GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

H HOUSE BILL 188*

Short Title: Fair Election Act. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Morris, McMahan, Dockham; Barbee, Barnhart, Blust,

Bowie, Capps, Culp, Davis, Harrington, Johnson, Pope, Preston, Sherrill,

Teague, Walend, Walker, Weatherly, and G. Wilson.

Referred to: Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House.

February 21, 2001

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO REFORM THE ELECTION LAWS FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING
VOTING SIMPLER AND FAIRER.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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SECTION 1. G.S. 163-140 (b)(1) reads as rewritten:

Ballot for Presidential Electors: On the ballot for presidential electors there shall be printed, under the titles of the offices, the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States nominated by each political party qualified under the provisions of G.S. 163-96, and the names of the unaffiliated candidates for President and Vice-President qualified under the provisions of G.S. 163-122 and G.S. 163-209. A separate column shall be assigned to each political party with candidates on the ballot, and a separate column shall be assigned to each pair of unaffiliated candidates for President and Vice-President, if any, and the columns shall be separated by distinct black lines. At the head of each party column the party name shall be printed in large type and below it a circle, one-half inch in diameter, and below the circle the names of the party's candidates for President and Vice-President in that order. At the head of the columns for unaffiliated candidates shall be printed in large type the words "Unaffiliated Candidates", and below it a circle, one-half inch in diameter, and below the circle the names of a pair of unaffiliated candidates for President and Vice-President. On the face of the ballot, above the party column division, the following instructions shall be printed in heavy black type:

a. To vote this ballot, make a cross (X) mark in the circ the name of the political party for whose candidates you vote or below the heading for the unaffiliated candidates.	
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yote or below the heading for the unaffiliated candid	u wish to
vote of below the heading for the unarimated earlier	dates for
4 whom you wish to vote.	
b. A vote for the names of a political party's candid	lates for
President and Vice-President is a vote for the elector	s of that

- b. A vote for the names of a political party's candidates for President and Vice-President is a vote for the electors of that party, and a vote for the names of unaffiliated candidates for President and Vice-President is a vote for electors named by the unaffiliated candidate for President, the names of whom are on file with the Secretary of State.
- c. If you tear or deface or wrongly mark this ballot, return it and get another.

On the bottom of the ballot shall be printed an identified facsimile of the signature of the Chairman of the State Board of Elections.

The official ballot for presidential electors shall not be combined with any other official ballots."

SECTION 2. Article 13 of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 163-140.2. Presidential vote part of straight-party ticket.

On any ballot, regardless of the voting system used, that permits a voter to vote a straight-party ticket covering some ballot items, the ballot item for presidential electors shall be subject to that straight-party vote."

SECTION 3. G.S. 163-226(a1) reads as rewritten:

"(a1) No-Excuse Absentee Voting for One-Stop in General Elections Only. – The only type of absentee voting that is not subject to the excuse requirements of subsection (a) of this section is one-stop voting as provided in G.S. 163-227.2 for elections held on the day of the general elections in November of even numbered years. 163-227.2."

SECTION 4. G.S. 163-227.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 163-227.2. Alternate procedures for requesting application for absentee ballot; "one-stop" voting procedure in board office.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (a1) of this section, a person expecting to be absent from the county in which that person is registered during the entire period that the polls are open on the day of an election in which absentee ballots are authorized or is eligible under G.S. 163-226(a)(2), 163-226(a)(3a), or 163-226(a)(4) may request an application for absentee ballots, complete the application, and vote under the provisions of this section.
- (a1) The excuse requirements of G.S. 163-226(a) do not apply to one-stop voting for elections held on the day of the general elections in November of even numbered years. <u>voting.</u>
- (b) Not earlier than the first business day after the twenty fifth eighteenth day before an election, in which absentee ballots are authorized, in which a voter seeks to vote and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the Friday prior to that election, the voter shall appear in person only at the office of the county board of elections, except as provided in subsection—(f1)—(g) of this section. That voter shall enter the voting enclosure at the

board office through the appropriate entrance and shall at once state his or her name and place of residence to an authorized member or employee of the board. A voter shall display one of the following types of valid identification:

- (1) A North Carolina drivers license.
- (2) A special identification card issued under G.S. 20-37.7.
- (3) A passport.

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- (4) An identification card issued by the United States Department of Defense.
- (5) A social security card and one other type of identification showing the name and a picture of the voter.

