GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

S

SENATE BILL 1058

Education/Higher Education Committee Substitute Adopted 7/7/04 House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/17/04

Short Title: UNC & Comm. Coll. Tuition/Military Students.	
---	--

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 13, 2004

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT A MEMBER OF THE MILITARY OR A
3	DEPENDENT RELATIVE OF A MEMBER OF THE MILITARY WHO
4	ATTENDS A CONSTITUENT UNIVERSITY OR A COMMUNITY COLLEGE
5	SHALL BE CHARGED ONLY THE IN-STATE TUITION RATE AND TO
6	AUTHORIZE IN-STATE TUITION FOR NONRESIDENT MEMBERS OF THE
7	NORTH CAROLINA NATIONAL GUARD AND TO CLARIFY LAWS
8	PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION AGAINST PERSONS WHO SERVE IN THE
9	NORTH CAROLINA NATIONAL GUARD.
10	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
11	SECTION 1. G.S. 116-143.3 reads as rewritten:
12	"§ 116-143.3. Tuition of active duty personnel in the armed services.
13	(a) Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:
14	(1) The term "abode" shall mean the place where a person actually lives,
15	whether temporarily or permanently; the term "abide" shall mean to
16	live in a given place.
17	(2) The term "armed services" shall mean the United States Air Force,
18	Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, and Navy; the North Carolina
19	National Guard; and any Reserve Component of the foregoing.
20	(3) The term "tuition assistance" shall be used as defined in the United
21	States Department of Defense Directive 1322.8, implementing 10
22	U.S.C. § 2007.
23	(b) Any active duty member of the armed services qualifying for admission to a
24	community college under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Community Colleges an
25	institution of higher education as defined in G.S. 116-143.1(a)(3) but not qualifying as a
26	resident for tuition purposes under G.S. 116-143.1 shall be charged the out of State
27	tuition rate; provided, that the out of State tuition shall be forgiven to the extent that the
28	out of State tuition rate exceeds any amounts payable to the institution or the service

General Assembly of North Carolina

member by the service member's employer by reason of enrollment pursuant to such 1 2 admission while the member is abiding in this State incident to active military duty, plus 3 the amount that represents the percentage of the out of State tuition rate paid to the institution or the service member by the service member's employer multiplied by the 4 in-State tuition rate and then subtracted from the in-State tuition rate.in-State tuition rate 5 6 and applicable mandatory fees for enrollments while the member of the armed services is abiding in this State incident to active military duty in this State. In the event the 7 8 active duty member of the armed services is reassigned outside of North Carolina, the 9 member shall continue to be eligible for the in-State tuition rate and applicable 10 mandatory fees so long as the member is continuously enrolled in the degree or other program in which the member was enrolled at the time the member is reassigned. 11 12 (b1) Any active duty member of the armed services gualifying for admission to a

constituent institution of The University of North Carolina but not qualifying as a 13 14 resident for tuition purposes under G.S. 116-143.1 shall be charged the maximum 15 available tuition assistance as the required payment for tuition and mandatory fees not to exceed the established out of state tuition and mandatory fee rates. The Board of 16 17 Governors of The University of North Carolina shall determine which mandatory fees 18 apply to active duty members of the armed services attending The University of North Carolina. 19

20 Any active duty member of the armed services who does not qualify for any (b2)21 payment by the member's employer pursuant to subsections (b) or (b1) of this section shall be eligible to be charged the in-State tuition rate and shall pay the full amount of 22 the in-State tuition rate and applicable mandatory fees. 23

24 Any dependent relative of a member of the armed services who is abiding in (c) this State incident to active military duty, as defined by the Board of Governors of The 25 University of North Carolina and by the State Board of Community Colleges while 26 27 sharing the abode of that member shall be eligible to be charged the in-State tuition rate, if the dependent relative qualifies for admission to an institution of higher education as 28 29 defined in G.S. 116-143.1(a)(3). The dependent relatives shall comply with the 30 requirements of the Selective Service System, if applicable, in order to be accorded this benefit. In the event the member of the armed services removes his abode from North 31 32 Carolina during an academic year, the dependent relative shall continue to be eligible 33 for the in State tuition rate during the remainder of that academic year. In the event the 34 member of the armed services is reassigned outside of North Carolina, the dependent 35 relative shall continue to be eligible for the in-State tuition rate and applicable mandatory fees so long as the dependent relative is continuously enrolled in the degree 36 or other program in which the dependent relative was enrolled at the time the member is 37 38 reassigned.

