SESSION 1999

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SENATE BILL 1270*

Short Title: Nondepository/Family Trust Company.

(Public)

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Sponsors: Senators Warren; Albertson, Carpenter, Carter, Clodfelter, Cooper, Dalton, Dannelly, Forrester, Garrou, Garwood, Hagan, Horton, Hoyle, Kerr, Kinnaird, Lucas, Martin of Guilford, Odom, Phillips, Purcell, Rand, Reeves, Robinson, Rucho, Soles, Weinstein, and Wellons.

Referred to: Commerce.

May 17, 2000

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE CHARTERING OF INDEPENDENT TRUST
3	COMPANIES AND TO PERMIT BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES TO
4	CONDUCT A TRUST BUSINESS ON AN INTERSTATE BASIS, AS
5	RECOMMENDED BY THE LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH COMMISSION.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. The General Statutes of North Carolina are amended by adding a
8	new Article 23 of Chapter 53 to read as follows:
9	" <u>ARTICLE 23.</u>
10	"TRUST COMPANIES AND INTERSTATE TRUST.
11	"PART 1. DEFINITIONS.
12	" <u>§ 53-290. Definitions.</u>
13	(a) <u>Unless otherwise provided, the following definitions apply in this Article:</u>
14	(1) 'Account' means the client relationship established with a trust company
15	involving the transfer of funds or property to the trust company,
16	including a relationship in which the trust company acts as trustee,
17	executor, administrator, guardian, custodian, conservator, bailee,

1		receiver, registrar, or agent, but excluding a relationship in which the
2		trust company acts solely in an advisory capacity.
23	(2)	<u>'Act as a fiduciary' or 'acting as a fiduciary' means to:</u>
4	<u>(2)</u>	<u>a.</u> Accept or execute trusts, including to (i) act as trustee under a
5		written agreement; (ii) receive money or other property in its
6		capacity as trustee for investment in real or personal property;
7		(iii) act as trustee and perform the fiduciary duties committed or
8		transferred to it by order of a court of competent jurisdiction; (iv)
9		act as trustee of the estate of a deceased person; or (v) act as
10		trustee for a minor or incapacitated person;
11		b. Administer in any other fiduciary capacity real or tangible
12		<u>personal property; or</u>
12		c. Act pursuant to order of a court of competent jurisdiction as
13		executor or administrator of the estate of a deceased person or as
15		a guardian or conservator for a minor or incapacitated person.
16	<u>(3)</u>	'Administer' means with respect to real or tangible personal property as
17	<u>(5)</u>	an agent or in another representative capacity, to possess, purchase, sell,
18		lease or insure, safekeep, or otherwise manage the property.
19	<u>(4)</u>	'Affiliate' means a company that directly or indirectly controls, is
20	\	controlled by, or is under common control with a trust institution or
21		other company.
22	<u>(5)</u>	'Bank' is as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 1813(h); provided that the term 'bank'
23	<u> </u>	shall not include any 'foreign bank' as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 3101(7),
24		except for any foreign bank organized under the laws of a territory of
25		the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, or the Virgin
26		Islands, the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit
27		Insurance Corporation.
28	<u>(6)</u>	'Bank supervisory agency' means:
29		a. Any agency of another state with primary responsibility for
30		chartering and supervising a trust institution; and
31		b. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal
32		Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Board of Governors of the
33		Federal Reserve System, the Office of Thrift Supervision, and
34		any successor to these agencies.
35	<u>(7)</u>	'Branch' is as defined in G.S. 53-1(1a) with respect to a depository
36		institution.
37	<u>(8)</u>	'Capital' means the sum of the par value of all issued and outstanding
38		shares of a state trust company.
39	<u>(9)</u>	'Charter' means a charter, license, or other authority issued by the
40		Commissioner or a bank supervisory agency authorizing a trust
41		institution to act as a fiduciary in its home state.
42	<u>(10)</u>	'Client' means a person to whom a trust institution owes a duty or
43		obligation under a trust or other account administered by the trust

1		institution or as an advisor or agent, regardless of whether the trust
2		institution owes a fiduciary duty to the person. The term includes the
3		noncontingent beneficiaries of an account.
4	<u>(11)</u>	'Commission' means the North Carolina State Banking Commission.
5	<u>(12)</u>	'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of Banks for the State of
6		North Carolina.
7	<u>(13)</u>	'Company' includes a bank, trust company, corporation, partnership,
8		association, business trust, or another trust.
9	<u>(14)</u>	'Conservator' means the Commissioner or an agent of the Commissioner
10		exercising the powers and duties set forth in this Article.
11	<u>(15)</u>	<u>'Control' means:</u>
12		a. The ownership of or ability or power to vote, directly, acting
13		through one or more other persons, or otherwise indirectly, more
14		than twenty-five percent (25%) of the outstanding shares of a
15		class of voting securities of a state trust company or other
16		company;
17		b. The ability to control the election of a majority of the board of a
18		state trust company or other company;
19		c. The power to exercise, directly or indirectly, a controlling
20		influence over the management or policies of the state trust
21		company or other company as determined by the Commissioner
22		after notice and an opportunity for hearing; or
23		d. The conditioning of the transfer of more than twenty-five percent
24		(25%) of the outstanding shares of a class of voting securities of
25		a state trust company or other company on the transfer of more
26		than twenty-five percent (25%) of the outstanding shares of a
27		class of voting securities of another state trust company or other
28		company.
29	(16)	'Depository institution' means any company chartered to act as a
30	~~~/	fiduciary and included for any purpose within any of the definitions of
31		'insured depository institution' as set forth in 12 U.S.C. § 1813(c)(2) and
32		<u>(3).</u>
33	<u>(17)</u>	'Equity capital' means the amount by which the total assets of a state
34	<u> </u>	trust company exceed the total liabilities of the state trust company.
35	<u>(18)</u>	'Equity security' means:
36	(10)	<u>a.</u> Stock, other than adjustable rate preferred stock and money
37		market (auction rate) preferred stock;
38		<u>b.</u> <u>A certificate of interest or participation in a profit-sharing</u>
39		agreement, collateral-trust certificate, preorganization certificate
40		or subscription, transferable share, investment contract, voting-
41		trust certificate;
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1		c. <u>A security immediately convertible at the option of the holder</u>
2		without payment of significant additional consideration into a
3		security described by this subdivision;
4		d. <u>A security carrying a warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase</u>
5		a security described by this subdivision; and
6		e. <u>A certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim</u>
7		certificate for, or receipt for a security described by this
8		subdivision that evidences an existing or contingent equity
9		ownership interest.
10	<u>(19)</u>	'Fiduciary record' means a matter written, transcribed, recorded,
11		received, or otherwise in the possession or control of a trust company,
12		whether in physical or electromagnetic form, that is necessary to
13		preserve information concerning an act or event relevant to an account
14		or a client of a trust company.
15	<u>(20)</u>	'Foreign bank' means a foreign bank, as defined in section 1(b)(7) of the
16		International Banking Act of 1978, chartered to act as a fiduciary in a
17		state other than this State.
18	(21)	'Hazardous condition' means with respect to a trust company:
19		a. A refusal by the trust company to permit examination of its
20		books, papers, accounts, records, or affairs by the Commissioner;
21		b. Violation by a trust company of a condition of its chartering or
22		an agreement entered into between the trust company and the
23		Commissioner; or
24		c. A circumstance or condition in which an unreasonable risk of
25		loss is threatened to clients or creditors of a trust company,
26		excluding risk of loss to a client that arises as a result of the
27		client's decisions or actions, but including a circumstance or
28		condition in which a trust company:
<u>2</u> 9		<u>1.</u> Is unable or lacks the means to meet its current obligations
30		as they come due in the regular and ordinary course of
31		business, even though the book or fair market value of its
32		assets may exceed its liabilities;
33		2. <u>Has equity capital less than the amount of restricted</u>
34		<u>capital the trust company is required to maintain under</u>
35		<u>G.S. 53-329, or the adequacy of its equity capital is</u>
36		threatened, as determined under regulatory accounting
30 37		
		principles; Has concentrated an excessive or unreasonable portion of
38		3. <u>Has concentrated an excessive or unreasonable portion of</u>
39 40		its assets in a particular type or character of investment;
40		<u>4.</u> <u>Violates or refuses to comply with this Article, another</u>
41		statute or regulation applicable to trust companies, or any
42		final and enforceable order of the Commissioner;

