a
28		managing member; or (iv) in the case of a partnership, has the right to
29		receive upon dissolution, or has contributed, ten percent (10%) or
30		more of the capital, is presumed to control the company.
31	<del>(7)</del> (10)	Employee. – An individual, who has an employment relationship,
32	(/)(10)	acknowledged by both the individual and the mortgage broker or
33		mortgage banker or mortgage servicer and is treated as an <u>a common</u>
34		law employee for purposes of compliance with the federal income tax
35		laws.laws and whose income is reported on IRS Form W-2.
36	$(7_{2})(11)$	Exclusive mortgage broker. – An individual who acts as a mortgage
30 37	<del>(7a)<u>(11)</u></del>	broker exclusively for a single mortgage banker or single exempt
38		
39		
40	(8)(12)	G.S. 53-243.05(c)(1a). Exempt person The term includes any of the following:
40 41	<del>(8)<u>(12)</u></del>	Exempt person. – The term includes any of the following:
41 42		a. Any agency of the federal government or any state or municipal government granting <u>or servicing</u> mortgage loans under specific
42 43		
40		authority of the laws of any state or the United States.

1 b		Any employee of a licensee whose responsibilities are limited
2 3		to clerical and administrative tasks for his or her employer and
		who does not solicit borrowers, accept applications, or negotiate
4		the terms of loans on behalf of the employer.
5 c		Any person authorized to engage in business as a bank or a
6		wholly owned subsidiary of a bank, a farm credit system,
7		savings institution, or a wholly owned subsidiary of a savings
8		institution, or credit union or a wholly owned subsidiary of a
9		credit union, under the laws of the United States, this State, or
10		any other state. Except for G.S. 53-243.11 and G.S. 53-243.15,
11		this Article does not apply to the exempt persons set forth in
12		this sub-subdivision (8)c_sub-subdivision.
13 d		Any licensed real estate agent or broker who is performing
14		those activities subject to the regulation of the North Carolina
15		Real Estate Commission. Notwithstanding the above, an exempt
16		person does not include a real estate agent or broker who
17		receives compensation of any kind in connection with the
18		referral, placement, or origination of a mortgage loan.
19 e		Any officer or employee of an exempt person described in
20	•	sub-subdivision c. of this subdivision when acting in the scope
21		of employment for the exempt person.
21 22 f		Any person who, <u>acting as seller, seller and lender and servicer</u>
23		in a residential real estate transaction, receives and services in
24		one calendar year no more than five <u>purchase money notes</u>
25		•
		secured by mortgages, deeds of trust, or other security
26		instruments on <u>the</u> real estate <u>sold</u> as security for <u>a the</u> purchase
27		money obligation.
28 g		The North Carolina Housing Finance Agency as established by
29		Article 122A of the General Statutes and the North Carolina
30		Agricultural Finance Authority as established by Article 122D
31		of the General Statutes.
32 h		Any nonprofit corporation qualifying under section 501(c)(3) of
33		the Internal Revenue Code which makes or services mortgage
34		loans to promote home ownership or home improvements for
35		the disadvantaged, provided that such corporation is not
36		primarily in the business of soliciting or brokering or servicing
37		mortgage loans.
38 i	•	Any life insurance companies licensed to do business in North
39		Carolina with regard to provisions concerning mortgage
40		lenders.
41 <u>j</u>	<u>.</u>	A North Carolina licensed attorney who, in the practice of law
42		or in performing as a trustee, accepts payments related to a loan
43		closing, default, foreclosure, loss mitigation, or litigation or
44		settlement of a dispute or legal claim related to a loan.

1		k. A mortgage banker licensed under this Article and any
2		employee of a mortgage banker licensed under this Article are
3		exempt from the requirement to obtain a separate license as a
4		mortgage servicer, provided, however, that all provisions of this
5		Article applicable to mortgage servicers are applicable to any
6		mortgage banker or any employee of a mortgage banker acting
7		as a mortgage servicer, including filing a claim of exemption
8		under G.S. 53-243.15.
9	<del>(9)</del> (13)	Licensee A loan officer, limited loan officer, mortgage broker, or
10	· / <u>· · · ·</u>	mortgage banker mortgage banker, or mortgage servicer who is
11		licensed pursuant to this Article.
12	<del>(10)(14)</del>	Loan officer. – An individual who, in exchange for compensation as an
13	( ) <u></u>	employee of another person, accepts or offers to accept applications
14		for mortgage loans.loans, or who solicits or offers to solicit a mortgage
15		loan, negotiates the terms or conditions of a mortgage loan, issues
16		mortgage loan commitments or interest rate guarantee agreements to
17		borrowers, whether such acts are done through contact by telephone,
18		by electronic means, by mail, or in person with the borrowers or
19		potential borrowers. The definition of loan officer shall not include any
20		exempt person described in sub-subdivision (8)b.(12)b. of this section.
21	(10a)(15)	Limited loan officer. – An individual who, in exchange for
22	(100) <u>(10)</u>	compensation as an employee of an affiliated mortgage banker,
23		directly solicits, negotiates, offers, or makes commitments for
24		mortgage loans. The definition of limited loan officer shall not include
25		any exempt person described in sub-subdivision $(8)b.(12)b.$ of this
26		section.
27	<del>(11)</del> (16)	Make a mortgage loan. – To close a mortgage loan, to advance funds,
28	(11) <u>(10)</u>	to offer to advance funds, or to make a commitment to advance funds
29		to a borrower under a mortgage loan.
30	(12)	Managing principal. A person who meets the requirements of
31	(12)	G.S. 53-243.05(c) and who agrees to be primarily responsible for the
32		operations of a licensed mortgage broker or mortgage banker.
33	<del>(13)(17)</del>	Mortgage banker. – A person who acts as a mortgage lender as that
34	(13)(17)	term is defined in subdivision (2) of this section. However, the
35		definition does not include a person who acts as a mortgage lender
36		only in tablefunding transactions.
30 37	<del>(14)</del> (18)	Mortgage broker. – A person who acts as a mortgage broker as that
38	(14)(10)	
38 39		term is defined in subdivision (1) of this section. The term "mortgage broker" includes an avaluative mortgage broker, except when expressly
		broker" includes an exclusive mortgage broker, except when expressly
40	(15)(10)	provided otherwise.
41	<del>(15)<u>(19)</u></del>	Mortgage loan. – A loan made to a natural person or persons primarily for personal family or boughted use primarily secured by either a
42		for personal, family, or household use, primarily secured by either a
43		mortgage or a deed of trust on residential real property located in
44		North Carolina.

