GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

S SENATE BILL 1274

Short Title: Regulate Professional Employer Organizations. (F	Public)				
Sponsors: Senators Bingham, Rand; Carrington and Hartsell.					
Referred to: Commerce.					
June 6, 2002					
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REGULATE PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYER ORGANIZATIONS.					
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
SECTION 1. Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the					
following new Article to read:					
"Article 89.					
"North Carolina Professional Employer Organization Act.					
"Part 1. In General.					
" <u>§ 58-89-1. Title.</u>					
This Article shall be known and may be cited as the "North Carolina Profes	<u>sional</u>				
Employer Organization Act".					
" <u>§ 58-89-5. Definitions.</u>					
In this Article:	_				
(1) "Applicant" means a person applying for a license under this Arti					
(2) "Assigned employee" means an employee who is performing se					
for a client company under a contract between a licensee and a					
company in which employment responsibilities are shared. "Ass	_				
employee" does not include an employee hired to suppo					
supplement a client company's workforce in a special work situ	lauon,				
<u>including:</u> a. An employee absence.					
<u>a.</u> An employee absence.<u>b.</u> A temporary skill shortage.					
<u>c.</u> A seasonal workload.d. A special assignment or project.					
(3) "Client company" means a person that contracts with a licensee	and is				
assigned employees by the licensee under that contract.					

1	(4)	"Control", including the terms "controlling", "controlled by", and
2		"under common control with" have the same meanings as in G.S.
3		58-19-5(2).
4	<u>(5)</u>	"Employee leasing services" means an arrangement by which
5		employees of a licensee are assigned to work at a client company and
6		in which employment responsibilities are in fact shared by the licensee
7		and the client company in accordance with G.S. 58-89-100, the
8		employee's assignment is intended to be of a long-term or continuing
9		nature, rather than temporary or seasonal in nature, and a majority of
10		the workforce at a client company work site or a majority of the
11		personnel of a specialized group within that workforce consists of
12 13		assigned employees of the licensee. "Employee leasing services" does
13		not include temporary employees or similar groups that do not meet
14		the requirements of this subdivision.
15	<u>(6)</u>	"GAAP financial statement" has the same meaning as in G.S.
16		<u>58-47-60(7).</u>
17	<u>(7)</u>	"Hazardous financial condition" has the same meaning as in G.S.
18		<u>58-47-60(9).</u>
19	<u>(8)</u>	"Licensee" means a person licensed under this Article to provide
20		employee leasing services. The term includes a professional employer
21		organization group licensed under G.S. 58-89-35.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<u>(9)</u>	"Person" has the same meaning as in G.S. 58-1-5(9).
23	<u>(10)</u>	"Professional employer organization" means a person that offers
24		employee leasing services and includes "staff leasing services
25		companies", "employee leasing companies", "staff leasing companies",
26		and "administrative employers" who offer or propose to offer
27		employee leasing services in this State.
28	<u>(11)</u>	"Professional employer organization group" means a combination of
29		professional employer organizations that operates under a group
30		license issued under this Article.
31	<u>(12)</u>	"Temporary employees" means persons employed under an
32		arrangement by which an organization hires its own employees and
33		assigns them to a client company to support or supplement the client's
34 35		workforce in a special work situation, including:
35		<u>a.</u> <u>An employee absence;</u>
36 37		<u>b.</u> <u>A temporary skill shortage;</u>
		<u>c.</u> <u>A seasonal workload; or</u>
38		d. A special assignment or project.
39	" <u>§ 58-89-10.</u>	North Carolina Professional Employer Organization Advisory
40	<u>Coun</u>	
41		e is created the North Carolina Professional Employer Organization
42	Advisory Cour	ncil to advise, consult with, and make recommendations to the

- Commissioner on the regulation of professional employer organizations, as requested by the Commissioner. The Council shall consist of seven members, as follows:
 (1) The Commissioner of Labor or the Commissioner's designee, ex officio.
 (2) The Chair of the North Carolina Industrial Commission or the Chair's designee, ex officio.
 - (3) Two members appointed by the Governor, from a list of five persons recommended by the North Carolina Industrial Commission.
 - (4) One member appointed by the Governor who is not involved directly or indirectly with the employee leasing services industry.
 - (5) One member appointed by the General Assembly in accordance with G.S. 120-121, upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
 - One member appointed by the General Assembly in accordance with G.S. 120-121, upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Initial terms begin January 1, 2003.

- (b) Other than the initial members of the Council, members of the Council shall serve three-year terms. Initial members of the Council shall serve staggered terms as follows:
 - (1) One member appointed by the Governor from the list recommended by the North Carolina Industrial Commission and the member appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall serve terms of three years.
 - One member appointed by the Governor from the list recommended by the North Carolina Industrial Commission and the member appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall serve terms of two years.
 - (3) The member appointed by the Governor who is not directly or indirectly involved in the employee leasing services industry shall serve a term of one year.
- (c) The members of the Council shall elect one of their members to serve as chair of the Council for a term of one year.
- (d) The Governor may remove any member of the Council appointed by the Governor for misconduct, incompetence, or neglect of duty. The General Assembly may remove any member appointed by it for the same reasons. The appointing authority making the original appointment shall appoint successors.
- (e) All vacancies occurring on the Council shall be filled, for the unexpired term, by the appointing authority making the original appointment. Vacancies in appointments made by the General Assembly shall be filled in accordance with G.S. 120-122.
- (f) The Department of Insurance shall furnish the Council with meeting space and clerical and other services required by the Council to conduct its business.