1		<u>5.</u>	<u>Is</u> in	a condition that renders the continuation of a
2			partic	ular business practice hazardous to its clients and
3			credit	ors; or
4		<u>6.</u>	Cond	ucts business in an unsafe or unsound manner, which
5			inclue	des, but is not limited to, conducting business with:
6			<u>I.</u>	Inexperienced or inattentive management;
7			II.	Potentially dangerous operating practices;
8			III.	Infrequent or inadequate audits;
9			IV.	Administration of assets that is notably deficient in
10				relation to the volume and character or
11				responsibility for asset holdings;
12			<u>V.</u>	Failure to adhere to sound administrative practices;
13			VI.	Frequent occurrences of violations of laws,
14				regulations, or terms of the governing instruments;
15				<u>or</u>
16			VII.	Engaging in self-dealing or evidencing potential or
17				actual conflicts of interest.
18	<u>(22)</u>	'Home state'	' mear	ns (i) with respect to a federally chartered trust
19		institution a	nd a	foreign bank, the state in which the institution
20		<u>maintains</u> its	s princ	ipal office and (ii) with respect to any other trust
21		institution, th	ne state	which chartered the institution.
22	<u>(23)</u>	'Home state	regulat	or' means the bank supervisory agency with primary
23		responsibility	y for	chartering and supervising an out-of-state trust
24		institution.		
25	<u>(24)</u>	'Host state' m	neans a	state, other than the home state of a trust institution,
26		<u>or a foreign</u>	countr	y in which the trust institution maintains or seeks to
27		acquire or es	<u>tablish</u>	an office.
28	<u>(25)</u>	'Insider' mean	<u>ns:</u>	
29		<u>a.</u> Each	direct	or, officer, and principal shareholder of the trust
30		<u>compa</u>	any <u>;</u>	
31		<u>b.</u> <u>Any</u>	compa	ny controlled by a director, officer, or principal
32		shareh	nolder	of the trust company; or
33		<u>c.</u> <u>Any p</u>	berson	who participates or has authority to participate, other
34		than	in the	capacity of a director, in major policy-making
35		functi	ons of	the state trust company, whether or not the person
36		<u>has a</u>	n offic	tial title or the officer is serving without salary or
37		compe	ensatio	<u>n.</u>
38	<u>(26)</u>	'Insolvent' m	neans a	a circumstance or condition in which a state trust
39		<u>company:</u>		
40		<u>a.</u> <u>Is una</u>	able or	· lacks the means to meet its current obligations as
41		they a	come c	lue in the regular and ordinary course of business,
42		even i	f the v	alue of its assets exceeds its liabilities;

1		b. <u>Has capital less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000)</u> ,
2		as determined under regulatory accounting principles;
2		~
3 4		<u>c.</u> <u>Sells or attempts to sell substantially all of its assets or merges or attempts to merge substantially all of its assets or business with</u>
4 5		another entity other than as hereinafter provided by this Article;
6		
7		<u>d.</u> <u>Attempts to dissolve or liquidate other than as hereinafter</u>
8		provided.
9	(27)	<u>'Investment security' means a marketable obligation evidencing</u>
10	(27)	indebtedness of a person in the form of a bond, note, debenture, or other
11		debt instrument not otherwise classified as a loan or extension of credit.
12	(28)	'License' means the authority granted by the Commissioner pursuant to
12	<u>(20)</u>	this Article to establish, acquire, or maintain a trust office.
13	(29)	<u>'Loans and extensions of credit' means direct or indirect advances of</u>
15	<u>(2)</u>	funds by a state trust company to a person that are conditioned on the
16		obligation of the person to repay the funds or that are repayable from
17		specific property pledged by or on behalf of the person.
18	(30)	<u>'New trust office' means a trust office located in a host state which (i) is</u>
19	<u>(50)</u>	originally established by the trust institution as a trust office and (ii)
20		does not become a trust office of the trust institution as a result of:
21		a. <u>The acquisition of another trust institution or trust office of</u>
22		another trust institution; or
23		b. <u>A merger, consolidation, or conversion involving any trust</u>
24		institution or trust office.
25	(31)	<u>'Office' means, with respect to a trust institution, the principal office, a</u>
26	<u>(01)</u>	trust office, or a representative trust office, but not a branch.
27	(32)	'Officer' means the presiding officer of the board, the principal
28	\/	executive officer, or another officer appointed by the board of a state
29		trust company or other company, or a person or group of persons acting
30		in a comparable capacity for the state trust company or other company.
31	<u>(33)</u>	'Operating subsidiary' means a company for which a state trust company
32	<u> </u>	has the ownership, ability, or power to vote, directly, acting through one
33		or more other persons, or otherwise indirectly, more than fifty percent
34		(50%) of the outstanding shares of each class of voting securities or its
35		equivalent of the company.
36	<u>(34)</u>	'Out-of-state bank' means a bank chartered to act as a fiduciary in any
37		state or states other than this State.
38	<u>(35)</u>	'Out-of-state trust company' means either a trust company that is not a
39		state trust company or a savings institution whose principal office is not
40		located in this State.
41	<u>(36)</u>	'Out-of-state trust institution' means a trust institution that is not a state
42		trust institution.
43	<u>(37)</u>	'Person' means an individual, a company, or any other legal entity.

1	<u>(38)</u>	'Principal office' means, with respect to:
2		a. A state trust company, a location registered with the
3		Commissioner as the state trust company's home office at which:
4		<u>1.</u> The state trust company does business;
5		2. The state trust company keeps its corporate books and a
6		set of its material records, including material fiduciary
7		records; and
8		3. At least one executive officer of the state trust company
9		maintains an office; or
10		b. A trust institution other than a state trust company, its principal
11		place of business in the United States.
12	<u>(39)</u>	'Principal shareholder' means a person who owns or has the ability or
13		power to vote, directly, acting through one or more other persons, or
14		otherwise indirectly, ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding
15		shares of any class of voting securities of a state trust company or other
16		company.
17	<u>(40)</u>	'Private trust company' means a state trust company that is organized to
18		engage in business for one or more family members and does not
19		transact business with the general public as defined in G.S. 53-373.
20	(41)	'Registration' means the process by which a trust institution has been
21		authorized by the Commissioner to acquire, establish, or maintain a
22		representative trust office in this State.
23	<u>(42)</u>	'Representative trust office' means an office at which a trust institution
24		has been authorized by the Commissioner to engage in a trust business
25		other than acting as a fiduciary.
26	<u>(43)</u>	'Savings institution' means a depository institution that is neither a bank
27		nor a foreign bank.
28	<u>(44)</u>	'Shareholder' means an owner of a share in a state trust company.
29	(45)	'Shares' means the units into which the proprietary interests of a state
30		trust company are divided or subdivided by means of classes, series,
31		relative rights, or preferences.
32	<u>(46)</u>	'State' means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia,
33		any territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa,
34		the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, the Virgin Islands, and the
35		Northern Mariana Islands.
36	<u>(47)</u>	'State bank' means (i) a bank chartered to act as a fiduciary by this State
37		or (ii) a foreign bank as defined in section 1(b)(7) of the International
38		Banking Act of 1978 chartered to act as a fiduciary in this State.
39	<u>(48)</u>	'State trust company' means a corporation organized or reorganized
40		under this Article, including a trust company previously organized
41		under other provisions of Chapter 53 of the North Carolina General
42		Statutes.