1	(20)	Mortgage servicer. – A person who directly or indirectly acts as a
2	(20)	mortgage servicer as that term is defined in subdivision (3) of this
$\frac{2}{3}$		section or who otherwise meets the definition of 'servicer' in RESPA,
4		12 U.S.C. § 2605(i), with respect to mortgage loans.
5	(15a)(21)	Parent. – The person that controls an affiliated mortgage
6	(13a)(21)	banker, banker, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer, as control is
7		defined in subdivision $\frac{(2a)(4)}{(2a)}$ of this section.
8	<del>(16)</del> (22)	Person. – An individual, partnership, limited liability company, limited
9	(10)(22)	partnership, corporation, association, or other group engaged in joint
10		business activities, however organized.
11	<del>(17)(23)</del>	Qualified lender. – A person who is engaged as a mortgage lender in
12	(17)(23)	North Carolina and is either a supervised or a nonsupervised
12		institution, as these terms are defined in 24 C.F.R. § 202.2, approved
13		by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
14	<del>(18)</del> (24)	Qualified person. – A person who is employed as a loan officer by a
16	<del>(10)<u>(24)</u></del>	qualified lender, or by a mortgage banker or broker registered with the
17		Commissioner under former Article 19 of this Chapter, or who is a
17		general partner, manager, or officer of a qualified lender, registered
18 19		mortgage banker, or registered mortgage broker.
20	(25)	
20 21	(23)	Qualified servicer. – A person who is engaged in the business of acting as a mortgage servicer in North Carolina and who has been approved
21		by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
22		
23 24		to service FHA loans or has been approved as a servicer by either the Federal National Mortgage Association or by the Federal Home Loan
24 25		Mortgage Corporation.
23 26	(26)	Qualifying individual. – A person who meets the requirements of
20 27	<u>(20)</u>	G.S. 53-243.05(c) and who agrees to be primarily responsible for the
28		operations of a licensed mortgage broker or mortgage banker or
20 29		mortgage servicer.
30	(10)(27)	Residential real property. – Real property located in the State of North
31	(1))(27)	Carolina upon which there is located or is to be located one or more
32		single-family dwellings or dwelling units.
33	<u>(28)</u>	RESPA. – The Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, 12 U.S.C. §
34	(20)	2601, et seq., as it may be hereafter amended.
35	$\frac{(20)}{(29)}$	Tablefunding. – A transaction where a licensee closes a loan in its own
36	(20) <u>(2))</u>	name with funds provided by others, and the loan is assigned
37		simultaneously to the mortgage lender providing the funding within
38		one business day of the funding of the loan."
39	SECT	<b>TION 2.</b> G.S. 53-243.02 reads as rewritten:
40		icense required; licensee records.
41		than an exempt person, it is unlawful for any person in this State to act
42		wroker or <u>broker</u> , mortgage banker, <u>or mortgage servicer</u> , or directly or
43		ugage in the business of a mortgage broker or abroker mortgage

indirectly to engage in the business of a mortgage broker or abroker, mortgage
 banker, banker, or mortgage servicer, without first obtaining a license from the

Commissioner under the provisions of this Article. This Article shall apply to any 1 2 person who seeks to avoid its application by any direct or indirect device, subterfuge, 3 artifice, or pretense whatsoever. 4 . . . 5 (e) No person, other than an exempt person, shall hold himself or herself out as a 6 mortgage banker, an affiliated mortgage banker, a mortgage broker, a mortgage 7 servicer, a limited loan officer, or a loan officer unless such person is licensed in 8 accordance with this Article. 9 (f) Any person who has completed and filed with the Commissioner the 10 application and all documents required for licensure as a loan officer other than 11 documents relating to the required examination and the mortgage lending fundamentals 12 course may act as a loan officer during the period before action is taken on the 13 application by the Commissioner, if: 14 (1)The Commissioner has not denied, revoked, or taken any adverse 15 action with respect to an application filed by or license held by such 16 person during the five-year period ending on the date of filing of the 17 application; 18 (2)The loan officer is employed by a licensed mortgage broker or 19 mortgage banker, and the managing principalqualifying individual of 20 such mortgage broker or mortgage banker (i) certifies to the 21 Commissioner in writing that the managing principalqualifying 22 individual reasonably believes that the application of the person for 23 licensure as a loan officer meets or exceeds all of the relevant 24 requirements of this Article for licensure and (ii) undertakes in writing 25 that the managing principal qualifying individual and the employer will 26 be responsible for the acts of the applicant during the period that such 27 application is pending; and 28 The person is currently or has within the six-month period prior to the (3) 29 date of the application been employed as and acting as a loan officer 30 for an exempt entity which entity is exempt by virtue of an exemption 31 claimed under G.S. <del>53-243.01(8)c.</del>53-243.01(12)c. 32 The Commissioner may deny or suspend the rights of a mortgage broker or (g) 33 mortgage banker to employ a loan officer acting under subsection (f) of this section if 34 the Commissioner finds that the mortgage broker or mortgage banker, or the managing 35 principalqualifying individual thereof, makes the certification or undertaking set forth in 36 subdivision (2) of subsection (f) of this section not in good faith." 37 SECTION 3. G.S. 53-243.05 reads as rewritten: 38 "§ 53-243.05. Oualifications for licensure; issuance. 39 Any person, other than an exempt person, desiring to obtain a license (a) 40 pursuant to this Article shall make written application for licensure to the Commissioner 41 on forms prescribed by the Commissioner. In accordance with rules adopted by the 42 Commission, the application shall contain any information the Commissioner deems 43 necessary regarding the following:

	(1)	
1	(1)	The applicant's name and address (including street address, mailing
2		address, e-mail, and telephone contact information) and social security
3		number.number or taxpayer identification number.
4	(2)	The applicant's form and place of organization, if applicable.
5	(3)	The applicant's proposed method of and locations for doing business,
6		if applicable.
7	(4)	The qualifications and business history of the applicant and, if
8		applicable, the business history of any partner, officer, or director, any
9		person occupying a similar status or performing similar functions, or
10		any person directly or indirectly controlling the applicant, including:
11		(i) a description of any injunction or administrative order by any state
12		or federal authority to which the person is or has been subject; (ii) a
13		conviction conviction, within the past 10 years, of a misdemeanor
14		involving fraudulent dealings or moral turpitude or relating to any
15		aspect of the residential mortgage lending businessany fraud, false
16		statement or omission, any theft or wrongful taking of property,
17		bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or conspiracy to
18		commit any of these offenses; or involving any financial service or
19		financial service-related business; (iii) any felony convictions.
20	(5)	With respect to an application for licensing as a mortgage banker or
21	(-)	broker, banker, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer, the applicant's
22		financial condition, credit history, and business history; and with
23		respect to the application for licensing as a loan officer, the applicant's
24		credit history and business history.
25	(6)	The applicant's consent to a federal and State criminal history record
26	(0)	check and a set of the applicant's fingerprints in a form acceptable to
27		the Commissioner. In the case of an applicant that is a corporation,
28		partnership, limited liability company, association, or trust, each
29		individual who has control of the applicant or who is the managing
30		principalqualifying individual or a branch manager shall consent to a
31		federal and State criminal history record check and submit a set of that
32		individual's fingerprints pursuant to this subdivision. Refusal to
33		consent to a criminal history record check constitutes grounds for the
34		Commissioner to deny licensure to the applicant as well as to any
35		entity (i) by whom or by which the applicant is employed, (ii) over
36		which the applicant has control, or (iii) as to which the applicant is the
37		current or proposed managing principalqualifying individual or a
38		current or proposed branch manager.
39	(b) In ac	Idition to the requirements imposed by the Commissioner under
40		of this section, each individual applicant for licensure as a loan officer
40 41	shall:	in and section, each marviaual applicant for neclisare as a roan officer
42	(1)	Be at least 18 years of age.
43	(1) $(2)$	Have satisfactorily completed, within the three years immediately
43 44	(2)	preceding the date application is made, a mortgage lending
		proceeding the date application is made, a mortgage lending