A voter who does not show one of those types of identification shall be allowed to mark a ballot. That ballot shall be sealed in an envelope on which it shall be noted that the voter did not display identification in compliance with the statute. The county board of elections shall determine if the voter is eligible to cast the ballot and, if so, shall count it, and if not, shall not count it. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules which shall include instructions for county boards of elections in methods to determine the eligibility of persons who apply to vote without presenting identification.

In a primary election, the voter shall also state the political party with which the voter affiliates and in whose primary the voter desires to vote, or if the voter is an unaffiliated voter permitted to vote in the primary of a particular party under G.S. 163-119, the voter shall state the name of the authorizing political party in whose primary he wishes to vote. The board member or employee to whom the voter gives this information shall announce the name and residence of the voter in a distinct tone of voice. After examining the registration records, an employee of the board shall state whether the person seeking to vote is duly registered. If the voter is found to be registered that voter may request that the authorized member or employee of the board furnish the voter with an application form as specified in G.S. 163-227. The voter shall complete the application in the presence of the authorized member or employee of the board, and shall deliver the application to that person.

(c) If the application is properly filled out, the authorized member or employee shall enter the voter's name in the register of absentee requests, applications, and ballots issued; shall furnish the voter with the instruction sheets called for by G.S. 163-229(c); and shall furnish the voter with the ballots to which the application for absentee ballots applies. The voter thereupon shall vote in accordance with subsection (e) of this section.

All actions required by this subsection shall be performed in the office of the board of elections, except that the voting may take place in an adjacent room as provided by subsection (e) of this section. The application under this subsection shall be signed in the presence of the chairman, member, director of elections of the board, or full-time employee, authorized by the board who shall sign the application and certificate as the witness and indicate the official title held by him or her. Notwithstanding G.S. 163-231(a), in the case of this subsection, only one witness shall be required on the certificate.

(d) Only the chairman, member, employee, or director of elections of the board shall keep the voter's application for absentee ballots in a safe place, separate and apart

from other applications and container-return envelopes. If the voter's application for absentee ballots is disapproved by the board, the board shall so notify the voter stating the reason for disapproval by first-class mail addressed to the voter at that voter's residence address and at the address shown in the application for absentee ballots; and the board shall enter a challenge under G.S. 163-89.

(e) The voter shall vote that voter's absentee ballot in a voting booth in the office

- (e) The voter shall vote that voter's absentee ballot in a voting booth in the office of the county board of elections, and the county board of elections shall provide a voting booth for that purpose, provided however, that the county board of elections may in the alternative provide a private room for the voter adjacent to the office of the board, in which case the voter shall vote that voter's absentee ballot in that room. If the voter needs assistance in getting to and from the voting booth and in preparing and marking that voter's ballots or if the voter is a blind voter, only a member of the county board of elections, the director of elections, an employee of the board of elections authorized by the board, a near relative of the voter or the voter's verifiable legal guardian shall be entitled to assist the voter.
- If a county uses a voting system with retrievable ballots, that county's board of elections may by resolution elect to conduct one-stop absentee voting according to the provisions of this subsection. In a county in which the board has opted to do so, a one-stop voter shall cast the ballot and then shall deposit the ballot in the ballot box or voting system in the same manner as if such box or system was in use in a precinct on election day. At the end of each business day, or at any time when there will be no employee or officer of the board of elections on the premises, the ballot box or system shall be secured in accordance with a plan approved by the State Board of Elections, which shall include that no additional ballots have been placed in the box or system. Any county board desiring to conduct one-stop voting according to this subsection shall submit a plan for doing so to the State Board of Elections. The State Board shall adopt standards for conducting one-stop voting under this subsection and shall approve any county plan that adheres to its standards. The county board shall adhere to its State Board-approved plan. The plan shall provide that each one-stop ballot shall have a ballot number on it in accordance with G.S. 163-230.1(a2), or shall have an equivalent identifier to allow for retrievability. The standards shall address retrievability in one-stop voting on direct record electronic equipment where no paper ballot is used.
- (f) Notwithstanding the exception specified in G.S. 163-36, counties which operate a modified full-time office shall remain open five days each week during regular business hours consistent with daily hours presently observed by the county board of elections, commencing with the date prescribed in G.S. 163-227.2(b) and continuing until 5:00 p.m. on the Friday prior to that election or primary. The boards of county commissioners shall provide necessary funds for the additional operation of the office during that time.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a county board of elections by unanimous vote of all its members may provide for one or more sites in that county for absentee ballots to be applied for and cast under this section. Any site other than the county board of elections office shall be in any building or part of a building that the county board of elections is entitled under G.S. 163-129 to demand and use as a