1	<u>(49)</u>	'State trust institution' means a trust institution having its principal
2		office in this State.
3	<u>(50)</u>	'Subsidiary' means a company that is controlled by another person. The
4		term includes a subsidiary of a subsidiary.
5	<u>(51)</u>	'Surplus' means the amount by which the assets of a state trust company
6		exceed its liabilities, capital, and undivided profits.
7	<u>(52)</u>	'Trust business' means the holding out by a person to the public by
8		advertising, solicitation, or other means that the person is available to
9		perform any service of a fiduciary in this or another state, including:
10		<u>a.</u> <u>Acting as a fiduciary, or</u>
11		b. To the extent not acting as a fiduciary, any of the following: (i)
12		receiving for safekeeping personal property of every description;
13		(ii) acting as assignee, bailee, conservator, custodian, escrow
14		agent, registrar, receiver, or transfer agent; or (iii) acting as
15		financial advisor, investment advisor or manager, agent, or
16		attorney-in-fact in any agreed upon capacity.
17	<u>(53)</u>	'Trust company' means a state trust company or any other company
18		chartered to act as a fiduciary that is neither a depository institution nor
19		<u>a foreign bank.</u>
20	<u>(54)</u>	'Trust deposits' means the client funds held by a state trust company and
21		authorized to be deposited with itself pending investment, distribution,
22		or payment of debts on behalf of the client, depository institution,
23		foreign bank, State bank, or trust company.
24	<u>(55)</u>	'Trust institution' means a depository trust institution, foreign bank,
25		State bank, or trust company.
26	<u>(56)</u>	'Trust office' means an office, other than the principal office, at which a
27		trust institution is licensed by the Commissioner to act as a fiduciary.
28	<u>(57)</u>	'Unauthorized trust activity' means (i) a company, other than one
29		identified in G.S. 53-293(a)(1)-(8), acting as a fiduciary within this
30		State, (ii) a company engaging in a trust business in this State at any
31		office of the company that is not its principal office, if it is a state trust
32		institution, or that is not a trust office or a representative trust office of
33		the company, or (iii) an out-of-state trust institution engaging in a trust
34		business in this State at any time an order issued by the Commissioner
35		pursuant to G.S. 53-312(b) is in effect.
36	<u>(58)</u>	'Undivided profits' means the part of equity capital of a state trust
37		company equal to the balance of its net profits, income, gains, and
38		losses since the date of its formation, minus subsequent distributions to
39		shareholders and transfers to surplus or capital under share dividends or
40		appropriate board resolutions. The term includes amounts allocated to
41		undivided profits as a result of a merger.
42	<u>(59)</u>	'Voting security' means a share or other evidence of proprietary interest
43		in a state trust company or other company that has as an attribute the

1			right to vote or participate in the election of the board of the state trust
2			company or other company, regardless of whether the right is limited to
3			the election of fewer than all of the board members. The term includes
4			<u>a security that is convertible or exchangeable into a voting security.</u>
5	(b)	These	e definitions shall be liberally construed to accomplish the purposes of
6	~ / /		ne State Banking Commission may adopt other definitions by rule to
7			purposes of this Article.
8			PART 2. MULTISTATE TRUST INSTITUTIONS ACT.
9			"SUBPART A. GENERAL.
10	" <u>§</u> 53-291	. Titl	e and purposes.
11	(a)		Part may be cited as the Multistate Trust Institutions Act.
12	$\overrightarrow{(b)}$		the express intent of this Part to permit banks and other depository
13	institution		eign banks, and trust companies to engage in the trust business on a
14			nternational basis to the extent consistent with the safety and soundness of
15			itions engaged in a trust business in this State and the protection of
16			nts, and other customers of the trust institutions.
17	"§ 53-292	. Reg	ulations.
18			ssion may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General
19	Statutes to	o impl	ement the provisions of this Part.
20	<u>''SUB</u>	BPAR	F B. COMPANIES AUTHORIZED TO ACT AS A FIDUCIARY.
21	" <u>§ 53-293</u>	B. Con	<u>npanies authorized to act as a fiduciary.</u>
22	<u>(a)</u>	No co	ompany shall act as a fiduciary in this State except:
23		<u>(1)</u>	<u>A state trust company;</u>
24		<u>(2)</u>	<u>A State bank;</u>
25		<u>(3)</u>	A savings institution organized under the laws of this State and
26			authorized to act as a fiduciary pursuant to Chapter 54B or Chapter 54C
27			of the North Carolina General Statutes;
28		<u>(4)</u>	A national bank having its principal office in this State and authorized
29			by the Comptroller of the Currency to act as a fiduciary pursuant to 12
30			<u>U.S.C. § 92a;</u>
31		<u>(5)</u>	A federally chartered savings institution having its principal office in
32			this State and authorized by its federal chartering authority to act as a
33			<u>fiduciary;</u>
34		<u>(6)</u>	An out-of-state bank with a branch in this State established or
35			maintained pursuant to Article 17B of this Chapter of the North
36			Carolina General Statutes or a trust office licensed by the Commissioner
37			pursuant to this Part;
38		<u>(7)</u>	An out-of-state trust company with a trust office licensed by the
39			Commissioner pursuant to this Part; or
40		<u>(8)</u>	A foreign bank with a trust office licensed by the Commissioner
41			pursuant to this Part.
42	<u>(b)</u>		dition to the authority granted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, an
43	out-of-sta	te trus	st institution may act as a fiduciary in this State provided that the home