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		fundamentals course approved by the Commissioner. The course shall consist of at least eight hours of classroom instruction in subjects related to mortgage lending approved by the Commissioner. In addition, the applicant shall have satisfactorily completed a written examination approved by the Commissioner or possess residential mortgage lending education or experience in residential mortgage lending transactions that the Commissioner deems equivalent to the course.
9		dition to the requirements under subsection (a) of this section, each
10		ensure as a mortgage broker or mortgage banker <u>or mortgage servicer</u> at
11		plication and at all times thereafter shall comply with the following
12	requirements:	
13	(1)	Except as provided for in subdivision (1a) of this subsection, if the
14		applicant is a sole proprietor, the applicant shall have at least three
15		years of experience in residential mortgage lending or other experience
16 17		or competency requirements as the Commissioner may impose.
18		Experience as an exclusive mortgage broker or as a limited loan officer shall not constitute mortgage-lending experience under this
19		subdivision.
20	(1a)	If an individual applicant to be licensed as a mortgage broker meets all
21	(10)	other requirements for licensure under this section but does not meet
22		the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the individual
23		applicant may be licensed as an exclusive mortgage broker upon
24		compliance with all of the following:
25		a. Successfully complete both a residential mortgage-lending
26		course approved by the Commissioner of not less than 40 hours
27		of classroom instruction, and a written examination approved
28		by the Commissioner.
29		b. Act exclusively as a mortgage broker for a single mortgage
30		banker licensee or single exempt mortgage banker for whom the
31		broker shall be deemed an agent, who shall be responsible for
32		supervising the broker as required by this Article, who shall
33		sign the license application of the applicant, and who shall be
34		jointly and severally liable with the broker for any claims
35		arising out of the broker's mortgage lending activities.
36 37		c. Shall be compensated for the broker's mortgage brokering
38		activities on a basis that is not dependent upon the loan amount, interest rate, fees, or other terms of the loans brokered.
38 39		d. Shall not handle borrower or other third-party funds in
40		connection with the brokering or closing of mortgage loans.
40 41	(2)	If the applicant is a general or limited partnership, at least one of its
42	(2)	general partners shall have the experience as described under
43		subdivision (1) of this subsection.

1 (3) If the applicant is a corporation, at least one of its principal officers 2 shall have the experience as described under subdivision (1) of this 3 subsection. 4 (4)If the applicant is a limited liability company, at least one of its 5 managers shall have the experience as described under subdivision (1) 6 of this subsection. 7 Each applicant shall identify one person meeting the requirements of (d) 8 subsection (c) of this section to serve as the applicant's managing principal qualifying 9 individual.

10 (e) Every applicant for initial licensure shall pay a filing fee not to exceed one 11 thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) for licensure as a mortgage broker orbroker, 12 mortgage banker banker, or mortgage servicer or sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents 13 (\$67.50) for licensure as a loan officer or limited loan officer, in addition to the actual 14 cost of obtaining credit reports and State and national criminal history record checks.

15 A mortgage banker or mortgage servicer shall post a surety bond in the (f)amount of one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), and a mortgage broker shall 16 17 post a surety bond in the amount of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). The surety bond 18 shall be in a form satisfactory to the Commissioner and shall run to the State for the 19 benefit of any claimants against the licensee to secure the faithful performance of the 20 obligations of the licensee under this Article. The aggregate liability of the surety shall 21 not exceed the principal sum of the bond. A party having a claim against the licensee 22 may bring suit directly on the surety bond, or the Commissioner may bring suit on 23 behalf of any claimants, either in one action or in successive actions. Consumer claims 24 shall be given priority in recovering from the bond. Any appropriate deposit of cash or 25 securities shall be accepted in lieu of any bond that is required. An audited financial 26 statement from a qualified lender or qualified servicer showing a net worth of two 27 hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more shall be accepted in lieu of any bond 28 required.

(g) Any general partner, manager of a limited liability company, or officer of a
corporation who individually meets the requirements under subsection (b) of this
section shall, upon payment of the applicable fee, meet the qualifications for licensure
as a loan officer subject to the provisions of subsection (i) of this section.

(h) Each principal office and each branch office of a mortgage broker or
mortgage banker licensed under the provisions of this Article shall be issued a separate
license. A licensed mortgage broker or mortgage banker shall file with the
Commissioner an application on a form prescribed by the Commissioner that identifies
the address of the principal office and each branch office and branch manager. A filing
fee not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) shall be assessed by the
Commissioner for each branch office issued a license.

(i) If the Commissioner determines that an applicant meets the qualifications for
licensure and finds that the financial responsibility, character, and general fitness of the
applicant are such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant
belief that the business will be operated honestly and fairly, the Commissioner shall
issue a license to the applicant. In addition, for an applicant qualifying as an exclusive

1 mortgage broker, the Commissioner shall determine if the mortgage broker/mortgage 2 banker relationship is in the public interest." 3 SECTION 4. G.S. 53-243.06 reads as rewritten: 4 "§ 53-243.06. License renewal; termination. 5 All licenses issued by the Commissioner under the provisions of this Article (a) 6 shall expire annually on the 30th day of June31st day of December following issuance 7 or on any other date that the Commissioner may determine. The license shall become 8 invalid after that date unless renewed. A license may be renewed 45 days prior to the 9 expiration date on or after November 1 by compliance with subsection (b1) of this 10 section and by paying to the Commissioner, in addition to the actual cost of obtaining 11 credit reports and State and national criminal history record checks and of processing 12 fees of the nationwide system as the Commissioner may require, a renewal fee as 13 follows: 14 (1) Licensed mortgage bankers and licensed mortgage servicers shall pay 15 an annual fee not to exceed six hundred twenty-five dollars (\$625.00) 16 and one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) for each branch office. 17 (2)Licensed mortgage brokers shall pay an annual fee not to exceed six 18 hundred twenty-five dollars (\$625.00) and one hundred twenty-five 19 dollars (\$125.00) for each branch office. Licensed exclusive mortgage brokers shall pay an annual fee not to exceed six hundred twenty-five 20 21 dollars (\$625.00). Licensed loan officers shall pay an annual fee not to exceed 22 (3) 23 sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$67.50). 24 If a mortgage banker banker, mortgage servicer, or mortgage broker license is (b) 25 not renewed prior to the applicable expiration date, then an additional two hundred fifty 26 dollars (\$250.00) in addition to the renewal fee under subsection (a) of this section shall 27 be assessed as a late fee to any renewal. If a loan officer or limited loan officer license is 28 not renewed prior to the applicable expiration date, then an additional fifty-one hundred 29 dollars (\$50.00\$100.00) in addition to the renewal fee under subsection (a) of this 30 section shall be assessed as a late fee to any renewal. In the event a licensee fails to 31 obtain a reinstatement of the license within 90 days after the date the license expires, 32 prior to March 1, the Commissioner may require the licensee to comply with the 33 requirements for the initial issuance of a license under the provisions of this Article. 34 When required by the Commissioner, each individual described in (b1) 35 G.S. 53-245.05(a)(6) shall furnish to the Commissioner his or her consent to a criminal history record check and a set of his or her fingerprints in a form acceptable to the 36 37 Commissioner. Refusal to consent to a criminal history record check may constitute 38 grounds for the Commissioner to deny renewal of the license of the person as well as 39 the license of any other person by which he or she is employed, over which he or she 40 has control, or as to which he or she is the current or proposed managing

41 principalqualifying individual or a current or proposed branch manager.