(g) The members of the Council shall not receive compensation for their service on the Council.

"<u>§ 58-89-15.</u> Rules.

- (a) The Commissioner may adopt rules necessary to implement, administer, and enforce the provisions of this Article.
- (b) Each licensee is subject to this Article and to the rules adopted by the Commissioner.
- (c) Nothing in this Article preempts the existing statutory or rule-making authority of any other State agency or entity to regulate employee leasing services in a manner consistent with the statutory authority of that State agency or entity.

"§ 58-89-20. Interagency cooperation.

A State agency, in performing duties under other law that affects the regulation of employee leasing services, shall cooperate with the Commissioner as necessary to implement, administer, and enforce this Article.

"§ 58-89-25. Effect of other law on client companies and assigned employees.

- (a) This Article does not exempt a client company of a licensee, or any assigned employee, from any other license requirements imposed under local, State, or federal law.
- (b) An employee who is licensed, registered, or certified under law and who is assigned to a client company is considered to be an employee of the client company for the purpose of that license, registration, or certification.
- (c) A licensee is not engaged in the unauthorized practice of an occupation, trade, or profession that is licensed, certified, or otherwise regulated by a State agency or other political subdivision of the State, including a county or city, by entering into an employee leasing services agreement with a client company and assigned employees.
- (d) Nothing in this Article or in any employee leasing services contract shall affect, modify, or amend any collective bargaining agreement, or the rights or obligations of any client company, professional employer organization, or any assigned employee under the National Labor Relations Act, 29 U.S.C. § 151, et seq.

"§ 58-89-30. Other provisions of this Chapter.

G.S. 58-2-45, 58-2-50, 58-2-55, 58-2-60, 58-2-65, 58-2-69, 58-2-70, 58-2-75, 58-2-100, 58-2-155, 58-2-163, 58-2-180, 58-2-185, 58-2-200, and 58-3-100 shall apply to persons licensed under this Article.

"Part 2. License Requirements and Limitations.

"§ 58-89-35. License required; professional employer organization groups.

- (a) No person shall engage in or offer employee leasing services in this State unless the person holds a license issued under this Article.
- (b) Two or more, but not more than five, professional employer organizations that are controlled by the same ultimate parent, entity, or persons may be licensed as a professional employer organization group. A professional employer organization group may satisfy the reporting and financial requirements of this Article on a consolidated basis. As a condition of licensure as a professional employer organization group, each

professional employer organization that is a member of the group shall guarantee payment of all financial obligations of every other member.

"§ 58-89-40. General license requirements.

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- (a) To be qualified to serve as an officer or controlling person of a licensee under this Article, the officer or controlling person shall be at least 18 years of age, be of good moral character, and have educational, managerial, or business experience relevant to:
 - (1) Operation of a professional employer organization; or
 - (2) Service as an officer or controlling person of a professional employer organization.
- (b) As used in this section, "good moral character" means a personal history of honesty, trustworthiness, fairness, a good reputation for fair dealings, and respect for the rights of others and for the State and federal laws.

"§ 58-89-45. Background investigations.

- (a) Before a license is issued to an applicant, each applicant shall furnish the Commissioner a complete set of fingerprints and a recent passport-size full-face photograph of each officer and controlling person. Each officer's and controlling person's fingerprints shall be certified by an authorized law enforcement officer. The fingerprints of every officer and controlling person shall be forwarded to the State Bureau of Investigation for a search of the officer's and controlling person's criminal history record file, if any. If warranted, the State Bureau of Investigation shall forward a set of the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history record check. An applicant shall pay the cost of the State and any national criminal history check of the officers and controlling persons.
- (b) The Commissioner may deny the initial license of an applicant under this Article if, after notice to the applicant and an opportunity for a hearing, the Commissioner finds that an officer or controlling person has:
 - (1) Made any untrue material statement regarding the background or experience of any officer or controlling person;
 - Violated, or failed to comply with, any employee leasing services law or any rule or order of the Commissioner or of any other State official responsible for the regulation of employee leasing services;
 - (3) Obtained or attempted to obtain the license through misrepresentation or fraud;
 - (4) Been convicted of a felony;
 - (5) Been found to have committed any unfair trade practice or fraud;
 - (6) Used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices, or has acted in a manner that is incompetent, untrustworthy, or financially irresponsible; or
 - (7) Held such a position in another professional employer organization that has had its license or registration suspended, terminated, or revoked by any state.
- (c) This section also applies to a change in a controlling party of a professional employer organization.

- (d) For purposes of investigation under this section, the Commissioner shall have all the power conferred by G.S. 58-2-50 and other applicable provisions of this Chapter. "\$ 58-89-50. Surety bond.
- (a) An applicant shall acquire and maintain a surety bond for the benefit of the Commissioner in an amount equal to not less than five percent (5%) of the prior year's total North Carolina wages, benefits, workers' compensation premiums, and unemployment compensation contributions, but not less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or such other greater amount as the Commissioner may require. A copy of the executed bond shall be filed with the Commissioner at the time of application for licensure.
- (b) The surety bond required by this section shall be in a form prescribed by the Commissioner and issued by an insurer authorized by the Commissioner to write surety business in this State.
- (c) The surety bond required by this section may be exchanged or replaced with another surety bond that meets the requirements of this section if 90 days advance written notice is provided to the Commissioner.
- (d) A licensee shall not require a client company to contribute in any manner to the payment of the surety bond required by this section.
- (e) Notice of cancellation or nonrenewal of the surety bond required by this section shall be provided to the Commissioner in writing at least 45 days before cancellation or nonrenewal.

