GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1860 Corrected Copy 5/16/06

Short Title:	Primary Stroke Centers. (Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Faison, Nye, Wright, England (Primary Sponsors); Alexander, Church, Glazier, Jones, Luebke, Underhill, and Weiss.
Referred to:	Health.
	May 10, 2006

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF PRIMARY STROKE
3	CENTERS; TO DISSEMINATE INFORMATION TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC
4	AND EMERGENCY CARE PROVIDERS ABOUT THE LOCATION OF
5	PRIMARY STROKE CENTERS; AND TO FACILITATE APPROPRIATE
6	EMERGENT STROKE CARE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE HOUSE SELECT
7	COMMITTEE ON HEALTH CARE.
8	Whereas, stroke is one of the leading causes of long-term disability; and
9	Whereas, as many as twenty-five percent of stroke survivors are permanently
10	disabled; and
11	Whereas, stroke is the third leading cause of death in North Carolina; and
12	Whereas, North Carolina is situated in the country's "Stroke Belt," with North
13	Carolina ranking fourth in the nation for stroke-related death; and
14	Whereas, 5,000 North Carolinians die of stroke each year; and
15	Whereas, nearly thirty percent of all people who have strokes are younger
16	than 65 years of age; and
17	Whereas, as the population of North Carolina ages, death and disability from
18	stroke will increase dramatically if this State does not implement strategies based on
19	sound research that will improve the outcomes of stroke victims across this State; and
20	Whereas, the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of Science has
21	recommended the establishment of coordinated systems of care as a means of improving
22	the level of medical treatment that patients receive; and
23	Whereas, in agreement with the Institute of Medicine report, national medical
24	experts from a wide range of disciplines have concluded that improving the organization
25	of stroke care through the development of statewide stroke care systems offers one
26	means of reducing the burden of stroke on a community basis; and
27	Whereas, there has not been an appreciable change in the organization of
28	stroke care in the State over recent years; Now, therefore,

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1	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
2	SECTION 1. Chapter 131E of the General Statutes is amended by adding
3	the following new Article to read:
4	" <u>Article 18.</u>
5	"North Carolina Stroke Systems Act.
6	"§ 131E-318. Scope and definitions.
7	(a) Nothing in this act limits or otherwise impairs the authority of a hospital
8	licensed in this State to provide services it is licensed or otherwise authorized to provide
9	under this Chapter or other applicable State or federal law.
10	(b) As used in this Article, the term:
11	(1) 'Primary stroke center' means a hospital in this State that is recognized
12	by a national medical accreditation association as a primary stroke
13	center and includes a hospital identified by the Department as a
14	primary stroke center.
15	(2) 'Emergency medical dispatcher' has the same meaning as in
16	<u>G.S. 131E-155.</u>
17	(3) 'Emergency medical services systems' means providers of emergency
18	medical services as described in G.S. 143-507.
19	(4) <u>'Peer review committee' means an emergency medical services peer</u>
20	review committee as defined in G.S. 131E-155.
21	" <u>§ 131E-319. Identification of primary stroke center hospitals.</u>
22	(a) The Department shall implement a system for identifying and disseminating
23	information about the location of hospitals in this State that are recognized as primary
24	stroke centers by a national medical accreditation association such as the Joint
25	Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations ('JCAHO'). In implementing
26	the identification system, the Department shall do the following:
27	(1) Develop a procedure for a hospital to apply for identification as a
28	primary stroke center. The Department may develop materials
29	designed to assist a hospital in qualifying for identification as a
30	primary stroke center.
31	(2) Identify a hospital as a primary stroke center if the hospital has applied
32	for identification, has current JCAHO Certificate of Distinction as a
33	primary stroke center, or its equivalent, and has otherwise complied
34	with this act and rules of the Department. The Department shall not
35	limit the number of hospitals that may be identified as primary stroke
36	<u>centers.</u>
37	(b) A hospital may use the term 'primary stroke center' in its published materials
38	only if the Department has identified the hospital as a primary stroke center in
39	accordance with this Article.
40	(c) The Department may publish a list of identified primary stroke centers on the
41	Department's Web site. A primary stroke center identified by the Department may
42	decline to be listed on the Department's Web site. If the Department publishes the list on
43	its Web site, then the Department shall also publish a list of all hospitals in the State that

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1	have an established stroke plan as provided in G.S. 131E-320, but that are not primary
2	stroke centers and notify all hospitals in the State:
3	(1) Of the qualifications necessary for a hospital to be identified as a
4	primary stroke center;
5	(2) Of the procedure for applying for identification as a primary stroke
6	center; and
7	(3) That the identified hospital has a right but is not required to be listed
8	on the Department's Web site as a primary stroke center.
9	(d) The Department shall send a list of primary stroke centers and their locations
10	to all emergency medical services providers.
11	(e) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, identification of a hospital as
12	a primary stroke center terminates on the date the hospital ceases to qualify for the
13	identification in accordance with rules adopted by the Department. A hospital identified
14	as a primary stroke center that ceases to qualify for identification may continue to use
15	the identification if the hospital:
16	(1) <u>Reasonably expects to qualify for the identification within six months</u>
17	after the date the hospital ceases to qualify for identification; and
18	(2) Notifies the Department and each emergency medical services
19	provider located in the region for which the hospital provides primary
20	stroke services of the temporary lapse in qualification and the expected
21	date of qualification as a primary stroke center.
22	(f) A hospital whose identification as a primary stroke center has terminated
23	shall notify the Department and each emergency medical services provider in the region
24	that the hospital serves that the hospital's qualification as a primary stroke center has
25	terminated. A hospital that loses identification as a primary stroke center may reapply
26	for identification.
27	"§ 131E-320. Hospitals not identified as primary stroke centers.
28	A hospital that is not identified as a primary stroke center shall develop a plan
29	indicating the hospital's procedures for providing emergent care for stroke patients. The
30	plan shall include the circumstances under which a stroke patient may be transferred to
31	a primary stroke center for emergent care and shall identify primary stroke centers
32	available to advise the hospital upon its request regarding stroke patient management.
33	"§ 131E-321. Prehospital medical services for stroke victims.
34	(a) Emergency medical services systems that utilize emergency medical
35	dispatchers shall use written diagnostic algorithms and protocols to facilitate the rapid
36	identification of possible stroke victims and the rapid dispatch of appropriate
37	prehospital providers.
38	(b) Emergency medical services systems shall adopt written policies and
39	procedures to facilitate the identification and transport of suspected stroke victims to an
40	appropriate health care facility. To the extent possible, development of the policies and
41	procedures should include input and assistance from a primary stroke center. The
42	policies and procedures shall provide for, at a minimum:
43	(1) Training of first responders on stroke recognition and treatment,
44	including emergency screening procedures, per certification cycle or

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1	per another period based upon recommendations by the peer review
2	<u>committee;</u>
3	(2) Protocols for rapid transport to a primary stroke center when rapid
4	transport to a primary stroke center is appropriate; and
5	(3) Response, on-site, and transport times should be monitored to
6	minimize delays in the initiation of hospital-based treatment.
7	" <u>§ 131E-322. Rule-making authority.</u>
8	The Department may adopt rules to implement this Article."
9	SECTION 2. This act becomes effective January 1, 2007.