42 (c) Licenses issued under this Article are not assignable. Control of a licensee
 43 shall not be acquired through a stock purchase or other device without the prior written
 44 consent of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall not give written consent if the

1 Commissioner finds that any of the grounds for denial, revocation, or suspension of a 2 license pursuant to G.S. 53-243.12 are applicable to the acquiring person."

2 3

SECTION 5. G.S. 53-243.08 reads as rewritten:

4 "§ **53-243.08**. Managing principals<u>Qualifying individuals</u> and branch managers.

5 Each mortgage broker or mortgage banker or mortgage servicer licensed under this 6 Article shall have a managing principal qualifying individual who operates the business 7 under that person's full charge, control, and supervision. Mortgage bankers and 8 mortgage brokers, other than exclusive mortgage brokers, may operate branch offices 9 subject to the requirements of this Article. Each principal and branch office of a 10 mortgage broker or mortgage banker licensed under this Article, shall have a branch 11 manager who meets the experience requirements under G.S. 53-243.05(c)(1); provided, 12 that an affiliated mortgage banker may designate a branch manager who does not meet 13 the experience requirements so long as at or before the designation, it certifies that the 14 person has been employed by the affiliated mortgage banker for at least one year as a 15 loan officer, limited loan officer, or in a comparable position in another state. The managing principal qualifying individual for a licensee's business may also serve as the 16 17 branch manager of one of the licensee's branch offices. Each mortgage broker or 18 mortgage banker licensed under this Article shall file a form as prescribed by the 19 Commissioner indicating the business's designation of managing principal qualifying 20 individual and branch manager for each branch and each individual's acceptance of the 21 responsibility. Each mortgage broker or mortgage banker licensed under this Article 22 shall notify the Commissioner of any change in its managing principal qualifying 23 individual or branch manager designated for each branch. Each mortgage servicer 24 licensed under this Article shall file a form prescribed by the Commissioner indicating 25 the business's designation of its qualifying individual and shall notify the Commissioner 26 of any change in its qualifying individual. Any licensee who does not comply with this 27 provision shall have the licensee's license suspended pursuant to G.S. 53-243.12 until 28 the licensee complies with this section. Any individual licensee who operates as a sole 29 proprietorship shall be considered a managing principal qualifying individual for the 30 purposes of this Article."

31

**SECTION 6.** G.S. 53-243.09 reads as rewritten:

### 32 "§ 53-243.09. Offices; address changes; display of license.

33 Each mortgage broker licensee shall maintain and transact business from a (a) 34 principal place of business in this State. A principal place of business in this State shall 35 consist of at least one enclosed room or building of stationary construction in which 36 negotiations of mortgage loan transactions of others may be conducted and carried on in 37 privacy and in which all of the books, records, and files pertaining to mortgage loan 38 transactions relating to borrowers in this State are maintained. However, the 39 Commissioner may, by rule, impose terms and conditions under which the records and 40 files may be maintained outside of this State. A principal place of business shall not be 41 located at an individual's home or residence.

42 (b) A mortgage banker or mortgage broker or mortgage servicer licensee shall
43 report any change of address of the principal place of business or any branch office
44 within 15 days after the change.

1	(c) Each n	nortgage broker or mortgage banker licensed under this Article shall
2	display in plain <u>p</u>	<u>public</u> view the certificate of licensure issued by the Commissioner in
3	its principal official	ce and in each branch office. Each loan officer licensed under this
4	Article shall disp	blay display, in plain public view, in each branch office in which the
5	officer acts as a lo	oan officer the certificate of licensure issued by the Commissioner."
6	SECTI	<b>ION 7.</b> G.S. 53-243.10 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 53-243.10. M	ortgage broker <del>duties<u>duties; mortgage servicer duties</u>.</del>
8	(a) A mort	tgage broker, including any mortgage broker licensee and any person
9	required to be lic	ensedacting as a mortgage broker under this Article, shall, in addition
10	to duties imposed	by other statutes or at common law, shall do all of the following:
11	(1)	Safeguard and account for any money handled for the borrower.
12	(2)	Follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the borrower.
13	(3)	Act with reasonable skill, care, and diligence.
14	(4)	Make reasonable efforts to secure a loan that is reasonably
15		advantageous to the borrower considering all the circumstances,
16		including the rates, charges, and repayment terms of the loan.
17	(5)	Timely and clearly disclose to the borrower material information as
18		specified by the Commission that may be expected to influence the
19		borrower's decision and is reasonably accessible to the mortgage
20		broker, including the total compensation the mortgage broker expects
21		to receive from any and all sources in connection with each loan
22		option presented to the borrower.
23	(6)	Notify before closing each lender of the particulars of each of the other
24		lender's loans if the mortgage broker knows that more than one
25		mortgage loan will be made by different lenders contemporaneously to
26		a borrower secured by the same real property.
27	(7)	Ensure that any services offered to any applicant shall be available and
28		offered to all similarly situated applicants on an equal basis.
29		In transactions where the broker has the ability to make credit
30		decisions, use reasonable means to provide the borrower with prompt
31		credit decisions on its loan applications and, where the credit is denied,
32		to comply fully with the notification requirements of applicable state
33		and federal law.
34		Ensure that its-advertising materials are designed to make customers
35		and potential customers aware that one the mortgage broker does not
36		discriminate on any prohibited basis.
37		tgage servicer licensed or acting under this Article, in addition to duties
38		statutes or at common law, shall do all of the following:
39		Safeguard and account for any money handled for the borrower.
40		Follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the borrower.
41		Act with reasonable skill, care, and diligence.
42		With its application and renewal and with its supplemental filings
43		made from time to time, file with the Commissioner a complete,