"§ 58-89-55. Financial responsibility.

- (a) For purposes of this section "financial responsibility" means the current and expected future condition of financial solvency sufficient to support a reasonable expectation that an applicant or licensee can successfully conduct its business without jeopardizing the interests of its assigned employees, client companies, or the public.
- (b) Evidence of financial responsibility shall include a certified audited GAAP financial statement, prepared as of a date not more than 90 days before the date of application or filing, that demonstrates that the applicant or licensee is not in a hazardous financial condition.
- (c) <u>In order to be in compliance with this section, each licensee may be required</u> to file with the Commissioner, no later than 45 days after the end of each fiscal quarter:
 - (1) A quarterly GAAP financial statement, prepared in a format similar to the annual certified audited financial statement; and
 - (2) An attestation, executed by the chief financial officer, the chief executive officer, and a controlling person of the licensee, that the licensee has paid all of its obligations for payroll, payroll-related taxes, workers' compensation insurance, and employee benefits.

"§ 58-89-60. License application.

(a) An applicant for an initial professional employer organization license shall file with the Commissioner the information required by subsection (b) of this section on a form prescribed by the Commissioner accompanied by the application fee. No application is complete until the Commissioner has received all required information.

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- The initial license application shall, at a minimum, be comprised of all of the 1 following information:
 - The name, organizational structure, and date of organization of the (1) applicant, the addresses of the principal office and all offices in this State, the name of the contact person, the type of operations within this State, and the taxpayer or employer identification number.
 - A list by jurisdiction of each name under which the applicant has (2) operated in the preceding five years, including any alternative names, names of predecessors and, if known, successor business entities. The list required by this subdivision shall include the parent company name and any trade name, trademark, or service mark of the applicant.
 - A list of all officers and controlling persons of the applicant, their (3) biographical information, including their management background, and an affidavit from each attesting to his or her good moral character and management competence.
 - Documentation that the applicant maintains a place of business in this (4) State and that the applicant is licensed, if required, in the applicant's state of domicile.
 - The location of the business records of the applicant. **(5)**
 - Evidence that the applicant has acquired a surety bond, in accordance (6) with G.S. 58-89-50, to secure the performance of the applicant's obligations pursuant to this Article.
 - Evidence of financial responsibility in accordance with G.S. 58-89-55. <u>(7)</u>
 - Evidence that the applicant has paid all of its obligations for payroll, (8) payroll-related taxes, workers' compensation insurance, and employee benefits. All disputed amounts shall be disclosed in the application.
 - (9) Any other information the Commissioner deems necessary and requires by rule to establish that the applicant and the officers and controlling persons are of good moral character, business integrity, and financial responsibility.
 - An application for licensure of a professional employer organization group (c) shall contain the information required by this section for each member of the group.
 - If the Commissioner finds that the applicant has not fully met the requirements for licensure, the Commissioner shall refuse to issue the license and shall notify the applicant in writing of the denial, stating the grounds for the denial. The application may also be denied for any reason for which a license may be suspended or terminated under G.S. 58-89-155. Within 30 days after service of the notification, the applicant may make a written demand upon the Commissioner for a review to determine the reasonableness of the Commissioner's action. The review shall be completed without undue delay, and the applicant shall be notified promptly in writing as to the outcome of the review. Within 30 days after service of the notification as to the outcome, the applicant may make a written demand upon the Commissioner for a

- hearing under Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes if the applicant disagrees with the outcome.
 - (e) Removal, demotion, or discharge of an officer or a controlling person in response to an order of the Commissioner of the alleged unsuitability of that officer or controlling person is an affirmative defense to any claim by that individual based on the removal, demotion, or discharge.
- (f) An officer or controlling person who has been evaluated by the Commissioner under this Article is not required to be reevaluated if that person changes the person's affiliation or employment from one applicant or licensee to another applicant or licensee.
- (g) After denial, suspension, or termination of a license, and before issuing a new license or reinstating a license, the Commissioner shall review and consider:
 - (1) The extent to which the applicant or licensee has adequately corrected any problems; and
 - Whether the applicant or licensee has demonstrated that the applicant or licensee had exercised due diligence to avoid the reason or reasons for the denial or termination.

The applicant or licensee bears the burden of proof with respect to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

"§ 58-89-65. Fees.

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- (a) Each applicant for an initial or limited professional employer organization license shall pay to the Commissioner, before the issuance of the license, a nonrefundable application fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (b) Each licensee shall pay to the Commissioner when filing the information required under G.S. 58-89-70(c), an annual filing fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (c) The Commissioner may charge an applicant or licensee reasonable fees for investigations, inspections, examinations, and any other administrative or enforcement responsibilities created under this Article.
- (d) Fees collected by the Commissioner under this Article shall be deposited in the Insurance Regulatory Fund under G.S. 58-6-25 and shall be used to implement this Article.

"§ 58-89-70. License issuance; limitations; term.

