GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

H HOUSE DRH80347-RU-10 (02/19)

Short Title: "	Subject To " Real Estate Transactions. (Public
Sponsors: F	Representatives Stam and Ross (Primary Sponsors).
Referred to:	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO R	REGULATE "SUBJECT TO" REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.
The General A	ssembly of North Carolina enacts:
SEC	CTION 1. Chapter 75 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
new Article to	read:
	" <u>Article 6.</u>
	"Regulation of "Subject To" Real Estate Transactions.
" <u>§ 75-120. De</u>	<u>finitions.</u>
As used in	this Article, the following terms mean:
<u>(1)</u>	Covered person. – Any person, whether acting as a principal, or as ar
	agent or employee of the principal, who advertises, initiates, or
	structures a purchase of covered property by means of a covered
	transaction where the covered property will not be used as that
	person's primary residence and where the person is not acting as a rea
	estate broker subject to the provisions of Article 1 of Chapter 93A of
(2)	the General Statutes.
<u>(2)</u>	Covered property. – Residential real property located in the State
	containing not more than two dwelling units, at least one of which is
	occupied as the owner's principal residence, and that is subject to a
(2)	mortgage or deed of trust containing a due on sale clause.
<u>(3)</u>	Covered transaction. – Any transaction, however denominated of
	structured, by which a buyer purchases or contracts to purchase
	covered property from an owner and in which the mortgage or deed or
	trust encumbering the covered property will not be extinguished at the
	time title to the covered property passes from the owner to the buyer o

any nominee of the buyer.

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- Due on sale clause. A contract provision that authorizes a lender, at 1 (4) 2 its option, to declare due and payable sums secured by the lender's 3 security instrument if all or any part of the property, or an interest therein, securing the loan is sold or transferred without the lender's prior consent.
 - (5) Person. – An individual, a corporation, limited liability company, business trust, estate, trust, joint venture, partnership, association, two or more persons having a joint or common interest, or any other legal or commercial entity with the capacity to hold title to real property.
 - (6) Purchase. – Any agreement to take title to or to acquire an interest in covered property, including an offer to purchase subject to an existing mortgage or deed of trust, an option to purchase, an offer to purchase pursuant to an installment land sale contract, a contract for deed, a land sales contract, a lease with option to purchase, or any similarly structured instrument.
 - Subject to. Taking either legal or equitable title to real property (7) without extinguishing, or making reasonable efforts to extinguish, an existing deed of trust or mortgage before assuming legal or equitable title.

"§ 75-121. Activate due on sale clause without notice.

It is an unfair and deceptive trade practice for a person to willfully induce, counsel, aid, or cause another person to take an action which has the effect of activating a due on sale clause in a mortgage or deed of trust encumbering covered property without first providing notice to the other person as required by G.S. 75-124.

"§ 75-122. Right to cancel.

- The seller of a covered property in a covered property transaction may cancel the transaction by notifying the covered person in writing at any time prior to midnight of the third day after the date of execution of the documents evidencing the covered transaction, in a manner consistent with 12 C.F.R. Part 226 (Regulation Z) of the federal Truth-In-Lending Act.
- Notice of cancellation need not take a particular form and is sufficient if it indicates by any form of written expression the intention of the seller not to be bound by the covered transaction.
- Notice of cancellation, if given by mail, is given when it is deposited in the United States mail properly addressed and postage prepaid.

"§ 75-123. Extinguishment of mortgage or deed of trust.

The extinguishment of a mortgage or deed of trust on a covered property may be accomplished in any of the following manners:

- Satisfaction in full of the outstanding indebtedness on the covered (1) property with evidence of satisfaction from the lender recorded in the county registry.
- (2) Release of the covered property by the lender as security of the outstanding indebtedness with evidence of the release from the lender recorded in the county registry.

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1 (3) Assumption of the outstanding indebtedness on the covered property 2 by another person with the consent of the lender and a release of 3 liability of the mortgagor by the lender with evidence of the lender's 4 consent to the assumption and release of the mortgagor's liability 5 furnished to the mortgagor.

"§ 75-124. Notice requirements.

Prior to the execution of a contract in which a covered person enters into a covered transaction, the covered person shall provide to the owner of the covered property the following statement in at least 12-point boldface type:

"Your current mortgage loan, deed of trust, or mortgage contains a due on sale clause which obligates you to inform your lender at any time you transfer your home. If you transfer your home, you must notify your lender of this proposed transaction, and your lender has the right to make you pay the entire amount of your loan due at the time of the transfer. Before signing this contract, you should check with your lender to see if the lender will consent in writing not to enforce the provisions of the due on sale clause.

You may cancel this contract at any time prior to midnight of the third day after the date of the contract. To cancel, you must notify the settlement agent who is writing no later than midnight of the third day after the date of the contract. Notice of cancellation, if given by mail, is given when it is deposited in the United States mail properly addressed and postage prepaid. Notice of cancellation need not take a particular form and is sufficient if it indicates by any form of written expression your intention not to be bound by the contract."

"§ 75-125. Deceptive advertising prohibited.

It is an unfair and deceptive trade practice for a person to advertise in any medium that the advertiser will "take over payments", "buy your house", or use other language which, to a reasonable person, would imply that the advertiser will pay an indebtedness in accordance with its terms, and then for the advertiser to enter into a real estate transaction for the purchase of covered property in which the advertiser fails to expressly agree to pay the indebtedness secured on the covered property or extinguish the mortgage or deed of trust in accordance with G.S. 75-123.

"§ 75-126. Exclusions.

This Article shall not apply to any of the following:

- Any covered transaction exempted from the preemption provisions of (1) the due on sale clause prohibitions pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1701j-3(d).
- <u>(2)</u> Any covered transaction between a relocating employee and an employer or its agent or contractor, or between the employer or its agent or contractor and a buyer of a relocating employee's home pursuant to an employer's relocation policy.

"§ 75-127. Violations.

A violation of this Article shall constitute a violation of G.S. 75-1.1.

"§§ 75-128 through 75-129: Reserved for future codification purposes."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 2007, and applies to contracts for covered transactions entered into on or after that date.

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