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voting place. Every individual staffing any of those sites shall be a member or full-time 1 2 employee of the county board of elections or an employee of the county board of 3 elections whom the board has given training equivalent to that given a full-time employee. Those sites must be approved by the State Board of Elections as part of a 4 5 Plan for Implementation approved by both the county board of elections and by the 6 State Board of Elections which shall also provide adequate security of the ballots and provisions to avoid allowing persons to vote who have already voted. The Plan for 7 8 Implementation shall include a provision for the presence of political party observers at 9 each one-stop site equivalent to the provisions in G.S. 163-45 for party observers at 10 voting places on election day. By unanimous vote of all its members, a county board of elections may propose in its Plan not to offer one-stop voting at the county board of 11 12 elections office but to rely exclusively on the other sites; the State Board shall approve that proposal in a Plan only if it finds that the other sites provide adequate coverage of 13 14 the county's electorate. If a county board of elections has considered a proposed Plan or 15 Plans for Implementation and has been unable to reach unanimity in favor of a Plan, a 16 member or members of that county board of elections may petition the State Board of 17 Elections to adopt a plan for it. If petitioned, the State Board may also receive and 18 consider alternative petitions from another member or members of that county board. 19 The State Board of Elections may adopt a Plan for that county. The State Board, in that 20 plan, shall take into consideration factors including geographic, demographic, and 21 partisan interests of that county. 22

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 163-89(a) and (b), a challenge may be entered against a voter at a one-stop site under subsection (g) of this section or during one-stop voting at the county board office. The challenge may be entered by a person conducting one-stop voting under this section or by another registered voter who resides in the same precinct as the voter being challenged. If challenged at the place where one-stop voting occurs, the voter shall be allowed to cast a ballot in the same way as other voters. The challenge shall be made on forms prescribed by the State Board of Elections. The challenge shall be heard by the county board of elections in accordance with the procedures set forth in G.S. 163-89(e)."

SECTION 5. G.S. 163-82.19 reads as rewritten:

"§ 163-82.19. Voter registration at drivers license offices.

The Division of Motor Vehicles shall, pursuant to the rules adopted by the State Board of Elections, modify its forms so that any eligible person who applies for original issuance, renewal or correction of a drivers license, or special identification card issued under G.S. 20-37.7 may, on a part of the form, complete an application to register to vote or to update his registration if the voter has changed his address or moved from one precinct to another or from one county to another. The person taking the application shall ask if the applicant is a citizen of the United States. If the applicant states that the applicant is not a citizen of the United States, or declines to answer the question, the person taking the application shall inform the applicant that it is a felony for a person who is not a citizen of the United States to apply to register to vote. Any person who willfully and knowingly and with fraudulent intent gives false information on the application is guilty of a Class I felony. The application shall state in clear language the

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penalty for violation of this section. The necessary forms shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections. The form must ask for the previous voter registration address of the voter, if any. If a previous address is listed, and it is not in the county of residence of the applicant, the appropriate county board of elections shall treat the application as an authorization to cancel the previous registration and also process it as such under the procedures of G.S. 163-82.9. If a previous address is listed and that address is in the county where the voter applies to register, the application shall be processed as if it had been submitted under G.S. 163-82.9.

Registration shall become effective as provided in G.S. 163-82.7. Applications to register to vote accepted at a drivers license office under this section until the deadline established in G.S. 163-82.6(c)(2) shall be treated as timely made for an election, and no person who completes an application at that drivers license office shall be denied the vote in that election for failure to apply earlier than that deadline.

All applications shall be forwarded by the Department of Transportation to the appropriate board of elections not later than five business days after the date of acceptance, according to rules which shall be promulgated by the State Board of Elections. Those rules shall provide for a paperless, instant, electronic transfer of applications to the appropriate county board of elections."

SECTION 6. G.S. 163-150(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Checking Registration. A person seeking to vote shall enter the voting enclosure at the voting place through the appropriate entrance and shall at once state his name and place of residence to one of the judges of election. In a primary election, the voter shall also state the political party with which he affiliates and in whose primary he desires to vote, or if the voter is an unaffiliated voter permitted to vote in the primary of a particular party under G.S. 163-119, the voter shall state the name of the authorizing political party in whose primary he wishes to vote. The judge to whom the voter gives this information shall announce the name and residence of the voter in a distinct tone of voice. A voter shall display one of the following types of valid identification:
 - (1) A North Carolina drivers license.
 - (2) A special identification card issued under G.S. 20-37.7.
 - (3) A passport.
 - (4) An identification card issued by the United States Department of Defense.
 - (5) A social security card and one other type of identification showing the name and a picture of the voter.