1		
1		current schedule of the ranges of costs and fees it charges borrowers
2		for its servicing-related activities.
3	<u>(5)</u>	File with the Commissioner upon request a report in a form and format
4		acceptable to the Commissioner detailing the servicer's activities in
5		this State, including:
6		a. <u>The number of mortgage loans the servicer is servicing.</u>
7		b. The type and characteristics of such loans in this State.
8		c. The number of serviced loans in default, along with a
9		breakdown of 30-, 60-, and 90-day delinquencies.
10		<u>d.</u> <u>Information on loss mitigation activities, including details on</u>
11		workout arrangements undertaken.
12		e. Information on foreclosures commenced in this State.
13	<u>(6)</u>	At the time a servicer accepts assignment of servicing rights for a
14		mortgage loan, the servicer shall disclose to the borrower all of the
15		following:
16		a. Any notice required by RESPA or by regulations promulgated
17		thereunder.
18		b. A schedule of the ranges and categories of its costs and fees for
19		its servicing-related activities, which shall comply with North
20		Carolina law and which shall not exceed those reported to the
21		Commissioner.
22		c. A notice in a form and content acceptable to the Commissioner
23		that the servicer is licensed by the Commissioner and that
24		complaints about the servicer may be submitted to the
25		Commissioner.
26		d. Any notice required by Article 2A, Article 4, or Article 10 of
27		Chapter 45 of the General Statutes.
28	<u>(7)</u>	In the event of a delinquency or other act of default on the part of the
29		borrower, the servicer shall act in good faith to inform the borrower of
30		the facts concerning the loan and the nature and extent of the
31		delinquency or default, and, if the borrower replies, to negotiate with
32		the borrower, subject to the servicer's duties and obligations under the
33		mortgage servicing contract, if any, to attempt a resolution or workout
34		to the delinquency."
35	SECT	<b>FION 8.</b> G.S. 53-243.11 reads as rewritten:
36		Prohibited activities.
37	•	o the activities prohibited under other provisions of this Article, it shall
38		any person in the course of any mortgage loan transaction:
39	(1)	To misrepresent or conceal the material facts or make false promises
40	(1)	likely to influence, persuade, or induce an applicant for a mortgage
40		loan or a mortgagor to take a mortgage loan, or to pursue a course of
42		misrepresentation through agents or otherwise.
42 43	( <b>2</b> )	To refuse improperly to issue a satisfaction of a mortgage.
43	(2)	to refuse improperty to issue a satisfaction of a moligage.

1	(3)	To fail to account for or to deliver to any person any funds, documents,
2 3		or other thing of value obtained in connection with a mortgage loan,
		including money provided by a borrower for a real estate appraisal or a
4		credit report, which the mortgage banker, <u>servicer</u> , broker, or loan
5	$(\mathbf{A})$	officer is not entitled to retain under the circumstances.
6	(4)	To pay, receive, or collect in whole or in part any commission, fee, or
7		other compensation for brokering a mortgage loan in violation of this
8		Article, including a mortgage loan brokered by any unlicensed person
9	( )	other than an exempt person.
10	(5)	To charge or collect any fee or rate of interest or to make or broker or
11		service any mortgage loan with terms or conditions or in a manner
12		contrary to the provisions of Chapter 24 Chapter 24, Chapter 45, or
13		<u>Chapter 54</u> of the General Statutes.
14	(6)	To advertise mortgage loans, including rates, margins, discounts,
15		points, fees, commissions, or other material information, including
16		material limitations on the loans, unless the person is able to make the
17		mortgage loans available to a reasonable number of qualified
18		applicants.
19	(7)	To fail to disburse funds in accordance with a written commitment or
20		agreement to make a mortgage loan.
21	(8)	To engage in any transaction, practice, or course of business that is not
22		in good faith or fair dealing or that constitutes a fraud upon any
23		person, in connection with the brokering or making or servicing of, or
24		purchase or sale of, any mortgage loan.
25	(9)	To fail promptly to pay when due reasonable fees to a licensed
26		appraiser for appraisal services that are:
27		a. Requested from the appraiser in writing by the mortgage broker
28		or mortgage banker or an employee of the mortgage broker or
29		mortgage banker; and
30		b. Performed by the appraiser in connection with the origination or
31		closing of a mortgage loan for a customer or the mortgage
32		broker or mortgage banker.
33	(10)	To broker a mortgage loan that contains a prepayment penalty if the
34	()	principal amount of the loan is one hundred fifty thousand dollars
35		(\$150,000) or less or if the loan is a rate spread home loan as defined
36		in G.S. 24-1.1F.
37	(11)	To improperly influence or attempt to improperly influence the
38	(11)	development, reporting, result, or review of a real estate appraisal
39		sought in connection with a mortgage loan. Nothing in this subdivision
40		shall be construed to prohibit a mortgage broker or mortgage banker
41		broker, mortgage banker, or mortgage servicer from asking the
42		appraiser to do one or more of the following:
43		a. Consider additional appropriate property information.
J		a. Consider additional appropriate property information.

1       b. Provide further detail, substantiation, or explanation for the appraiser's value conclusion.         2       appraiser's value conclusion.         3       c. Correct errors in the appraisal report.         4       (12) To fail to comply with the mortgage loan servicing transfer, escrow account administration, or borrower inquiry response requirements imposed by sections 6 and 10 of the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (RESPA), 12 U.S.C. § 2605 and § 2609, and regulations adopted thereunder by the Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development.         10       (13) To broker a rate spread adjustable rate mortgage loan without disclosing to the borrower the terms and costs associated with a fixed rate loan from the same lender at the lowest annual percentage rate for which the borrower qualifies.         14       (14) To fail to comply with applicable federal laws and regulations related to mortgage lending. lending, or mortgage servicing.         16       (15) To engage in unfair, misleading, or deceptive advertising related to a solicitation for a mortgage loan.         18       (16) For a mortgage servicer to fail to comply with the mortgage servicer's obligations under Article 10 of Chapter 45 of the North Carolina General Statutes.         21       (17) For a person acting as a mortgage servicer to place such insurance when the person acting as a mortgage servicer to place such insurance when the person acting as a mortgage servicer to place hazard, homeowner's, or flood insurance on a mortgage servicer to fail to provide written notice to a borrower upon taking action to place hazard, homeowner's, or flood insurance on a mortgage servicer to place hazard, homeown
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34 <u>borrower has obtained coverage such that the forced placement is no</u>
25 longer passage and the manager is insured. If the however, it
35 <u>longer necessary and the property is insured. If the borrower provides</u>
36 reasonable proof within 12 months of the placement that no lapse in
37 <u>coverage occurred such that the forced placement was not necessary</u> ,
38 <u>the servicer shall refund the entire premium.</u>
39 (20) For a person acting as a mortgage servicer to refuse to reinstate a
40 <u>delinquent loan upon a tender of payment made timely under the</u>
40delinquent loan upon a tender of payment made timely under the contract which is sufficient in amount, based upon the last written
40 <u>delinquent loan upon a tender of payment made timely under the</u>

