GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

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HOUSE BILL 965 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/29/03

Short Title: Failure to Yield Causing Death or Injuries. (Pub)	lic)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
April 9, 2003	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO PROVIDE PENALTIES FOR PERSONS WHO CAUSE BODII	ΙY
INJURY OR DEATH WHEN FAILING TO YIELD THE RIGHT-OF-WA	
UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES.	
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SECTION 1. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding	σa
new section to read:	> "
"§ 20-160.1. Failure to yield causing injury or death; penalties.	
(a) Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of law provide	ing
greater punishment, a person who commits the offense of failure to yield wh	
approaching or entering an intersection, turning left at a stop or yield sign, entering	
roadway, upon the approach of an emergency vehicle, or at highway construction	
maintenance shall be punished in the following manner:	
(1) Except as provided in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection, wh	nen
there is bodily injury resulting from the violation, the violator shall	
fined two hundred dollars (\$200.00).	
(2) When there is serious bodily injury but no death resulting from the	<u>the</u>
violation, the violator shall be fined five hundred dollars (\$500.00) a	
the violator's drivers license or commercial drivers license shall	be
suspended for 90 days.	
(3) When a death results from the violation, the violator shall be fined of	<u>one</u>
thousand dollars (\$1,000) and the violator's drivers license	or
commercial drivers license shall be suspended for six months.	
(b) As used in this section, 'bodily injury' means a cut, abrasion, bruise, bu	rn,
disfigurement, physical pain, illness, any impairment of the function of a bod	ily
member, organ, or mental faculty, or any other injury to the body, no matter he	<u>ow</u>
temporary. 'Serious bodily injury' means bodily injury that involves a substantial risk	of
death, extreme physical pain, protracted and obvious disfigurement, or protracted loss	or
impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty."	

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 2003, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.