- 33 (a) The Commissioner shall issue a license to an applicant whom the
 34 Commissioner determines has satisfied the requirements of this Article. The
 35 Commissioner shall notify an applicant of any deficiency in the application not later
 36 than the 30th day after the date on which the Commissioner receives the application.
 37 The Commissioner shall issue the license not later than the 90th day after the date on
 38 which the completed application is filed with the Commissioner.
- 39 (b) A license issued by the Commissioner under this Article shall remain in effect 40 until terminated or surrendered.
 - (c) Within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, each licensee shall file with the Commissioner all of the following information:

- 1 (1) A certified audited GAAP financial statement, as required by G.S. 58-89-55.
 - (2) Any information required by G.S. 58-89-60(b)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) for which there has been a change since the last or initial filing. Any change of officers may subject the licensee to a background investigation of those officers as required by G.S. 58-89-45.
 - (3) Information required by G.S. 58-89-60(b)(8).
 - (4) The annual filing fee.
 - (5) Any other information the Commissioner determines is needed for the review of a licensee.
 - (d) By obtaining licensure under this Article, the controlling persons of a licensee certify, under penalty of law, their compliance with the requirements of licensure and of operation as a professional employer organization pursuant to this Article.

"§ 58-89-75. Limited license.

- (a) The Commissioner by rule shall provide for the issuance of a limited license to a person who seeks to offer limited employee leasing services in this State and is domiciled in another state and licensed or registered as a professional employer organization in that state.
- (b) For purposes of this section, a professional employer organization is considered to be offering limited employee leasing services if the professional employer organization does all of the following:
 - (1) Employs fewer than 50 assigned employees in this State at any one time.
 - (2) Does not provide assigned employees to a client company based or domiciled in this State.
 - (3) Does not maintain an office in this State or solicit client companies located or domiciled in this State.
- (c) A professional employer organization that offers limited employee leasing services shall complete the application forms and pay the fees for a limited license as prescribed by the Commissioner.
- (d) The Commissioner may use information obtained from regulatory agencies in other states in evaluating an applicant for a limited license.

"§ 58-89-80. License not assignable; change of name or location.

- (a) A licensee shall not conduct business under any name other than that specified in the license. A license issued under this Article is not assignable. A licensee shall not conduct business under any fictitious or assumed name without prior written authorization from the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall not authorize the use of a name that is so similar to that of a public office or agency or to that of another licensee that the public may be confused or misled by the name's use. A licensee shall not conduct business under more than one name unless the licensee has obtained a separate license for each name.
- (b) Except as provided in this subsection, a licensee may change the licensee's licensed name only once in a calendar year by notifying the Commissioner and paying a

- fee for the change of name. The fee for a name change shall be fifty dollars (\$50.00). A licensee may change the licensee's name without the payment of the name change fee if the name change is submitted with the information required by G.S. 58-89-70(c). If a licensee has changed its name once during a calendar year, the licensee shall not change its name again unless the name change is approved by the Commissioner.
 - (c) A licensee shall notify the Commissioner in writing within 30 days after any change in the status of the licensee, including:
 - (1) Any change in the location of the licensee's primary business office;
 - (2) The addition of more business offices; or
 - (3) A change in the location of business records maintained by the licensee.
 - (d) A licensee may amend the name specified in its license to add a trade name, trademark, service mark, or parent company name. An amendment made under this subsection shall comply with the requirements imposed under subsection (a) of this section. The Commissioner shall charge a fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for processing the amendment.
 - (e) A licensee offering employee leasing services in more than one state may advertise in this State using the name of its parent company or under a trade name, trademark, or service mark. The trade name, trademark, service mark, or parent company name shall be listed on the license in addition to the licensed name used by the licensee in this State.
 - (f) Each written proposal provided to a prospective client company and each contract between a licensee and a client company or assigned employee shall clearly identify the name of the licensee. A proposal or contract may also identify the trade name, trademark, service mark, or parent company name of the licensee. A licensee may use written materials including forms, benefit information, letterhead, and business cards that bear only the trade name, trademark, service mark, or parent company name of the licensee.

"§ 58-89-85. Supervision, rehabilitation, and liquidation.

If at any time the Commissioner determines, after notice and an opportunity for the licensee to be heard, that a licensee (i) has been or will be unable, in such a manner as may endanger the ability of the licensee to fully perform its obligations pursuant to this Article; or (ii) is bankrupt, or in a hazardous financial condition, the Commissioner may either (i) commence a supervision proceeding pursuant to Article 30 of this Chapter or (ii) apply to the Superior Court of Wake County or to the federal bankruptcy court that has previously taken jurisdiction over the licensee, if applicable, for an order directing the Commissioner or authorizing the Commissioner to rehabilitate or to liquidate a licensee in accordance with Article 30 of this Chapter.

"Part 3. Acquisitions and Mergers.

"§ 58-89-90. Acquisition of control of or merger with professional employer organization.