1		-of-state trust institution permits a trust institution organized under the
2 3		te, or having its principal office in this State, to act as a fiduciary in the
3 4	imposed by this	the out-of-state trust institution under no greater restrictions than are
4 5	· ·	<u>mpany shall engage in an unauthorized trust activity.</u>
6		ivities not requiring a charter, license, or registration.
7		ding any other provision of this Article, a company does not engage in the
8		or in any other business in a manner requiring a charter, license, or
9		er this Article or in an unauthorized trust activity by:
10	(1)	Acting in a manner authorized by law and in the scope of authority as an
11	(-)_	agent of a trust institution with respect to an activity which is not an
12		unauthorized trust activity;
13	<u>(2)</u>	Rendering a service customarily performed as an attorney or law firm in
14	~~~	a manner approved and authorized by the North Carolina State Bar;
15	<u>(3)</u>	Acting as trustee under a deed of trust delivered only as security for the
16		payment of money or for the performance of another act;
17	<u>(4)</u>	Receiving and distributing rents and proceeds of sale as a licensed real
18		estate broker on behalf of a principal in a manner authorized by the
19		North Carolina Real Estate Commission;
20	<u>(5)</u>	Engaging in a securities transaction or providing an investment advisory
21		service as a licensed and registered broker-dealer, investment advisor, or
22		registered representative thereof, provided the activity is regulated by
23		the Secretary of State or the United States Securities and Exchange
24		Commission;
25	<u>(6)</u>	Engaging in the sale and administration of an insurance product by an
26		insurance company or agent licensed by the Department of Insurance to
27		the extent that the activity is regulated by the Department of Insurance;
28	<u>(7)</u>	Engaging in the lawful sale of prepaid funeral benefits under a license
29		issued by the North Carolina Board of Mortuary Science pursuant to
30		Article 13D of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or engaging in the
31		lawful business of a perpetual care cemetery corporation pursuant to
32		Chapter 65 of the General Statutes;
33	<u>(8)</u>	Acting as trustee under a voting trust as provided by the North Carolina
34	(0)	Business Corporation Act;
35	<u>(9)</u>	Acting as trustee by a public, private, or independent institution of higher advection on a university system including its officiated
36 37		higher education or a university system, including its affiliated
37 38		<u>foundations or corporations, with respect to endowment funds or other</u> funds owned, controlled, provided to, or otherwise made available to the
38 39		institution with respect to its educational or research purposes;
39 40	(10)	Engaging in other activities expressly excluded from the Article by rule
40 41	<u>(10)</u>	of the Commission;
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1	<u>(11)</u>	Rendering services customarily performed by a certified public
2		accountant in a manner authorized by the North Carolina State Board of
3		Certified Public Accountant Examiners; or
4	<u>(12)</u>	Provided the company is a trust institution and is not barred by order of
5		the Commissioner from engaging in a trust business in this State
6		pursuant to G.S. 53-312(b): (i) marketing or soliciting in this State
7		through the mail, telephone, any electronic means, or in person with
8		respect to acting or proposing to act as fiduciary outside of this State;
9		(ii) delivering money or other intangible assets and receiving money or
10		other intangible assets from a client or other person in this State; or (iii)
11		accepting or executing outside of this State a trust of any client or
12		otherwise acting as a fiduciary outside of this State for any client.
13	" <u>§ 53-295. Tru</u>	st business of state trust institution.
14	<u>(a)</u> <u>A sta</u>	te trust institution may act as a fiduciary or otherwise engage in a trust
15	business in thi	s or any other state or foreign country, subject to complying with
16	applicable laws	s of the other state or foreign country, at an office established and
17	maintained purs	suant to this Part, at a branch, or at any location other than an office or
18	branch.	
19	<u>(b)</u> <u>In ad</u>	dition, a state trust institution may conduct any activities at any office
20	outside this Sta	te that are permissible for a trust institution chartered by the host state
21	where the office	e is located, except to the extent the activities are expressly prohibited by
22	the laws of this	State or by any regulation or order of the Commissioner applicable to the
23	state trust inst	itution; provided, however, that the Commissioner may waive any
24	prohibition if th	e Commissioner determines, by order or rule, that the involvement of out-
25	of-state offices	of state trust institutions in particular activities would not threaten the
26	safety or soundr	ness of the institutions.
27	" <u>§ 53-296. Tru</u>	<u>st business of out-of-state trust institution.</u>
28	An out-of-st	ate trust institution that establishes or maintains one or more offices in
29	this State under	this Part may conduct any activity that a state trust company is authorized
30	to conduct unde	r the laws of this State.
31	" <u>§ 53-297. Nan</u>	<u>ne of trust institution.</u>
32	A state trust	company or out-of-state trust institution may register or reserve any name
33	with the Secreta	ry of State in connection with establishing a principal office, trust office,
34	or representativ	re trust office in this State pursuant to this Article, except that the
35	Commissioner	may determine that a name proposed to be registered is potentially
36	misleading to the	ne public and require the registrant to select a name that is not potentially
37	misleading.	
38	<u>"S</u>	UBPART C. STATE TRUST INSTITUTION OFFICES.
39	" <u>§ 53-298. Tru</u>	<u>st business.</u>
40	(a) <u>A stat</u>	te trust company or a state bank may:
41	<u>(1)</u>	Perform any act as a fiduciary;
42	<u>(2)</u>	Engage in any trust business; and

1	(3) Exercise any incidental power that is reasonably necessary to enable it
2	to fully exercise, according to commonly accepted fiduciary customs
3	and usages, a power conferred in this Article.
4	(b) In addition to the authority granted under subsection (a) of this section, a state
5	trust company may exercise any other power authorized by G.S. 53-323.
6	"§ 53-299. Branches and offices of state trust institutions.
7	(a) A state trust institution may act as a fiduciary and engage in a trust business at
8	a branch and at each trust office as permitted by this Part.
9	(b) A state trust institution may not act as a fiduciary but may otherwise engage in
10	a trust business at a representative trust office as permitted by this Part.
11	(c) <u>A state bank or state trust company may engage in a trust business in an out-of-</u>
12	state office to the same extent permitted for trust institutions located in the host state in
13	which the out-of-state office is located except where the activity is prohibited by the laws
14	of this State or any regulation or order issued by the Commissioner.
15	"§ 53-300. State trust company principal office.
16	(a) Each state trust company is required to have and maintain continuously a
17	principal office in this State.
18	(b) Each executive officer at the principal office is an agent of the state trust
19	company for service of process.
20	(c) <u>A state trust company may change its principal office to any location within</u>
21	this State by filing a written notice with the Commissioner setting forth the name of the
22	state trust company, the street address of its principal office before the change, the street
23	address to which the principal office is to be changed, and a copy of the resolution
24	adopted by the board authorizing the change.
25	(d) The change of principal office shall take effect on the thirty-first day following
26	the date the Commissioner receives the notice pursuant to subsection (c) of this section,
27	unless (i) the Commissioner establishes an earlier or later date, or (ii) prior to the thirty-
28	first day, the Commissioner notifies the state trust company that it must establish to the
29	satisfaction of the Commissioner that the relocation is consistent with the original
30	determination made under G.S. 53-325(b) for the establishment of a state trust company
31	at that location, in which event the change of principal office shall take effect when
32	approved by the Commissioner.
33	" <u>§ 53-301. Trust office; representative trust office.</u>
34	(a) <u>A state trust institution may establish or acquire and maintain trust offices or</u>
35	representative trust offices anywhere in this State. A state trust institution desiring to
36	establish or acquire and maintain an office shall file a written notice with the
37	Commissioner setting forth the name of the state trust institution, the location of the
38	proposed additional office and whether the additional office will be a trust office or a
39	representative trust office, shall furnish a copy of the resolution adopted by the board
40	authorizing the additional office, and shall pay the filing fee, if any, set by rule.
41	(b) The trust institution may commence business at the additional office on the
42	thirty-first day after the date the Commissioner receives the notice, unless the
43	Commissioner specifies an earlier or later date.