A voter who does not show one of those types of identification shall be allowed to mark a ballot. That ballot shall be sealed in an envelope on which it shall be noted that the voter did not display identification in compliance with the statute. The county board of elections shall determine if the voter is eligible to cast the ballot and, if so, shall count it, and if not, shall not count it. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules which shall include instructions for county boards of elections in methods to determine the eligibility of persons who apply to vote without presenting identification.

After examining the precinct registration records, the chief judge shall state whether the person seeking to vote is duly registered."

SECTION 7.(a) G.S. 163-140.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 163-140.1. Political party alignment on ballots.

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All ballots printed for use in general elections in the State, district, county or any other political subdivision, shall be aligned with the number of political party columns required pursuant to instructions contained in G.S. 163-140(b) and the columns shall be assigned in strict alphabetical order, beginning with the left column, to the political parties entitled to ballot position provided such political parties reflect at least five percent (5%) of the total statewide voter registration, according to the latest statistical report published by the State Board of Elections. Elections so that such parties rotate order each three years, and if there are more than two eligible parties, then the order among those parties shall be determined by lot, with no party being eligible for the left column for three years after it has had that column. Political parties having less than five percent (5%) of the total statewide voter registration, but otherwise eligible for ballot position shall be assigned column alignment to the right of all other qualified political parties. The State Board of Elections shall be responsible for implementing the procedures required by this section and shall issue instructions to those counties using voting machines so as to accomplish the effect of this section whether such counties utilize voting machines that list party columns in a horizontal or vertical alignment. Every county board of elections shall follow the column alignment prescribed by the State Board of Elections."

SECTION 7.(b) This section becomes effective January 1, 2002. Rotation as required by this section begins in 2002, with the party that had the second to the left column in 2000 having the left column in 2002, 2003, and 2004.

SECTION 8. G.S. 163-82.14 reads as rewritten:

"§ 163-82.14. List maintenance.

- (a) Uniform Program. The State Board of Elections shall adopt a uniform program that makes a reasonable effort:
 - (1) To remove the names of ineligible voters from the official lists of eligible voters, and
 - (2) To update the addresses and other necessary data of persons who remain on the official lists of eligible voters.

That program shall be nondiscriminatory and shall comply with the provisions of the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended, and with the provisions of the National Voter Registration Act. The State Board of Elections, in addition to the methods set forth in this section, may use other methods toward the ends set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, including address-updating services provided by the Postal Service. Each county board of elections shall conduct systematic efforts to remove names from its list of registered voters in accordance with this section and with the program adopted by the State Board.

(b) Death. – The Department of Health and Human Services shall furnish free of charge to the State Board of Elections every month, in a format prescribed by the State Board of Elections, the names of deceased persons who were residents of the State. The State Board of Elections shall distribute every month to each county board of elections the names on that list of deceased persons who were residents of that county. The

Department of Health and Human Services shall base each list upon information 1 2 supplied by death certifications it received during the preceding month. Upon the 3 receipt of those names, each county board of elections shall remove from its voter 4 registration records any person the list shows to be dead. The county board need not 5 send any notice to the address of the person so removed. 6

(c) Conviction of a Felony. –

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- Report of Conviction Within the State. The clerk of superior court, (1) on or before the fifteenth day of every month, shall report to the county board of elections of that county the name, county of residence, and residence address if available, of each individual against whom a final judgment of conviction of a felony has been entered in that county in the preceding calendar month. Any county board of elections receiving such a report about an individual who is a resident of another county in this State shall forward a copy of that report to the board of elections of that county as soon as possible.
- (2) Report of Federal Conviction. – The Executive Secretary-Director of the State Board of Elections, upon receipt of a notice of conviction sent by a United States Attorney pursuant to section 8(g) of the National Voter Registration Act, shall notify the appropriate county boards of elections of the conviction.
- (3) County Board's Duty Upon Receiving Report of Conviction. – When a county board of elections receives a notice pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection relating to a resident of that county and that person is registered to vote in that county, the board shall, after giving 30 days' written notice to the voter at his registration address, and if the voter makes no objection, remove the person's name from its registration records. If the voter notifies the county board of elections of his objection to the removal within 30 days of the notice, the chairman of the board of elections shall enter a challenge under G.S. 163-85(c)(5), and the notice the county board received pursuant to this subsection shall be prima facie evidence for the preliminary hearing that the registrant was convicted of a felony.
- (d) Change of Address. – A county board of elections shall conduct a systematic program to remove from its list of registered voters those who have moved out of the county, and to update the registration records of persons who have moved within the county. The county board shall remove a person from its list if the registrant:
 - Gives confirmation in writing of a change of address for voting (1) purposes out of the county. "Confirmation in writing" for purposes of this subdivision shall include:
 - A report to the county board from the Department of Transportation or from a voter registration agency listed in G.S. 163-82.20 that the voter has reported a change of address for voting purposes outside the county;
 - A notice of cancellation received under G.S. 163-82.9; or b.