(a) No person other than the issuer shall make a tender offer for or a request or invitation for tenders of, or enter into an agreement to exchange securities, or seek to

- acquire, or acquire, in the open market or otherwise, any voting security of a professional employer organization domiciled in this State, if after the consummation thereof, the person would, directly or indirectly (or by conversion or by exercise of any right to acquire), be in control of the professional employer organization or any person controlling a professional employer organization unless the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition is approved by the Commissioner under this section. No such merger or other acquisition of control is effective until the Commissioner approves of the merger or acquisition under this section. The statement containing the information required by this section shall also be filed with the professional employer organization when it is filed with the Commissioner.
 - (b) For the purposes of this section, a "professional employer organization" includes any person controlling a professional employer organization. Further, for the purposes of this section, "person" does not include any securities broker holding, in the usual and customary broker's function, less than twenty percent (20%) of the voting securities of a professional employer organization or of any person that controls a professional employer organization.
 - (c) Any acquisition of control of a professional employer organization shall be completed not later than 90 days after the date of the Commissioner's order approving the acquisition under this section, unless the Commissioner grants an extension in writing on a showing of good cause for the delay.
 - (d) If the deadlines for completion in subsection (c) of this section are not met, the person seeking to acquire control of the professional employer organization shall resubmit the statement required by subsection (e) of this section, and the Commissioner may reconsider approval of acquisition of control under this section.
 - (e) The statement to be filed with the Commissioner under subsection (a) of this section shall be made under oath or affirmation and shall include all information required by the Commissioner pursuant to rules adopted by the Commissioner.
 - (f) The Commissioner shall approve any merger or other acquisition of control referred to in subsection (a) of this section unless, after a public hearing thereon, the Commissioner finds any of the following:
 - (1) After the change in control, the professional employer organization referred to in subsection (a) of this section would not be able to satisfy the requirements for the issuance of a professional employer organization license.
 - (2) The financial condition of any acquiring party might jeopardize the financial stability of the professional employer organization or prejudice the interest of its client companies or assigned employees.
 - (3) The competence, experience, and integrity of those persons who would control the operation of the professional employer organization are such that it would not be in the interests of the professional employer organization's client companies, assigned employees, and of the public to permit the merger or acquisition of control.

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- (4) The acquisition is likely to be hazardous or prejudicial to members of the public who enter into arrangements with professional employer organizations.
- The public hearing referred to in subsection (f) of this section shall be held within 120 days after the statement required by subsection (a) of this section is filed. and the Commissioner shall give at least 30 days' notice of the hearing to the person filing the statement, to the professional employer organization, and to any other persons designated by the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall make a determination as expeditiously as is reasonably practicable after the conclusion of the hearing. At the hearing, the person filing the statement, the professional employer organization, any person to whom notice of hearing was sent, and any other person whose interest may be affected by the hearing may present evidence, examine and cross-examine witnesses, and offer oral or written arguments; and in connection therewith may conduct discovery proceedings at any time after the statement is filed with the Commissioner under this section and in the same manner as is presently allowed in the superior courts of this State. In connection with discovery proceedings authorized by this section, the Commissioner may issue such protective orders and other orders governing the timing and scheduling of discovery proceedings as might otherwise have been issued by a superior court of this State in connection with a civil proceeding. If any party fails to make reasonable and adequate response to discovery on a timely basis or fails to comply with any order of the Commissioner with respect to discovery, the Commissioner on the Commissioner's own motion or on motion of any other party or person may order that the hearing be postponed, recessed, convened, or reconvened, as the case may be, following proper completion of discovery and reasonable notice to the person filing the statement, to the professional employer organization, and to any other persons designated by the Commissioner.
- (h) The Commissioner may retain, at the acquiring person's expense, any attorneys, economists, accountants, or other experts not otherwise a part of the Commissioner's staff as may be reasonably necessary to assist the Commissioner in reviewing the proposed acquisition of control.
- (i) The expenses of mailing any notices and other materials required by this section shall be borne by the person making the filing. As security for the payment of such expenses, the person shall file with the Commissioner an acceptable bond or other deposit in an amount to be determined by the Commissioner.
- (j) The provisions of this section do not apply to any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition that the Commissioner by order exempts therefrom as (i) not having been made or entered into for the purpose and not having the effect of changing or influencing the control of a professional employer organization, or (ii) as otherwise not contemplated within the purposes of this section.
 - (k) The following are violations of this section:
 - (1) The failure to file any statement, amendment, or other material required to be filed pursuant to subsection (a) or (e) of this section.

- The effectuation or any attempt to effectuate an acquisition of control of or merger with a professional employer organization, unless the Commissioner has approved the acquisition or merger.
 - (I) The courts of this State are vested with jurisdiction over every person not a resident of, or domiciled or authorized to do business in, this State who files a statement with the Commissioner under this section; and each such person is deemed to have performed acts equivalent to and constituting an appointment by that person of the Commissioner to be that person's true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served all legal process in any action, suit, or proceeding arising out of violations of this section. Copies of all such process shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 58-16-30, 58-16-35, and 58-16-45.
 - (m) Any professional employer organization that is domiciled in another state, and subject to licensure or registration in such state and subject to substantially similar requirements, shall be exempt from the requirements of subsection (a) of this section and shall file the information required by rules adopted by the Commissioner under subsection (n) of this section.
 - (n) The Commissioner shall adopt by rule the information to be filed with the Commissioner for any acquisition of control of or merger with a foreign professional employer organization. For the purposes of this section, "foreign professional employer organization" means a person incorporated or organized under the laws of the United States or of any jurisdiction within the United States other than this State.

"Part 4. Licensee Duties and Responsibilities.

"§ 58-89-95. Agreement; notice.

- (a) A licensee shall establish the terms of an employee leasing services agreement by a written contract between the licensee and the client company.
- (b) The licensee shall give written notice of the agreement as it affects assigned employees to each employee assigned to a client company worksite.
- (c) The written notice required by subsection (b) of this section shall be given to each assigned employee not later than the first payday after the date on which that individual becomes an assigned employee. The licensee shall give written notice to each employee when the employment status of the employee changes, including when the employee ceases to be an employee of the licensee.