1	(c) The 30-day period of review may be extended by the Commissioner on a
2	determination that the written notice raises issues that require additional information or
3	additional time for analysis. If the period of review is extended, the state trust institution
4	may establish the additional office only on prior written approval by the Commissioner.
5	(d) The Commissioner may deny approval of the additional office if the
6	Commissioner finds that the trust institution lacks sufficient financial resources to
7	undertake the proposed expansion without adversely affecting its safety or soundness or
8	that the proposed office would be contrary to the public interest.
9	"§ 53-302. Out-of-state offices.
10	(a) <u>A state bank, a state trust company, or a savings institution chartered under the</u>
11	laws of this State may establish and maintain a new trust office or a representative trust
12	office or acquire and maintain an office in a state other than this State. The trust
13	institution desiring to establish or acquire and maintain an office in another state under
14	this section shall file a notice on a form adopted by the Commissioner that sets forth the
15	name of the trust institution, the location of the proposed office, whether the office will
16	be a trust office or a representative trust office, and whether the laws of the jurisdiction
17	where the office will be located permit the office to be maintained by the trust institution,
18	shall furnish a copy of the resolution adopted by the board authorizing the out-of-state
19	office, and shall pay the filing fee, if any, set by rule.
20	(b) The state bank, state trust institution, or savings institution may commence
21	business at the additional office on the thirty-first day following the date the
22	Commissioner receives the notice, unless the Commissioner specifies an earlier or later
23	date.
24	(c) The 30-day period of review may be extended by the Commissioner on a
25	determination that the written notice raises issues that require additional information or
26	additional time for analysis. If the period of review is extended, the trust institution may
27	establish the additional office only on prior written approval by the Commissioner.
28	(d) The Commissioner may deny approval of the additional office if the
29	Commissioner finds that the trust institution lacks sufficient financial resources to
30	undertake the proposed expansion without adversely affecting its safety or soundness or
31	that the proposed office would be contrary to the public interest. In acting on the notice,
32	the Commissioner shall consider the views of the appropriate bank supervisory agency.
33	<u>"SUBPART D. OUT-OF-STATE TRUST INSTITUTION TRUST OFFICE.</u>
34	" <u>§ 53-303. Trust business at a branch or trust office.</u>
35	Except as provided by G.S. 53-293(b), an out-of-state trust institution may act as a
36	fiduciary in this State or engage in a trust business at an office in this State only if it
37	maintains (i) a trust office in this State as permitted by this Part or (ii) a branch in this
38	State.
39	" <u>§ 53-304. Establishing an interstate trust office.</u>
40	An out-of-state trust institution that does not operate a trust office in this State and
41	that meets the requirements of this Part may establish and maintain a new trust office in this State: provided that an out of state trust institution may not establish a new trust
42	this State; provided that an out-of-state trust institution may not establish a new trust
43	office in this State unless a similar institution chartered under the laws of this State to act

1	as a fiduciary, is permitted to establish a new trust office that may engage in activities
2	substantially similar to those permitted to trust offices of out-of-state trust institutions
3	under G.S. 53-303, in the state where the out-of-state trust institution has its principal
4	<u>office.</u>
5	" <u>§ 53-305. Acquiring an interstate trust office.</u>
6	An out-of-state trust institution that does not operate a trust office in this State and
7	that meets the requirements of this Part may acquire and maintain a trust office in this
8	State; provided that no out-of-state trust institution may maintain a trust office in this
9	State unless a similar institution chartered under the laws of this State to act as a fiduciary
10	is permitted to acquire and maintain a trust office through an acquisition of a trust office
11	in the state where the out-of-state trust institution has its principal office and may engage
12	in activities substantially similar to those permitted to trust offices of out-of-state trust
13	institutions under G.S. 53-303, in the state where the out-of-state trust institution has its
14	principal office.
15	" <u>§ 53-306. Requirement of notice.</u>
16	An out-of-state trust institution desiring to establish and maintain a new trust office or
17	acquire and maintain a trust office in this State pursuant to this Subpart, shall provide, or
18	cause its home state regulator to provide, written notice of the proposed transaction to the
19	Commissioner on or after the date on which the out-of-state trust institution applies to the
20	home state regulator for approval to establish and maintain or acquire the trust office. The
21	filing of the notice shall be preceded or accompanied by a copy of the resolution adopted
22	by the board authorizing the additional office and any fee set by rule.
23	" <u>§ 53-307. Conditions for approval.</u>
24	(a) No trust office of an out-of-state trust institution may be acquired or
25	established in this State under this Subpart unless:
26	(1) The out-of-state trust institution has confirmed in writing to the
27	Commissioner that for as long as it maintains a trust office in this State
28	it will comply with all applicable laws of this State;
29	(2) The institution has provided satisfactory evidence to the Commissioner
30	of compliance with (i) any applicable requirements of Article 15 of
31	Chapter 55 of the General Statutes; and (ii) the applicable requirements
32	of its home state regulator for acquiring or establishing and maintaining
33	the office; and
34	(3) <u>The Commissioner, acting within 60 days after receiving notice under</u>
35	G.S. 53-306, has certified to the home state regulator that the
36	requirements of this Subpart have been met and the notice has been
37	approved or, if applicable, that any conditions imposed by the
38	Commissioner pursuant to subsection (b) of this section have been
39	satisfied.
40	(b) <u>The out-of-state trust institution may commence business at the trust office on</u>
41	the sixty-first day following the date the Commissioner receives the notice, unless the
42	Commissioner specifies an earlier or later date. With respect to an out-of-state trust
43	institution that is not a depository institution and for which the Commissioner has

1	conditioned approval on the satisfaction by the institution of any requirement applicable
2	to a state trust company pursuant to G.S. 53-325(b) or G.S. 53-329, the institution shall
3	comply and provide evidence to the Commissioner of compliance before the institution
4	may commence business.
5	(c) The 60-day period of review may be extended by the Commissioner on a
6	determination that the written notice raises issues that require additional information or
7	additional time for analysis. If the period of review is extended, the out-of-state trust
8	institution may establish the office only on prior written approval by the Commissioner.
9	(d) <u>The Commissioner may deny approval of the office if the Commissioner finds</u>
10	that the institution lacks sufficient financial resources to undertake the proposed
11	expansion without adversely affecting its safety or soundness or that the proposed office
12	is contrary to the public interest. In acting on the notice, the Commissioner shall consider
13	the views of the appropriate bank supervisory agency.
14	" <u>§ 53-308. Additional trust offices.</u>
15	An out-of-state trust institution that maintains a trust office in this State under this
16	Part may establish or acquire additional trust offices or representative trust offices in this
17	State to the same extent that a state trust institution may establish or acquire additional
18	offices in this State pursuant to the procedures for establishing or acquiring offices set
19	<u>forth in G.S. 53-301.</u>
20	"§ 53-309. Representative trust office business.
21	(a) <u>An out-of-state trust institution may not act as a fiduciary, but may otherwise</u>
22	engage in a trust business, at a representative trust office as permitted by this Subpart.
23	(b) Subject to the requirements contained in this Subpart, an out-of-state trust
24	institution may establish and maintain representative trust offices anywhere in this State.
25	" <u>§ 53-310. Registration of representative trust office.</u>
26	(a) An out-of-state trust institution may establish or acquire and maintain a
27	representative trust office in this State. An out-of-state trust institution not maintaining a
28	trust office in this State and desiring to establish or acquire and maintain a representative
29	trust office shall file a notice on a form adopted by the Commissioner. The notice shall
30	set forth the name of the out-of-state trust institution, the location of the proposed office
31	shall include satisfactory evidence that the entity is a trust institution and shall include a
32	copy of the resolution adopted by the board authorizing the representative trust office.
33	The out-of-state trust institution shall pay the filing fee, if any, set by rule.
34	(b) The out-of-state trust institution may commence business at the representative
35	trust office on the thirty-first day following the date the Commissioner receives the
36	notice, unless the Commissioner specifies an earlier or later date.
37	(c) <u>The 30-day period of review may be extended by the Commissioner on a</u>
38	determination that the written notice raises issues that require additional information or
39	additional time for analysis. If the period of review is extended, the out-of-state trust
40	institution may establish the representative trust office only on prior written approval by
41	the Commissioner.
42	(d) The Commissioner may deny approval of the representative trust office if the Commissioner finds, that the out of state, trust institution, lasks, sufficient financial
43	Commissioner finds that the out-of-state trust institution lacks sufficient financial