1		nond	lelinquent status, but this reinstatement shall be available to a
2			ower no more than twice in any 24-month period.
3	<u>(21)</u>		a person acting as a mortgage servicer to fail to mail, at least 30
4	(21)		before foreclosure is initiated, a notice addressed to the borrower
5		•	e borrower's last known address with the following information:
6			An itemization of all past due amounts causing the loan to be in
7		<u>a.</u>	default.
8		<u>b.</u>	An itemization of any other charges that must be paid in order
9		<u>U.</u>	to bring the loan current.
10		C	A statement that the borrower may have options available other
11		<u>c.</u>	than foreclosure, and that the borrower may discuss such
12			options with the mortgage lender, the servicer, or a counselor
13			approved by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban
14			Development.
15		<u>d.</u>	The address, telephone number, and other contact information
16			for the mortgage lender, the servicer, or the agent for either of
17			them who is authorized to attempt to work with the borrower to
18			avoid foreclosure.
19		<u>e.</u>	The name, address, telephone number, and other contact
20			information for three or more HUD-approved counseling
21			agencies operating to assist borrowers in North Carolina to
22			avoid foreclosure.
23		<u>f.</u>	The address, telephone number, and other contact information
24			for the consumer complaint section of the Office of the
25			Commissioner of Banks.
26	<u>(22)</u>		ail to make all payments from any escrow account held for the
27		borre	ower for insurance, taxes, and other charges with respect to the
28			erty in a timely manner so as to ensure that no late penalties are
29		-	ssed or other negative consequences result regardless of whether
30			loan is delinquent unless there are not sufficient funds in the
31			unt to cover the payments, and the servicer has a reasonable basis
32			lieve that recovery of the funds will not be possible."
33			<b>9.</b> G.S. 53-243.12 reads as rewritten:
34		_	linary authority.
35			issioner may, by order, deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or
36			icensee or applicant under this Article or may restrict or limit the
37		-	nortgage loans of any licensee or any person who owns an interest
38	· ·	es in t	he business of a licensee, if the Commissioner finds both of the
39 40	following:	<b>T</b> 1 ·	the endering in the multiplicity of
40	(1)		the order is in the public interest.
41	(2)		any of the following circumstances apply to the applicant,
42			see, or any partner, member, manager, officer, director, loan
43 44			er, limited loan officer, managing principal, qualifying individual,
44		or a	ny person occupying a similar status or performing similar

1	functi	ons or any person directly or indirectly controlling the applicant
2	or lice	ensee. The person:
3	a.	Has filed an application for license that, as of its effective date
4		or as of any date after filing, contained any statement that, in
5		light of the circumstances under which it was made, is false or
6		misleading with respect to any material fact.
7	b.	Has violated or failed to comply with any provision of this
8		Article, rule adopted by the Commissioner, or order of the
9		Commissioner.
10	c.	Has been convicted of any felony, or, within the past 10 years,
11		has been convicted of any misdemeanor involving mortgage
12		lending or any aspect of the mortgage lending business, or any
13		offense involving breach of trust, moral turpitude, or fraudulent
14		or dishonest dealing. or financial services or a financial
15		services-related business or any fraud, false statements or
16		omissions, theft or any wrongful taking of property, bribery,
17		perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to
18		commit any of these offenses.
19	d.	Is permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of
20	u.	competent jurisdiction from engaging in or continuing any
20		conduct or practice involving any aspect of the mortgage
22		lending business.
23	e.	Is the subject of an order of the Commissioner denying,
24	С.	
25		suspending, or revoking that person's license as a mortgage
26		broker or mortgage banker.broker, mortgage banker, or
27	f.	<u>mortgage servicer.</u> Is the subject of an order entered within the past five years by
28	1.	the authority of any state with jurisdiction over that state's
29		mortgage brokerage or mortgage bankingbrokerage, mortgage
30		banking, or mortgage-servicing industry denying or revoking
31		
32		that person's license as a mortgage broker or mortgage banking
33		industry or denying or revoking that person's license as a
		mortgage broker or mortgage banker.broker, mortgage servicer,
34 35	~	or mortgage banker.
	g.	Does not meet the qualifications or the financial responsibility, abaracter or general fitness requirements under $C = 52,242,05$
36		character, or general fitness requirements under G.S. 53-243.05
37	1.	or any bond or capital requirements under this Article.
38	h.	Has been the executive officer or controlling shareholder or
39		owned a controlling interest in any mortgage broker or
40		mortgage banker or mortgage servicer who has been subject to
41		an order or injunction described in sub-subdivision d., e., or f.
42		of this subdivision.
43	i.	Has failed to pay the proper filing or renewal fee under this
44		Article. However, the Commissioner may enter only a denial

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order under this sub-subdivision, and the Commissioner shall vacate the order when the deficiency has been corrected.

Has falsely certified attendance or completion of hours at an approved mortgage lending continuing education course.

5 The Commissioner may, by order, summarily postpone or suspend the license (b)6 of a licensee pending final determination of any proceeding under this section. Upon 7 entering the order, the Commissioner shall promptly notify the applicant or licensee that 8 the order has been entered and the reasons for the order. The Commissioner shall 9 calendar a hearing within 15 days after the Commissioner receives a written request for 10 a hearing. If a licensee does not request a hearing and the Commissioner does not 11 request a hearing, the order will remain in effect until it is modified or vacated by the 12 Commissioner. If a hearing is requested or ordered by the Commissioner, after notice of 13 and opportunity for hearing, the Commissioner may modify or vacate the order or 14 extend it until final determination.

15 (c) The Commissioner may, by order, impose a civil penalty upon a licensee or 16 any partner, officer, director, or other person occupying a similar status or performing 17 similar functions on behalf of a licensee for any violation of this Article. The civil 18 penalty shall not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation of this Article 19 by a mortgage broker or mortgage banker, broker, mortgage banker, or mortgage 20 servicer. The Commissioner may impose a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars 21 (\$10,000) for each violation of this Article by a person other than a licensee or exempt 22 person.

23 (d) In addition to other powers under this Article, upon finding that any action of 24 a person is in violation of this Article, the Commissioner may order the person to cease 25 from the prohibited action. If the person subject to the order fails to appeal the order of 26 the Commissioner in accordance with G.S. 53-243.03, or if the person appeals and the 27 appeal is denied or dismissed, and the person continues to engage in the prohibited 28 action in violation of the Commissioner's order, the person shall be subject to a civil 29 penalty of up to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each violation of the 30 Commissioner's order. The penalty provision of this section shall be in addition to and 31 not in lieu of any other provision of law applicable to a licensee for the licensee's failure 32 to comply with an order of the Commissioner.

(e) Unless otherwise provided, all actions and hearings under this Article shall be
 governed by Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.

(f) When a licensee is accused of any act, omission, or misconduct that would subject the licensee to disciplinary action, the licensee, with the consent and approval of the Commissioner, may surrender the license and all the rights and privileges pertaining to it for a period of time established by the Commissioner. A person who surrenders a license shall not be eligible for or submit any application for licensure under this Article.

(g) If the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that a licensee or other
person has violated the provisions of this Article or that facts exist that would be the
basis for an order against a licensee or other person, the Commissioner may at any time,
either personally or by a person duly designated by the Commissioner, investigate or

examine the loans and business of the licensee and examine the books, accounts, 1 2 records, and files of any licensee or other person relating to the complaint or matter 3 under investigation. The Commissioner may require any licensee or other person to 4 submit a consent to a criminal history record check and a set of that person's fingerprints 5 in a form acceptable to the Commissioner in connection with any examination or 6 investigation. Refusal to submit the requested criminal history record check or a set of 7 fingerprints shall be grounds for disciplinary action. The reasonable cost of this 8 investigation or examination shall be charged against the licensee.