A notice of cancellation received from an election jurisdiction

outside the State.

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3 (2) Fails to respond to a confirmation mailing sent by the county board in accordance with this subdivision and does not vote or appear to vote in 4 5 an election beginning on the date of the notice and ending on the day 6 after the date of the second general election for the United States 7 House of Representatives that occurs after the date of the notice. A county board sends a confirmation notice in accordance with this 8 9 subdivision if the notice: 10 Is a postage prepaid and preaddressed return card, sent by a. forwardable mail, on which the registrant may state current 11 12 address: 13 b. Contains or is accompanied by a notice to the effect that if the 14 registrant did not change residence but remained in the county, 15 the registrant should return the card not later than the deadline 16 for registration by mail in G.S. 163-82.6(c)(1); and 17 Contains or is accompanied by information as to how the c. 18 registrant may continue to be eligible to vote if the registrant has moved outside the county. 19 A county board shall send a confirmation mailing in accordance with 20 21 this subdivision if the to every registrant remains on the list, the registrant has not voted in two successive presidential elections or in 22 any election in between, and after every congressional election if the 23 24 county board has not confirmed the registrant's address by another means. The county board may send a confirmation mailing in 25 accordance with this subdivision if the registrant has been identified as 26 27 residing outside the county through change of address information supplied by the Postal Service through its licensees." 28 29 **SECTION 9.** All municipal elections shall be held on the days specified in G.S. 163-279. All local acts in conflict with G.S. 163-279 are repealed. 30 **SECTION 10.** The State Board of Elections shall prepare a feasible plan to 31 32 implement voting on the Internet or determine that such a plan is not feasible. The State 33 Board shall report on that plan to the 2003 General Assembly by March 1, 2003. 34 **SECTION 11.** Article 1 of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes is amended 35 by adding a new section to read: "§ 120-2.3. Single-member districts required in House and Senate. 36 An act of the General Assembly that revises Senate or House districts shall consist 37 38 exclusively of single-member districts." SECTION 12. Article 1 of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes is amended 39

by adding a new section to read:

"§ 120-2.4. Dividing counties limited in House and Senate plans.

An act of the General Assembly that revises Senate and House districts shall divide

counties only where necessary to achieve single-member districts and to comply with

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the State Constitution and with federal law in achieving required population equality and avoiding racial discrimination."

SECTION 13. Article 17 of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 163-201.3. Dividing counties limited in congressional plans.

An act of the General Assembly that revises districts for the United States House of Representatives shall divide counties only where necessary to achieve single-member districts and to comply with the State Constitution and with federal law in achieving required population equality and avoiding racial discrimination."

SECTION 14. The State Board of Elections shall resubmit to the Attorney General of the United States, for preclearance under section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, G.S. 120-2.2, and G.S. 163-201.2, as ratified in Chapter 355 of the 1995 Session Laws.

SECTION 15. G.S. 163-160 reads as rewritten:

"§ 163-160. Voting systems; approval; rules and regulations.

The State Board of Elections shall have authority to approve types of voting systems for use in primaries and elections held in this State. The use of voting systems that have been approved by the State Board of Elections in any primary or election held in any county or municipality shall be as valid as the use of paper ballots by the voters.

The State Board of Elections shall prescribe rules and regulations for the adoption, handling, operation, and honest use of voting systems, including, but not limited to, the following:

- (1) Types of voting systems approved for use in this State; <u>provided that</u> the State Board shall approve only those voting systems that have been approved by the National Association of State Election Directors and the State Board shall not approve a punch-card voting system;
- (2) Form of ballot labels to be used on voting systems;
- (3) Operation and manner of voting on voting systems;
- (4) Instruction of precinct officials in the use of voting systems;
- (5) Instruction of voters in the use of voting systems;
- (6) Assistance to voters using voting systems;
- (7) Duties of custodians of voting systems;
- (8) Examination of voting systems before use in a primary election; and
- (9) Use of paper or other ballots where voting systems are used as set out in G.S. 163-162."