"§ 58-89-100. Contract requirements.

A contract between a licensee and a client company shall provide that the licensee:

(1) Reserves the right of direction and control over employees assigned to a client company's worksites. However, a client company may retain such sufficient direction and control over the assigned employees as is necessary to conduct the client company's business and without which the client company would be unable to conduct its business, to discharge any fiduciary responsibility that it may have, or to comply with any applicable licensure, regulatory, or statutory requirement of the client company.

1	<u>(2)</u>	Assumes responsibility for the payment of wages to the assigned
2	<u>(2)</u>	employees without regard to payments by the client company to the
3		licensee.
4	<u>(3)</u>	Assumes responsibility for the payment of payroll taxes and collection
5	<u>(5)</u>	of taxes from payroll on assigned employees.
6	<u>(4)</u>	Retains the right to hire, fire, discipline, and reassign the assigned
7	7.7	employees. However, the client company may accept or cancel the
8		assignment of any assigned employee.
9	<u>(5)</u>	Retains the right of direction and control over the adoption of
10	<u> </u>	employment and safety policies and the management of workers'
11		compensation claims, claim filings, and related procedures in
12		accordance with applicable federal laws and the laws of this State.
13	"§ 58-89-105.	Employee benefit plans; required disclosure; other reports.
14		ensee may sponsor and maintain employee benefit plans for the benefit
15		nployees. A client company may include assigned employees in any
16	_	onsored by the client company.
17		respect to any insurance or benefit plan provided by a licensee for the
18	benefit of its	assigned employees, a licensee shall disclose all of the following
19	information to	the Commissioner, each client company, and its assigned employees:
20	<u>(1)</u>	The type of coverage.
21	<u>(2)</u>	The identity of each insurer for each type of coverage.
22	<u>(3)</u>	The amount of benefits provided for each type of coverage and to
23		whom or in whose behalf benefits are to be paid.
24	<u>(4)</u>	The policy limits on each insurance policy.
25	<u>(5)</u>	Whether the coverage is fully insured, partially insured, or fully
26		self-funded.
27	<u>(c)</u> The	Commissioner by rule may require a licensee to file other reports that are
28	reasonably nece	essary for the administration and enforcement of this Article.
29	" <u>§ 58-89-110.</u>	, ,
30	<u>liabi</u>	
31		censee shall be responsible for providing workers' compensation
32		rage through a licensed insurance carrier or a licensed self-insurance plan
33		's assigned employees as provided in Chapter 97 of the General Statutes,
34		ompensation Act. Workers' compensation coverage shall be obtained on
35		dinated policy basis as follows:
36	<u>(1)</u>	Each client company shall have its own policy covering its assigned
37	, . .	employees required to be covered pursuant to the laws of this State.
38	<u>(2)</u>	All assigned risk policies for client companies of the same licensee
39		shall be assigned to one workers' compensation carrier in the State and
40		in other states to the extent possible.
41	(3)	The workers' compensation carrier shall arrange to have all notices

licensee.

42 43 sent to the licensee and to have a single master invoice sent to the

- The workers' compensation carrier shall arrange to have all notices sent to each client company of the licensee and to have a single master invoice sent to the licensee for all policies covering the client companies of that licensee.
 - (5) If a client company leases employees from more than one licensee, there shall be a separate policy for the assigned employees of each licensee.
 - (6) The workers' compensation carrier also shall issue a policy covering the internal employees of the licensee unless they are otherwise covered.

A license shall not be issued to any professional employer organization unless the organization first files with the Commissioner evidence of workers' compensation coverage for all assigned employees in this State, including those leased from or coemployed with another person, and that the premium paid by the licensee is commensurate with exposure and anticipated claim experience for all employees.

- (b) If a licensee maintains workers' compensation insurance, the licensee shall pay workers' compensation insurance premiums based on the experience rating of the client company for the first two years the client company has a contract with the licensee and as further provided by rule by the Commissioner.
- (c) Each licensee shall maintain and make available to its workers' compensation carrier on an annual basis the following information:
 - (1) The correct name and federal identification number of each client company.
 - (2) A listing of all covered employees provided to each client company, by classification code.
 - (3) The total eligible wages by classification code and the premiums due to the carrier for the employees provided to each client company.
 - (4) Sufficient information to permit the calculation of an experience modification factor for each client company upon termination of the employee leasing relationship. Information accruing during the term of the leasing arrangement that is used to calculate an experience modification factor for a client company upon termination of the leasing relationship shall continue to be used in the future experience ratings of the licensee.
- (d) Every official form or other document filed with the North Carolina Industrial Commission shall identify by name and address both the licensee and the client company employing the employee who is the subject of the document.
- (e) A licensee shall within 10 days of initiation or termination of the licensee's relationship with any client company, notify its workers' compensation carrier, the Commissioner, and the North Carolina Industrial Commission of both the initiation and termination of the relationship.
- (f) If the employee leasing services arrangement with a client company is terminated, the client company shall be assigned an experience modification factor that

reflects its experience during the experience period specified by the approved experience rating plan, including, if applicable, experience incurred for assigned employees under the employee leasing services agreement. The licensee shall notify its insurer of its intent to terminate any contractual relationship prior to termination when feasible. When prior notice is not feasible, the licensee shall notify its insurer within five working days following actual termination.