39 The burden of proving entitlement to the benefit of this section shall lie with (d) the applicant therefor. 40

41 (e) A person charged less than the out-of-state tuition rate solely by reason of this 42 section shall not, during the period of receiving that benefit, qualify for or be the basis of conferring the benefit of G.S. 116-143.1(g), (h), (i), (j), (k), or (1)." 43 44

SECTION 2. G.S. 116-143.1 reads as rewritten:

1	"§ 116-143.1. Provisions for determining resident status for tuition purposes.
2	(a) As defined under this section:
3	(1) A "legal resident" or "resident" is a person who qualifies as a
4	domiciliary of North Carolina; a "nonresident" is a person who does
5	not qualify as a domiciliary of North Carolina.
6	(2) A "resident for tuition purposes" is a person who qualifies for the
7	in-State tuition rate; a "nonresident for tuition purposes" is a person
8 9	who does not qualify for the in-State tuition rate.
9 10	(3) "Institution of higher education" means any of the constituent institutions of the University of North Carolina and the community
10	institutions of the University of North Carolina and the community colleges under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Community
12	Colleges.
12	(b) To qualify as a resident for tuition purposes, a person must have established
14	legal residence (domicile) in North Carolina and maintained that legal residence for at
15	least 12 months immediately prior to his or her classification as a resident for tuition
16	purposes. Every applicant for admission shall be required to make a statement as to his
17	length of residence in the State.
18	(c) To be eligible for classification as a resident for tuition purposes, a person
19	must establish that his or her presence in the State currently is, and during the requisite
20	12-month qualifying period was, for purposes of maintaining a bona fide domicile
21	rather than of maintaining a mere temporary residence or abode incident to enrollment
22	in an institution of higher education.
23	(d) An individual shall not be classified as a resident for tuition purposes and,
24	thus, not rendered eligible to receive the in-State tuition rate, until he or she has
25	provided such evidence related to legal residence and its duration as may be required by
26	officials of the institution of higher education from which the individual seeks the
27	in-State tuition rate.
28	(e) When an individual presents evidence that the individual has living parent(s)
29	or court-appointed guardian of the person, the legal residence of such parent(s) or
30	guardian shall be prima facie evidence of the individual's legal residence, which may be
31	reinforced or rebutted relative to the age and general circumstances of the individual by
32 33	the other evidence of legal residence required of or presented by the individual;
33 34	provided, that the legal residence of an individual whose parents are domiciled outside this State shall not be prima facie evidence of the individual's legal residence if the
34 35	individual has lived in this State the five consecutive years prior to enrolling or
36	reregistering at the institution of higher education at which resident status for tuition
30 37	purposes is sought.
38	(f) In making domiciliary determinations related to the classification of persons
39	as residents or nonresidents for tuition purposes, the domicile of a married person,
40	irrespective of sex, shall be determined, as in the case of an unmarried person, by
41	reference to all relevant evidence of domiciliary intent. For purposes of this section:
42	(1) No person shall be precluded solely by reason of marriage to a person
43	domiciled outside North Carolina from establishing or maintaining