1	resources to undertake the proposed expansion without adversely affecting its safety or
2	soundness or that the proposed office would be contrary to the public interest. In acting
3	on the notice, the Commissioner shall consider the views of the appropriate bank
4	supervisory agency.
5	" <u>§ 53-311. Examinations; periodic reports; cooperative agreements; assessment of</u>
6	fees.
7	(a) To the extent consistent with subsection (c) of this section, the Commissioner
8	may examine any office established and maintained in this State pursuant to this Part by
9	an out-of-state trust institution to determine whether the office is being operated in
10	compliance with the laws of this State and in accordance with safe and sound practices.
11	The pertinent provisions of G.S. 53-117 and G.S. 53-118 apply to these examinations.
12	(b) The Commissioner may require periodic reports regarding any out-of-state
13	trust institution that has established and maintained an office in this State pursuant to this
14	Part. The required reports shall be provided by the trust institution or by the home state
15	regulator. Any reporting requirements shall be (i) consistent with the reporting
16	requirements applicable to state trust companies and (ii) appropriate for the purpose of
17	enabling the Commissioner to carry out the Commissioner's responsibilities under this
18	Article.
19	(c) <u>The Commissioner may enter into cooperative, coordinating, and information-</u>
20	sharing agreements with any other bank supervisory agencies or any organization
21	affiliated with or representing one or more bank supervisory agencies with respect to the
22	periodic examination or other supervision of any office in this State of an out-of-state
23	trust institution, or any office of a state trust institution in any host state, and the
24	Commissioner may accept a party's report of examination and report of investigation in
25	lieu of conducting a separate examination or investigation.
26	(d) <u>The Commissioner may enter into contracts with any bank supervisory agency</u>
27	that has concurrent jurisdiction over a state trust institution or an out-of-state trust
28 29	institution maintaining an office in this State to engage the services of the agency's
29 30	examiners at a reasonable rate of compensation or to provide the services of the Commissioner's examiners to the agency at a reasonable rate of compensation. Article 3
30 31	of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes does not apply to contracts authorized by this
32	subsection.
33	(e) The Commissioner may enter into joint examination or joint enforcement
33 34	actions with other bank supervisory agencies having concurrent jurisdiction over any
35	office established and maintained in this State by an out-of-state trust institution or any
36	office established and maintained by a state trust institution in any host state; provided,
37	that the Commissioner may at any time take actions independently if the Commissioner
38	considers the actions to be necessary or appropriate to carry out the Commissioner's
39	responsibilities under this Article or to ensure compliance with the laws of this State. In
40	the case of an out-of-state trust institution, the Commissioner shall recognize the
41	exclusive authority of the home state regulator over corporate governance matters and the
42	primary responsibility of the home state regulator with respect to safety and soundness
43	matters.
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1	(f) Each out-of-state trust institution that maintains one or more offices in this
2	State may be assessed and, if assessed, shall pay supervisory and examination fees in
3	accordance with rules adopted by the State Banking Commission. The fees may be shared
4	with other bank supervisory agencies or any organization affiliated with or representing
5	one or more bank supervisory agencies in accordance with agreements between the
6	parties and the Commissioner.
7	"§ 53-312. Enforcement.
8	(a) <u>Consistent with Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, after</u>
9	notice and opportunity for hearing, the Commissioner may determine:
10	(1) That an office maintained by an out-of-state trust institution in this State
11	is being operated in violation of any provision of the laws of this State
12	or in an unsafe and unsound manner; or
13	(2) That a company is engaged in an unauthorized trust activity.
14	In either event, the Commissioner may take any enforcement actions the Commissioner
15	would be authorized to take if the office or the company were a state trust company,
16	including issuing an order temporarily or permanently prohibiting the company from
17	engaging in a trust business in this State.
18	(b) Consistent with Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, after
19	notice and opportunity for hearing, the Commissioner may determine by order that an
20	out-of-state trust institution engaging in or proposing to engage in a trust business in this
21	State does not meet the requirements for establishing a representative trust office in this
22	State pursuant to G.S. 53-310. The order shall be effective on the date of issuance or any
23	other date the Commissioner determines.
24	(c) In cases involving extraordinary circumstances requiring immediate action, the
25	Commissioner may take any action permitted by subsection (a) or (b) of this section,
26	without notice or opportunity for hearing, but shall promptly afford a subsequent hearing
27	upon an application to rescind the action taken. The Commissioner shall promptly give
28	notice to the home state regulator of each enforcement action taken against an out-of-
29	state trust institution and, to the extent practicable, shall consult and cooperate with the
30	home state regulator in pursuing and resolving the enforcement action.
31	" <u>§ 53-313. Notice of subsequent merger, closing, etc.</u>
32	Each out-of-state trust institution that maintains an office in this State pursuant to this
33	Part, or the home state regulator of the trust institution, shall give at least 30 days' prior
34	written notice (or, in the case of an emergency transaction, such shorter notice as is
35	consistent with applicable State or federal law) to the Commissioner of (i) any merger,
36	consolidation, or other transaction that would cause a change of control with respect to an
37	out-of-state trust institution or any bank holding company that controls the trust
38	institution, with the result that an application would be required to be filed pursuant to the
39 40	federal Change in Bank Control Act of 1978, as amended, 12 U.S.C. § 1817(j), or the
40	Federal Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, 12 U.S.C. § 1841, et seq., or
41 42	any successor statutes thereto; (ii) any transfer of all or substantially all of the trust accounts or trust assets of the out of state trust institution to another person; or (iii) the
42 43	accounts or trust assets of the out-of-state trust institution to another person; or (iii) the closing or disposition of any office in this State.
43	crosing of disposition of any office in this state.

1	<u>"PART 3. STATE TRUST INSTITUTION CHARTER MODERNIZATION ACT.</u>		
2	''SUBPART A. TRUST AND FIDUCIARIES.		
3	" <u>§ 53-314. Title and purposes.</u>		
4	(a) This Part may be cited as the State Trust Institution Charter Modernization		
5	<u>Act.</u>		
6	(b) The express purposes of this Part are to:		
7	(1) Provide for the chartering of trust companies and to permit trust		
8	companies to act as fiduciaries and otherwise engage in the trust		
9	business in this State; provided, they are adequately capitalized,		
10	competently managed by persons of integrity, and supervised by the		
11	Commissioner of Banks, all in order to ensure that the trust companies		
12	are operated in compliance with law, in a safe and sound manner and in		
13	a manner that protects their clients and customers and other consumers		
14	in this State; and (2) Insurance contract for treat institution alignets and		
15	(2) <u>Improve service and reduce costs for trust institution clients and</u>		
16 17	customers and other consumers in this State by modernizing State laws		
17	to permit the delegation by trust institutions of fiduciary functions but not fiduciary responsibility, to authorize clients to designate any trust		
18 19	institution to act for them and to choose an appropriate state's law to		
20	govern fiduciary instruments and investments, and to protect consumers		
20	from excessive fees or undisclosed conflicts of interest of trust		
22	institutions and their affiliates.		
23	" <u>§ 53-315. Designation of trustee.</u>		
24	Any person residing in this State may designate any trust institution to act as a		
25	fiduciary on behalf of the person.		
26	"§ 53-316. Choice of law governing trusts.		
27	Any trust institution that maintains a trust office or representative trust office in this		
28	State and its affected clients may designate either (i) this State, (ii) a state where		
29	affected clients reside, or (iii) the state where the trust institution has its principal office,		
30	as the state whose laws shall govern any written agreement between the trust institution		
31	and its client or any instrument under which the trust institution acts for a client.		
32	" <u>§ 53-317. Choice of law governing fiduciary investments.</u>		
33	Any trust institution that maintains a trust office or representative trust office in this		
34	State and its affected clients may designate either (i) this State, (ii) a state where		
35	affected clients reside, or (iii) the state where the trust institution has its principal office,		
36	as the state whose laws shall govern with respect to the fiduciary investment standards		
37	applicable to any written agreement between the trust institution or its client and any		
38	other instrument under which the trust institution acts for a client.		
39	" <u>§ 53-318. Delegation and fiduciary responsibility.</u>		
40	(a) Any person acting as a trustee or as any other fiduciary under the laws of this		
41	State may delegate any investment, management, or administrative function if the person		
42	exercises reasonable care, judgment, and caution in:		