SECTION 16. G.S. 163-170 is amended by adding a new subdivision to

36 read:

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"(8) Rules and Directions by State Board of Elections. -- The State Board of Elections shall prescribe procedures and standards for counting and recounting votes for each type of voting system. Those procedures and standards shall be followed uniformly throughout the State in all places where that type of voting system is used. The State Board shall direct the county boards of elections in the application of the principles and rules in individual circumstances."

SECTION 17. G.S. 163-140(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Kinds of General Election Ballots; Right to Combine. For purposes of general elections, there shall be seven kinds of official ballots entitled:
 - (1) Ballot for presidential electors
 - (2) Ballot for United States Senator
 - (3) Ballot for member of the United States House of Representatives
 - (4) State ballot

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- (5) County ballot
- (6) Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 793, s. 56
- (7) Ballot for constitutional amendments and other propositions submitted to the people
- (8) Judicial ballot for superior court.

Use of official ballots shall be limited to the purposes indicated by their titles. The printing on all ballots shall be plain and legible but, unless large type is specified by this section, type larger than 10-point shall not be used in printing ballots. All general election ballots shall be prepared in such a way as to leave sufficient blank space beneath each name printed thereon in which a voter may conveniently write the name of any person for whom he may desire to vote.

No general election ballot shall be used which requires the voter to punch out a hole with a stylus or other tool.

Unless prohibited by this section, the board of elections, State or county, charged by law with printing ballots may, in its discretion, combine any two or more official ballots. Whenever two or more ballots are combined, the voting instructions for the State ballot set out in subsection (b)(4) of this section shall be used, except that if the two ballots being combined do not contain a multi-seat race, then the second sentence of instruction b. shall not appear on the ballot.

Contests in the general election for seats in the State House of Representatives and State Senate shall be on ballots that are separate from ballots containing non-legislative contests, except where the voting system used makes separation of ballots impractical. State House and State Senate contests shall be on the same ballot, unless one is a single-seat contest and the other a multi-seat contest.

All candidates for the Appellate Division shall appear on the same ballot."

SECTION 18. G.S. 163-140(b)(1) reads as rewritten:

"(1) Ballot for Presidential Electors: On the ballot for presidential electors there shall be printed, under the titles of the offices, the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States nominated by each political party qualified under the provisions of G.S. 163-96, and the names of the unaffiliated candidates for President and Vice-President qualified under the provisions of G.S. 163-122 and G.S. 163-209. A separate column shall be assigned to each political party with candidates on the ballot, and a separate column shall be assigned to each pair of unaffiliated candidates for President and Vice-President, if any, and the columns shall be separated by distinct black lines. The ballot shall not have two parallel sets of columns with some of the parties in one column and the other parties in a second

1	column. At the head of each party column the party name sh	all be
2	printed in large type and below it a circle, one-half inch in dia	
3	and below the circle the names of the party's candidates for Pre	
4	and Vice-President in that order. At the head of the column	
5	unaffiliated candidates shall be printed in large type the	words
6	"Unaffiliated Candidates", and below it a circle, one-half in	
7	diameter, and below the circle the names of a pair of unaff	iliated
8	candidates for President and Vice-President. On the face of the	ballot,
9	above the party column division, the following instructions sh	all be
10	printed in heavy black type:	
11	a. To vote this ballot, make a cross (X) mark in the circle	below
12	the name of the political party for whose candidates you v	ish to
13	vote or below the heading for the unaffiliated candidat	es for
14	whom you wish to vote.	
15	b. A vote for the names of a political party's candidate	es for
16	President and Vice-President is a vote for the electors of	of that
17	party, and a vote for the names of unaffiliated candidate	es for
18	President and Vice-President is a vote for electors named	by the
19	unaffiliated candidate for President, the names of whom	are on
20	file with the Secretary of State.	
21	c. If you tear or deface or wrongly mark this ballot, return	it and
22	get another.	
23	On the bottom of the ballot shall be printed an identified facsin	nile of
24	the signature of the Chairman of the State Board of Elections.	
25	The official ballot for presidential electors shall not be con	ıbined
26	with any other official ballots."	
27	SECTION 19. Except as otherwise provided in the other sections of the	is act,
28	this act becomes effective January 1, 2002.	