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The Commissioner may issue subpoenas to require the attendance of and to (h) 10 examine under oath all persons whose testimony the Commissioner deems relative to 11 the person's business.

The Commissioner may from time to time, at the expense of the 12 (i) 13 Commissioner's office, licensee, conduct routine examinations of the books and records 14 of any licensee in order to determine the compliance with this Article and any rules 15 adopted pursuant to the authority of G.S. 53-243.04.

16 In addition to the rights described under this section, the Commissioner may (i) 17 require a licensee to pay to a borrower or other individual any amounts received by the 18 licensee or its employees in violation of Chapter 24 of the General Statutes. Statutes, or, 19 if a servicer, in excess of those allowed by law to servicers.

20 If the Commissioner finds that the managing principal, qualifying individual, (k) 21 branch manager, or loan officer of a licensee had knowledge of or reasonably should 22 have had knowledge of, or participated in, any activity that results in the entry of an 23 order under this section suspending or withdrawing the license of a licensee, the 24 Commissioner may prohibit the branch manager, managing principal, qualifying 25 individual, or loan officer from serving as a branch manager, managing 26 principal, qualifying individual, or loan officer for any period of time the Commissioner 27 deems necessary.

28 (1)In addition to the authority to require criminal history background checks as 29 set forth in G.S. 53-243.05 and G.S. 53-243.06, the Commissioner shall have the 30 authority to require a criminal history background check at any other time as a condition 31 of continued licensure. Upon the request of the Commissioner, a licensee shall furnish 32 to the Commissioner the licensee's consent to a criminal history record check and a set 33 of the licensee's fingerprints in a form acceptable to the Commissioner. Refusal to 34 consent to a criminal history record check under this subsection may constitute grounds 35 for the Commissioner to suspend or revoke the license of the licensee.

36 Subject to the provisions of G.S. 53-243.03, the Commissioner may, by order, (m) 37 prohibit licensees under this Article from engaging in acts and practices in connection 38 with mortgage loans that the Commissioner finds to be unfair, deceptive, designed to 39 evade the laws of this State, or that are not in the best interest of the borrowing public.

40 In the event the Commissioner shall have evidence that a material violation of (n) 41 law has occurred in the origination or servicing of a loan then being foreclosed or then 42 delinquent and in threat of foreclosure, and that the putative violation would be sufficient in law or equity to base a claim or affirmative defense which would affect the 43 validity or enforceability of the underlying contract or the right to foreclose, then the 44

Commissioner may notify the Clerk of Superior Court, and the Clerk shall suspend 1 2 foreclosure proceedings on the mortgage for 60 days from the date of the notice. In the 3 event that the Commissioner notifies the Clerk, the Commissioner shall also notify the 4 servicer, if known, and provide an opportunity to cure the violation or provide 5 information to the Commissioner to rebut the evidence of the suspected violation. If the 6 violation is cured or the information satisfies the Commissioner that no material 7 violation has occurred, the Commissioner shall notify the Clerk so that the foreclosure 8 proceeding may be resumed. 9 (0)The Commissioner shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements 10 of law concerning service of process upon mailing by certified mail any notice required 11 or permitted to a licensee under this Article, postage prepaid and addressed to the last 12 known address of the licensee on file with the Commissioner pursuant to 13 G.S. 53-243.13(d). 14 (p) The Commissioner is authorized to take action, including suspension of the 15 license, if the licensee fails to respond within 20 days, or within a lesser time if specifically requested for good cause, to inquiries from the Commissioner or the 16 17 Commissioner's designee regarding any complaints filed against the licensee which 18 allege or appear to involve violation of this Article or any law or rule affecting the 19 mortgage lending business. 20 The Commissioner is authorized to take action, including suspension of the (q) license, if the licensee fails to respond within 20 days, or within a lesser time if 21 22 specifically requested for good cause, to and cooperate fully with notices from the 23 Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee relating to the scheduling and 24 conducting of an examination or investigation under this Article." 25 SECTION 10. G.S. 53-243.13(e) reads as rewritten: 26 A licensee shall maintain in a segregated escrow fund or trust account any "(e) 27 funds which come into the licensee's possession, but which are not the licensee's 28 property and which the licensee is not entitled to retain under the circumstances. The 29 escrow fund or trust account shall be held on deposit in a federally insured financial 30 institution. Individual loan applicants' or borrowers' accounts may be aggregated into a 31 common trust fund so long as (i) interests in the common fund can be individually 32 tracked and accounted for, and (ii) the common fund is kept separate from and is not 33 commingled with the licensee's own funds." 34 SECTION 11. G.S. 53-243.14 reads as rewritten: 35 "§ 53-243.14. Criminal penalty. 36 A violation of G.S. 53-243.02 is a Class I felony. Each transaction involving the 37 unlawful making or brokering or servicing of a mortgage loan is a separate offense." 38 SECTION 12. G.S. 53-243.15 reads as rewritten: 39 "§ 53-243.15. Filing required for exempt persons; civil penalty. 40 All exempt persons described in G.S. 53-243.01(8)53-243.01(12) who are (a) 41 engaged in the mortgage brokerage or mortgage banking business on October 1, 2002, 42 or who are engaged in the mortgage-servicing business on October 1, 2008, shall be 43 required to file a form with the Commissioner on or before that date. All exempt 44 persons, who commence mortgage brokerage or mortgage banking business in this State

1 after October 1, 2002, or who commence mortgage servicing in this State after October 2 1, 2008, shall file the form with the Commissioner upon commencement of the 3 business. This form, prescribed by the Commissioner, shall contain all of the following 4 information: 5 The name of the respective exempt person. (1)6 (2)The basis of the exempt status of the exempt person. 7 (3) The principal business address of the exempt person. 8 (4) The State or federal regulatory authority responsible for the exempt 9 person's supervision, examination, or regulation, if any. 10 (b) In addition to any other measures the exempt person may be subject to under 11 this Article, failure by an exempt person to file the required form shall not affect the 12 exempt status of the person. However, the exempt person shall be subject to a civil 13 penalty set by the Commissioner that shall not exceed the sum of two hundred fifty 14 dollars (\$250.00) for each year the form is not filed. No person required to file under 15 this section may transact business in this State as a mortgage banker or mortgage broker or mortgage servicer unless the person has filed the prescribed form with the 16 Commissioner in accordance with this section." 17 18 SECTION 13. G.S. 53-243.16(b) reads as rewritten: 19 "(b) In addition, if a person described in subsection (a) of this section is a 20 corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association, or trust, the Department 21 of Justice may provide a criminal history record check to the Commissioner for any 22 person who has control of that person, or who is the managing principal qualifying 23 individual or a branch manager of that person." 24 SECTION 14. G.S. 53-243.17(c) reads as rewritten: 25 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Commissioner retains "(c) 26 full authority and discretion under this Article to license mortgage brokers, mortgage 27 bankers, mortgage servicers, loan officers, and limited loan officers and to enforce this 28 Article to its fullest extent. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to be a reduction or 29 derogation of that authority and discretion." 30 **SECTION 15.** G.S. 24-1.1E(a)(4a) reads as rewritten: 31 "(4a) 'Mortgage broker' is as defined in G.S. <del>53-243.01(14).</del>53-243.01." 32 **SECTION 16.** G.S. 24-1.1F(a)(4) reads as rewritten: 33 Mortgage broker "(4) broker. – A mortgage as defined in 34 G.S. <del>53-243.01(14).</del>53-243.01." 35 **SECTION 17.** G.S. 66-106(b) reads as rewritten: 36 Except for mortgage loans as defined in G.S. 53-243.01(15),53-243.01, this "(b) 37 Article shall not apply to any party approved as a mortgagee by the Secretary of 38 Housing and Urban Development, the Federal Housing Administration, the Veterans 39 Administration, a National Mortgage Association or any federal agency; nor to any 40 party currently designated and compensated by a North Carolina licensed insurance 41 company as its agent to service loans it makes in this State; nor to any insurance 42 company registered with and licensed by the North Carolina Insurance Commissioner; nor, with respect to residential mortgage loans, to any residential mortgage banker or 43 mortgage broker licensed pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes 44