1	(1) Selecting the delegate, taking into account the delegate's financial
2	standing and reputation;
3	(2) Establishing the scope and other terms of any delegation; and
4	(3) <u>Reviewing periodically the delegate's actions in order to monitor overall</u>
5	performance and compliance with the scope and other terms of the
6	delegation.
7	(b) Notwithstanding any delegation permitted by subsection (a) of this section, any
8	person acting as a trustee or in any other fiduciary capacity under the laws of this State
9	shall retain responsibility for the due performance of any delegated fiduciary function.
10	" <u>§ 53-319. Affiliates.</u>
11	(a) Any person acting as a trustee or in any other fiduciary capacity may hire and
12	compensate, as a delegate, an affiliate of the person if:
13	(1) Authorized by a trust or fiduciary instrument;
14	(2) <u>Authorized by court order;</u>
15	(3) Authorized in writing by each affected client; or
16	(4) The standards of G.S. 53-318 are satisfied.
17	(b) Fees paid to an affiliate shall be competitive with fees charged by nonaffiliates
18	that provide substantially similar services.
19	" <u>§ 53-320. Fee determination.</u>
20	Unless set by a court of competent jurisdiction, the compensation arrangement
21	between a client and any person acting as a trustee or as any other fiduciary pursuant to
22	this Article shall be in writing, as agreed to between the parties and shall be fully
23	disclosed to the client.
24	" <u>§ 53-321. Disclosure of potential conflicts of interest.</u>
25	(a) Any company, proposing to act as a trustee or in any other fiduciary capacity
26	pursuant to a written agreement to be entered into with a prospective client that has any
27	potential or actual conflict of interest that may reasonably be expected to have an impact
28	on the independence or judgment of the trustee or fiduciary, shall deliver a disclosure
29	statement to the prospective client (i) not less than 48 hours prior to entering into any
30	written or oral trust or fiduciary agreement with the client or prospective client, or (ii) at
31	the time of entering into any agreement if the client has a right to terminate the agreement
32	without penalty within three or more business days after entering into the agreement.
33	(b) The disclosure statement shall contain appropriate information concerning the
34	actual or potential conflict of interest. If the trustee or other fiduciary proposes to
35	delegate any fiduciary function to an affiliate, the nature of the affiliation and whether the
36	trustee or other fiduciary may directly benefit from the delegation shall be disclosed in
37	the disclosure statement.
38	" <u>§ 53-322. Purchase of assets of another trust institution.</u>
39	(a) Subject to the provisions of this section, a trust institution may purchase assets
40	of a state trust company or trust-related assets of another trust institution, including the
41	right to control accounts established with the trust institution. Except as otherwise
42	expressly provided by this or another statute, the purchase of all or part of the assets of
43	the trust institution does not make the purchasing trust institution responsible for any

1	liability or obligation of the selling trust institution that the purchasing trust institution
2	does not expressly assume. Except as otherwise provided by this Subpart, this Subpart
2	does not govern or prohibit the purchase by a state trust institution of all or part of the
4	assets of a corporation or other entity that is not a trust institution.
5	(b) If the acquiring institution is a state bank, a state trust company, an out-of-state
6	trust institution, or a savings institution chartered under the laws of this State and
7	maintains neither a branch nor a trust office in this State, an application in the form
8	required by the Commissioner shall be filed with the Commissioner for any acquisition of
9	all or substantially all of (i) the assets of a state trust company, or (ii) the trust assets of
10	another trust institution. The Commissioner shall investigate the condition of the
11	purchaser and seller and may require the submission of additional information as
12	considered necessary to make an informed decision. The Commissioner shall approve the
13	purchase if:
14	(1) The acquiring trust institution will be solvent and have sufficient
15	capitalization for its business and location;
16	(2) The acquiring trust institution has complied with all applicable statutes
17	and rules including, without limitation, any applicable requirements of
18	this Article;
19	(3) All fiduciary obligations and liabilities of the parties have been properly
20	discharged or otherwise assumed by the acquiring trust institution;
21	(4) <u>All conditions imposed by the Commissioner have been satisfied or</u>
22	otherwise resolved; and
23	(5) <u>All fees and costs have been paid.</u>
24	(c) <u>A purchase requiring an application pursuant to subsection (b) of this section is</u>
25 26	effective on the date of approval, unless the purchase agreement provides for, and the
26 27	<u>Commissioner consents to, a different effective date.</u>
27	(d) <u>The acquiring trust institution shall succeed by operation of law to all of the</u> rights, privileges, and obligations of the selling trust institution under each account
28 29	included in the assets acquired.
30	(e) The application required by subsection (b) shall be accompanied by fee set by
31	the State Banking Commission by rule.
32	"SUBPART B. STATE TRUST COMPANY.
33	"§ 53-323. Organization and powers of a state trust company.
34	(a) <u>Subject to the other provisions of this Part, one or more persons may organize</u>
35	and charter a state trust company. A state trust company may perform any act as a
36	fiduciary or engage in any trust business within or without this State.
37	(b) Subject to G.S. 53-330, a state trust company may exercise the powers of a
38	business corporation organized under the laws of this State reasonably necessary or
39	helpful to enable exercise of its specific powers under this Part.
40	(c) <u>A state trust company may contribute to community funds, or to charitable</u> ,
41	philanthropic, or benevolent instrumentalities conducive to public welfare, any amounts
42	that its board considers appropriate and in the interests of the state trust company.