legal residence in North Carolina and subsequently qualifying or 1 2 continuing to qualify as a resident for tuition purposes; 3 (2)No persons shall be deemed solely by reason of marriage to a person domiciled in North Carolina to have established or maintained a legal 4 5 residence in North Carolina and subsequently to have qualified or continued to qualify as a resident for tuition purposes; 6 7 In determining the domicile of a married person, irrespective of sex, (3) 8 the fact of marriage and the place of domicile of his or her spouse shall 9 be deemed relevant evidence to be considered in ascertaining 10 domiciliary intent. Any nonresident person, irrespective of sex, who marries a legal resident of 11 (g) 12 this State or marries one who later becomes a legal resident, may, upon becoming a 13 legal resident of this State, accede to the benefit of the spouse's immediately precedent 14 duration as a legal resident for purposes of satisfying the 12-month durational 15 requirement of this section. 16 (h) No person shall lose his or her resident status for tuition purposes solely by 17 reason of serving in the armed forces outside this State. 18 (h1) Any member of a North Carolina National Guard unit who is a nonresident shall be eligible to be charged the in-State tuition rate and shall pay the full amount of 19 20 the in-State tuition rate and applicable mandatory fees. This subsection applies to 21 members in a reserve or active duty status. A person who, having acquired bona fide legal residence in North Carolina, 22 (i) 23 has been classified as a resident for tuition purposes but who, while enrolled in a State 24 institution of higher education, loses North Carolina legal residence, shall continue to 25 enjoy the in-State tuition rate for a statutory grace period. This grace period shall be measured from the date on which the culminating circumstances arose that caused loss 26 27 of legal residence and shall continue for 12 months; provided, that a resident's marriage to a person domiciled outside of North Carolina shall not be deemed a culminating 28 29 circumstance even when said resident's spouse continues to be domiciled outside of 30 North Carolina; and provided, further, that if the 12-month period ends during a semester or academic term in which such a former resident is enrolled at a State 31 32 institution of higher education, such grace period shall extend, in addition, to the end of 33 that semester or academic term. 34 Notwithstanding the prima facie evidence of legal residence of an individual (i) 35 derived pursuant to subsection (e), notwithstanding the presumptions of the legal residence of a minor established by common law, and notwithstanding the authority of a 36 judicially determined custody award of a minor, for purposes of this section, the legal 37 38 residence of a minor whose parents are divorced, separated, or otherwise living apart 39 shall be deemed to be North Carolina for the time period relative to which either parent is entitled to claim and does in fact claim the minor as a dependent for North Carolina 40 individual income tax purposes. The provisions of this subsection shall pertain only to a 41

42 minor who is claimed as a dependent by a North Carolina legal resident.

43 Any person who immediately prior to his or her eighteenth birthday would have 44 been deemed under this subsection a North Carolina legal resident but who achieves

1	majority before enrolling at an institution of higher education shall not lose the benefit
2	of this subsection if that person:
3	(1) Upon achieving majority, acts, to the extent that the person's degree of
4	actual emancipation permits, in a manner consistent with bona fide
5	legal residence in North Carolina; and
6	(2) Begins enrollment at an institution of higher education not later than
7	the fall academic term next following completion of education
8	prerequisite to admission at such institution.
9	(k) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a minor who satisfies the
10	following conditions immediately prior to commencement of an enrolled term at an
11	institution of higher education, shall be accorded resident tuition status for that term:
12	(1) The minor has lived for five or more consecutive years continuing to
13	such term in North Carolina in the home of an adult relative other than
14	a parent, domiciled in this State; and
15	(2) The adult relative has functioned during those years as a de facto
16	guardian of the minor and exercised day-to-day care, supervision, and
17	control of the minor.
18	A person who immediately prior to his or her eighteenth birthday qualified for or
19 20	was accorded resident status for tuition purposes pursuant to this subsection shall be
20	deemed upon achieving majority to be a legal resident of North Carolina of at least 12
21	months' duration; provided, that the legal residence of such an adult person shall be
22	deemed to continue in North Carolina only so long as the person does not abandon legal
23	residence in this State.
24 25	(1) Any person who ceases to be enrolled at or graduates from an institution of bicher education while classified as a resident for tuition numerous and subsequently
25 26	higher education while classified as a resident for tuition purposes and subsequently
26 27	abandons North Carolina domicile shall be permitted to reenroll at an institution of higher education as a resident for tuition purposes without necessity of meeting the
27	12-month durational requirement of this section if the person reestablishes North
28 29	Carolina domicile within 12 months of abandonment of North Carolina domicile and
30	continuously maintains the reestablished North Carolina domicile at least through the
31	beginning of the academic term(s) for which in-State tuition status is sought. The
32	benefit of this subsection shall be accorded not more than once to any one person."
33	SECTION 3. G.S. 127A-202.1 is amended by adding a new subsection to
33 34	read:
35	"(f) This section shall also apply when a member of the North Carolina National
36	Guard is called into active duty at the direction of the President, the Governor, or by any
37	other competent authority."
38	SECTION 4. This act becomes effective August 1, 2004.