- (g) A client company shall not enter into an employee leasing services agreement or be eligible for workers' compensation coverage in the voluntary market if the client-workers' company owes its current or prior carrier any premium for workers' compensation insurance, or if the client company owes its current or prior professional employer organization amounts due under the employee leasing services agreement, except for premiums or amounts due that are subject to dispute. For the purposes of this section and compliance with other laws and rules, a licensee may rely on a sworn statement by the client company that the client company has met any and all prior premium or fee obligations, unless the licensee has actual knowledge to the contrary.
- (h) Subject to any contrary provisions of the contract between the licensee and the client company, the employee leasing services agreement that exists between the licensee and client company shall be interpreted for purposes of insurance, bonding, and employer's liability as follows:
 - (1) The licensee shall be entitled along with the client company to the exclusivity of the remedy under both the workers' compensation and employers' liability provision of the workers' compensation policy or plan that either party has secured.
 - (2) A licensee is not liable for the acts, errors, or omissions of a client company or of any assigned employee acting under the sole and exclusive direction and control of the client company. A client company is not liable for the acts, errors, or omissions of a licensee or of any employee of a licensee acting under the sole and exclusive direction or control of the licensee. Nothing in this section limits any contractual liability between a licensee and the client company or limits any liability or responsibility under this Article.
 - (3) Employees assigned to a client company by a licensee are the employees of the client company for the purposes of general liability insurance, automobile insurance, fidelity bonds, surety bonds, and liquor liability insurance carried by the client company unless the employees are included by specific reference in the applicable employment arrangement contract, insurance contract, or bond.

"§ 58-89-115. Health benefit plans.

- (a) A licensee shall not sponsor a plan of self-insurance for health benefits except as permitted by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. Section 1001 et seq.).
- (b) For purposes of this section, a "plan of self-insurance" includes any arrangement except an arrangement under which an insurance company licensed to

write insurance in this State has issued an insurance policy that covers all of the obligations of the health benefits plan.

"§ 58-89-120. Unemployment taxes; payroll.

A licensee is the employer of an assigned employee for purposes of Chapters 95 and 96 of the General Statutes. The Employment Security Commission shall cooperate with the Commissioner in the investigation of applicants and licensees and shall provide the Commissioner with access to all relevant records and data in the custody of the Employment Security Commission.

"§ 58-89-125. Posting requirements.

- (a) Each licensee shall post the license issued under this Article in a conspicuous place in the licensee's principal place of business in this State.
- (b) Each licensee shall display, in a place that is in clear and unobstructed public view, a notice stating that the business operated at the location is licensed and regulated by the Commissioner and that any questions or complaints may be directed to the Commissioner.

"<u>§ 58-89-130. Contractual duties.</u>

- (a) Each licensee is responsible for the licensee's contractual duties and responsibilities to manage, maintain, collect, and make timely payments for all of the following:
 - (1) Insurance premiums.
 - (2) Benefit and welfare plans.
 - (3) Other employee withholding.
 - (4) Any other expressed responsibility within the scope of the contract for fulfilling the duties imposed under this Article.
- (b) The licensee shall notify the client company and the Commissioner in writing about a lapse of any health plan or workers' compensation insurance coverage no later than 10 days after the lapse.
- (c) The licensee shall send the client company a copy of all transmissions of funds to health insurers and workers' compensation carriers.

"§ 58-89-135. Compliance with other laws.

<u>Each licensee shall comply with all appropriate State and federal laws relating to</u> reporting, sponsoring, filing, and maintaining benefit and welfare plans.

"§ 58-89-140. Required information.

Each licensee shall:

- (1) Maintain adequate books and records regarding the licensee's duties and responsibilities, including accounting and employment records relating to all employee leasing services agreement activities, for a minimum of three years.
- (2) Maintain and make available at all times to the Commissioner the following information, which shall be treated as proprietary and confidential and is exempt from disclosure to persons other than other governmental agencies having a reasonable, legitimate purpose for obtaining the information:

1	<u>a.</u>	The correct name, address, and telephone number of each client			
2		company.			
3	<u>b.</u>	Each client company contract.			
4	<u>c.</u>	A listing of each client company by classification code as			
5		described in the "Standard Industrial Classification Manual"			
6		published by the United States Office of Management and			
7		Budget.			
8	"§ 58-89-145. Examin	ations.			
9	(a) The Commis	ssioner may conduct an examination of a licensee as often as the			
10	Commissioner conside	rs appropriate.			
11		tion under this Article shall be conducted in accordance with the			
12	examination law of this	s Chapter, G.S. 58-2-131 through G.S. 58-2-134.			
13	(c) In lieu of an examination of any foreign or alien person licensed under this				
14	Article, the Commission	oner may accept an examination report on the licensee prepared			
15		llator for the licensee's state of domicile.			
16		ng an examination under this Article, the Commissioner may			
17	retain attorneys, app	raisers, independent actuaries, independent certified public			
18	accountants, or other professionals and specialists as examiners, the reasonable cost of				
19	which shall be borne by the licensee that is the subject of the examination.				
20	"§ 58-89-150. Agent f	·			
21	Each resident licensee shall maintain a registered agent for the service of process in				
22	this State. The Commi	issioner shall be each nonresident licensee's agent for service of			
23	process as provided in	Article 16 of this Chapter.			
24		"Part 5. Penalties and Sanctions.			
25	" <u>§ 58-89-155.</u> Ground	ls for disciplinary action.			
26	(a) The Commis	ssioner may take disciplinary action against a licensee on any of			
27	the following grounds:				
28	(1) Being	convicted or having an officer or controlling person of the			
29	licens	ee convicted of:			
30	<u>a.</u>	Bribery, fraud, or intentional or material misrepresentation in			
31		obtaining or attempting to obtain a license;			
32	<u>b.</u>	A crime that relates to the operation of a professional employer			
33		organization or the ability of the licensee or any officer or			
34		controlling person of the licensee to operate a professional			
35		employer organization;			
36	<u>c.</u>	A crime that relates to the classification, misclassification, or			
37		underreporting of employees required by State law;			
38	<u>d.</u>	A crime that relates to the establishment or maintenance of a			
39		self-insurance program, whether health insurance, workers'			
40		compensation insurance, or other insurance;			
41	<u>e.</u>	A crime that relates to fraud, deceit, or misconduct in the			
42		operation of an employee leasing service; or			
43	<u>f.</u>	A crime that involves dishonesty or breach of trust.			