1 2 3 4 5 6	or exempt from licensure pursuant to G.S. $53-243.01(8)53-243.01(12)$ and G.S. $53-243.02$ ; nor to any attorney-at-law, public accountant, or dealer registered under the North Carolina Securities Act, acting in the professional capacity for which such attorney-at-law, public accountant, or dealer is registered or licensed under the laws of the State of North Carolina. Provided further that subdivision (1)(ii) above shall not apply to any lender whose loans or advances to any person, firm or corporation in North
0 7	Carolina aggregate more than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in the preceding calendar
8	year."
9	<b>SECTION 18.</b> Chapter 45 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
10	new section to read:
11	" <u>§ 45-21.16B. Suspension of foreclosure proceedings.</u>
12	(a) The Clerk of Superior Court shall suspend foreclosure proceedings, including
13	any hearing or order for sale, for 60 days if notified by the Commissioner of Banks as
14	provided in G.S. 53-243.12(n). During the suspension period, all deadlines under this
15	Article are tolled.
16	(b) When a clerk enters a suspension order pursuant to subsection (a) of this
17	section prior to a hearing required under G.S. 45-21.16, upon completion of the 60-day
18	suspension period, the trustee or mortgagee may proceed with the hearing by providing
19	written notice to all parties of the new hearing date, not less than 10 days prior to the
20	hearing date.
21	(c) When a clerk enters a suspension order pursuant to subsection (a) of this
22	section, after entry of any authorization by the clerk pursuant to G.S. 45-21.16 and
23	before the expiration of the 10-day upset bid period, the trustee or mortgagee shall not
24	be required to comply with the provisions of G.S. 45-21.16, but shall advertise and hold
25	the sale in accordance with G.S. 45-21.16A, 45-21.17, and 45-21.17A."
26	SECTION 19. G.S. 45-91 reads as rewritten:
27	"§ 45-91. (Effective April 1, 2008) Assessment of fees; processing of payments;
28 29	publication of statements.
	A servicer must comply as to every home loan, regardless of whether the loan is
30 31	considered in default or the borrower is in bankruptcy or the borrower has been in
32	<ul><li>bankruptcy, with the following requirements:</li><li>(1) Any fee that is incurred by a servicer shall be both:</li></ul>
32 33	<ul><li>(1) Any fee that is incurred by a servicer shall be both:</li><li>a. Assessed within 45 days of the date on which the fee was</li></ul>
33 34	incurred. Provided, however, that attorney or trustee fees and
35	costs incurred as a result of a foreclosure action shall be
36	assessed within 45 days of the date they are charged by either
37	the attorney or trustee to the servicer.
38	b. Explained clearly and conspicuously in a statement mailed to
39	the borrower at the borrower's last known address at least 30
40	days after assessing the fee, provided the servicer shall not be
41	required to take any action in violation of the provisions of the
42	federal bankruptcy code.
43	(2) All amounts received by a servicer on a home loan at the address
44	where the borrower has been instructed to make payments shall be

1	accepted and credited, or treated as credited, within one business day
2	of the date received, provided that the borrower has made the full
3	contractual payment and has provided sufficient information to credit
4	the account. If a servicer uses the scheduled method of accounting, any
5	regularly scheduled payment made prior to the scheduled due date
6	shall be credited no later than the due date. Provided, however, that if
7	any payment is received and not credited, or treated as credited, the
8	borrower shall be notified within 10 business days by mail at the
9	borrower's last known address of the disposition of the payment, the
10	reason the payment was not credited, or treated as credited to the
11	account, and any actions necessary by the borrower to make the loan
12	current.
13	(3) Failure to charge the fee or provide the information within the
14	allowable time and in the manner required under subdivision (1) of
15	subsection (a) of this section constitutes a waiver of such fee.
16	(4) All fees charged by a servicer must be otherwise permitted under
17	applicable law and the contracts between the parties. Nothing herein is
18	intended to permit the application of payments or method of charging
19	interest which is less protective of the borrower than the contracts
20	between the parties and other applicable law.
21	(5) The obligations of mortgage servicers set forth in G.S. 53-243.11."
22	SECTION 20. G.S. 45-94 reads as rewritten:
23	"§ 45-94. (Effective April 1, 2008) Remedies.
24	In addition to any equitable remedies and any other remedies at law, any borrower
25	injured by any violation of this Article may bring an action for recovery of actual
26	damages, including reasonable attorneys' fees. The Commissioner of Banks, the
27	Attorney General, or any party to a home loan may enforce the provisions of this
28	section. The Clerk of Superior Court shall also suspend foreclosure proceedings for 60
29	days if notified by the Commissioner of Banks as provided in G.S. 53-243.12(n). With
30	the exception of an action by the Commissioner of Banks or the Attorney General, at
31	least 30 days before a borrower or a borrower's representative institutes a civil action for
32	damages against a servicer for a violation of this Article, the borrower or a borrower's
33	representative shall notify the servicer in writing of any claimed errors or disputes
34	regarding the borrower's home loan that forms the basis of the civil action. The notice
35	must be sent to the address as designated on any of the servicer's bills, statements,
36	invoices, or other written communication, and must enable the servicer to identify the
37	name and loan account of the borrower. For purposes of this section, notice shall not
38	include a complaint or summons. Nothing in this section shall limit the rights of a
39	borrower to enjoin a civil action, or make a counterclaim, cross-claim, or plead a
40	defense in a civil action. A servicer will not be in violation of this Article if the servicer
41	shows by a preponderance of evidence that:
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 $(\hat{1})$ The violation was not intentional or the result of bad faith; and

1 servicer under this section, the servicer corrected the error and 2 compensated the borrower for any fees or charges incurred by the 3 borrower as a result of the violation." 4 SECTION 21. Sections 12 and 21 of this act become effective when it 5 becomes law. Subsection (n) of G.S. 53-243.12, as amended by Section 9, Section 18, and Section 20 of this act, become effective January 1, 2009, and apply to foreclosure 6 7 proceedings filed on or after that date. The remainder of this act becomes effective 8 January 1, 2009, and applies to anyone engaged in the business of mortgage servicing 9 on or after that date.