- 1 (2) Engaging in employee leasing services or offering to engage in the provision of employee leasing services without a license.
 - (3) Failure to provide notice to the Commissioner and client company within 10 days of the lapse of any insurance coverage pursuant to G.S. 58-89-130.
 - (4) Failure to provide the notice required by G.S. 58-50-40.
 - (b) For purposes of this section, a conviction includes an adjudication of guilt, a plea of guilty, and a plea of nolo contendere.

"§ 58-89-160. Sanctions.

- (a) On a finding that a ground for disciplinary action exists under G.S. 58-89-155, the Commissioner may suspend or terminate a license, impose a civil penalty, and seek an order of restitution under G.S. 58-2-70.
- (b) On termination of a license, the licensee shall immediately return the terminated license to the Commissioner.
- (c) Any disciplinary action taken, any temporary or permanent termination of a license, or any determination that an officer or controlling person is unqualified shall be made by the Commissioner subject to Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.

"§ 58-89-165. Injunctions; civil remedies; cease and desist orders.

- (a) In addition to the penalties and other enforcement provisions of this Article, if any person violates this Article or any rule implementing this Article, the Commissioner may seek an injunction in a court of competent jurisdiction and may apply for temporary and permanent orders that the Commissioner determines are necessary to restrain the person from committing the violation.
- (b) Any person damaged by the acts of a person in violation of this Article may bring a civil action against the person committing the violation in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (c) The Commissioner may issue, in accordance with G.S. 58-63-32, a cease and desist order upon a person that violates any provision of this Article, any rule or order adopted by the Commissioner, or any written agreement entered into with the Commissioner. The cease and desist order may be subject to judicial review under G.S. 58-63-35.
- (d) When the Commissioner finds that an activity in violation of this Article presents an immediate danger to the public that requires an immediate final order, the Commissioner may issue an emergency cease and desist order reciting with particularity the facts underlying the findings. The emergency cease and desist order is effective immediately upon service of a copy of the order on the respondent and remains effective for 90 days. If the Commissioner begins nonemergency cease and desist proceedings, the emergency cease and desist order remains effective, absent an order by a court of competent jurisdiction in accordance with G.S. 58-63-35.
- 41 (e) <u>In addition to the penalties and other enforcement provisions of this Article,</u>
 42 <u>any person who violates this Article is subject to G.S. 58-2-70.</u>

(f) The Commissioner is not required to post a bond for injunctive relief under this section.

"§ 58-89-170. Prohibited acts.

No person shall do any of the following:

- (1) Engage in or offer employee leasing services without holding a license under this Article as a professional employer organization.
- Use the name or title "staff leasing company", "employee leasing company", "licensed staff leasing company", "staff leasing services company", "professional employer organization", or "administrative employer" or otherwise represent that the person is licensed under this Article unless the person holds a license issued under this Article.
- (3) Represent as the person's own the license of another person or represent that a person is licensed if the person does not hold a license.
- (4) Give materially false or forged evidence to the Commissioner in connection with obtaining a license or in connection with disciplinary proceedings under this Article.
- (5) Use or attempt to use a license that has been suspended or terminated.

"§ 58-89-175. Criminal penalty.

A person who violates G.S. 58-89-170 commits a Class H felony. Any officer or controlling person who willfully violates any provision of this Article may be subject to any and all criminal penalties available under State law."

SECTION 2. The Department of Insurance shall report to the 2005 General Assembly on the implementation, administration, and enforcement of Article 89 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes, as enacted in Section 1 of this act. In its report, the Department shall recommend any statutory changes required to regulate professional employer organizations and enforce Article 89 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes.

SECTION 3. Each professional employer organization operating within this State as of January 1, 2003, shall complete its initial licensing not later than 180 days after January 1, 2003. Each professional employer organization not operating within this State as of January 1, 2003, shall complete its initial licensing prior to commencement of operations within this State.

SECTION 4. If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional, preempted, or otherwise invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of the act as a whole or any part other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional, preempted, or otherwise invalid.

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective January 1, 2003, and applies to any contracts entered into, any business conducted, and any actions taken on or after that date, except that this act shall not become effective until funds have been appropriated to implement the provisions of this act.