1	(d) Subje	ct to G.S. 53-344, a state trust company may deposit trust funds with
2	itself or an affili	
3	" <u>§ 53-324. Art</u>	<u>icles of incorporation of a state trust company.</u>
4	The articles	s of incorporation of a state trust company shall be signed and
5	acknowledged b	by each organizer and shall contain:
6	<u>(1)</u>	The name of the state trust company;
7	<u>(2)</u>	The period of its duration, which may be perpetual;
8	<u>(3)</u>	The powers of the state trust company, which may be stated as:
9		<u>a.</u> <u>All powers granted to a state trust company in this State; or</u>
10		b. <u>A list of the specific powers that the state trust company chooses</u>
11		and is authorized to exercise;
12	<u>(4)</u>	The aggregate number of shares that the state trust company will be
13		authorized to issue, the number of classes of shares, which may be one
14		or more, the number of shares of each class if more than one class, and a
15		statement of the par value of the shares of each class;
16	<u>(5)</u>	If the shares are to be divided into classes, the designation of each class
17		and statement of the preferences, limitations, and relative rights of the
18		shares of each class;
19	<u>(6)</u>	Any provision limiting or denying to shareholders the preemptive right
20		to acquire additional or treasury shares of the state trust company;
21	<u>(7)</u>	Any provision granting the right of shareholders to cumulative voting in
22		the election of directors or managers;
23	<u>(8)</u>	The aggregate amount of consideration to be received for all shares
24		initially issued by the state trust company, and a statement that all
25		authorized shares have been subscribed and that all subscriptions
26		received provide for the consideration to be fully paid in cash before
27		issuance of the charter;
28	<u>(9)</u>	Any provision consistent with law that the organizers elect to set forth
29		in the articles of incorporation for the regulation of the internal affairs of
30		the state trust company or that is otherwise required by this Part to be
31		set forth in the articles of incorporation;
32	<u>(10)</u>	The street address of the state trust company's principal office required
33		to be maintained under G.S. 53-300; and
34	<u>(11)</u>	The number of directors constituting the initial board, which may not be
35		fewer than five or more than 25, and the names and street addresses of
36		the persons who are to serve as directors until the first annual meeting of
37		shareholders or until successor directors have been elected and
38		<u>qualified.</u>
39		<u>blication for a state trust company charter.</u>
40	• • • •	oplication for a state trust company charter shall be made under oath and
41	*	uired by the Commissioner and shall be supported by information, data,
42		inions of counsel that the Commissioner requires. The application shall
43	be accompanied	by the fee set by the State Banking Commission by rule.

1	(b) The	Commissioner shall grant a state trust company charter only on proof that
2	• •	iable markets exist within or outside of this State that may be served in a
3		mer by the establishment of the proposed state trust company. In making
4	-	ination, the Commissioner shall examine the business plan, which shall be
5		art of the application for a state trust company charter, and shall consider:
6	(1)	The market or markets to be served;
7	$\overline{(2)}$	Whether the proposed organizational and capital structure and amount
8		of initial capitalization is adequate for the proposed business and
9		location;
10	<u>(3)</u>	Whether the anticipated volume and nature of business indicates a
11		reasonable probability of success and profitability based on the market
12		sought to be served;
13	<u>(4)</u>	Whether the proposed officers and directors, as a group, have sufficient
14		fiduciary experience, ability, standing, competence, trustworthiness, and
15		integrity to justify a belief that the proposed state trust company will
16		operate in compliance with law and that success of the proposed state
17		trust company is probable;
18	<u>(5)</u>	Whether each principal shareholder has sufficient experience, ability,
19 20		standing, competence, trustworthiness, and integrity to justify a belief
20		that the proposed state trust company will be free from improper or unlowful influence or interference with respect to the state trust
21 22		unlawful influence or interference with respect to the state trust
22	(6)	company's operation in compliance with law; and Whether the organizers are acting in good faith.
23 24		failure of an applicant to furnish required information, data, opinions of
2 4 25	• •	material, or the required fee shall be considered an abandonment of the
26	application.	inderia, or the required fee shan be considered an abandonment or the
27	* *	otice and investigation of charter application; written reports.
28		Commissioner shall notify the organizers when the application is complete
29		for filing and all required fees have been paid. Promptly after this
30	notification, th	e organizers shall publish notice of the application and solicit comments in
31	the form speci	ified by the Commissioner at locations reasonably necessary to solicit the
32	views of poten	tially affected persons specified by the Commissioner by rule.
33	<u>(b)</u> <u>At</u>	the expense of the organizers, the Commissioner shall investigate the
34	* *	d inquire into the identity and character of each proposed director, officer,
35	· ·	shareholder. The Commissioner shall prepare a written report of the
36		and any person may request a copy of the nonconfidential portions of the
37	* *	d written report as provided by Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. Rules
38	-	this Chapter may specify the confidential or nonconfidential character of
39		batimed by the Commission under this section. Except as provided in rules
40	• •	fidential information, the financial statement of a proposed officer or fidential and not subject to public disclosure
41 42		fidential and not subject to public disclosure.
42	<u>8 33-341. De</u>	ecision on charter application and hearing.

1	(a) Any person may file a protest to an application. The manner and time in which
2	the protest may be filed shall be adopted by rule.
3	(b) Not later than the thirtieth day following the last date the notice was published
4	under G.S. 53-326(b), the Commissioner shall determine whether the application meets
5	the requirements of G.S. 53-325, based on the application and investigation, and shall
6	enter an order approving the application, or shall set a hearing pursuant to Article 3A of
7	Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.
8	(c) Based on the record of any hearing set pursuant to subsection (b) of this
9	section, the Commissioner shall determine whether all of the necessary conditions set
10	forth in G.S. 53-325 have been established and shall enter an order granting or denying
11	the charter. The Commissioner may make approval of any application conditional and
12	shall include any conditions in the order granting the charter.
13	(d) Any order entered by the Commissioner with respect to a charter application
14	shall be subject to review by the State Banking Commission for entry of a final agency
15	decision.
16	" <u>§ 53-328. Issuance of charter.</u>
17	(a) <u>A state trust company may not engage in the trust business until it receives its</u>
18	charter approved by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may not approve the charter
19 20	<u>until the state trust company has:</u>
20	(1) <u>Received cash or United States government securities having a market</u>
21	value on the date of capitalization in at least the full amount of required
22	<u>capital from subscriptions for the issuance of shares;</u> (2) Elected or gualified the initial officers and directors need in the
23 24	(2) <u>Elected or qualified the initial officers and directors named in the</u>
24 25	application for charter or other officers and directors approved by the Commissioner; and
23 26	(3) Complied with all other requirements of this Article relative to the
20 27	organization of a state trust company.
28	(b) If a state trust company does not open and engage in the trust business within
20 29	six months after the date it receives its charter or conditional approval of application for
30	charter, or within a further period as extended by the Commissioner, the Commissioner
31	shall revoke the charter or cancel the conditional approval of application for charter
32	without judicial action.
33	"§ 53-329. Required capital.
34	(a) The Commissioner may not approve a charter to a state trust company having
35	required equity capital of less than three million dollars (\$3,000,000), except as provided
36	in subsection (b) of this section.
37	(b) The Commissioner may require additional equity capital for a proposed or
38	existing state trust company if the Commissioner finds the condition and operation of the
39	existing state trust company or the proposed scope or type of operation of a proposed
40	state trust company requires additional equity capital consistent with the safety and
41	soundness of the state trust company. The Commissioner may, in the exercise of
42	discretion consistent with protecting safety and soundness, reduce the amount of
43	minimum equity capital required for a proposed or existing state trust company, if the

1	Commissioner finds the condition and operation of an existing state trust company or the
2	proposed scope or type of operation of a proposed state trust company permits reduced
3	equity capital consistent with the safety and soundness of the state trust company. The
4	safety and soundness factors to be considered by the Commissioner in the exercise of the
5	Commissioner's discretion include:
6	(1) The nature and type of business conducted;
7	(2) The nature and degree of liquidity in assets held in a corporate capacity;
8	(3) The amount of fiduciary assets under management;
9	(4) The type of fiduciary assets held and the depository of the assets;
10	(5) The complexity of fiduciary duties and degree of discretion undertaken;
11	(6) The competence and experience of management;
12	(7) The extent and adequacy of internal controls;
13	(8) The presence or absence of annual unqualified audits by an independent
14	certified public accountant;
15	(9) The reasonableness of business plans for retaining or acquiring
16	additional capital; and
17	(10) The existence and adequacy of insurance obtained or held by the trust
18	company for the purpose of protecting its clients, beneficiaries, and
19	grantors.
20	(c) The proposed effective date of an order requiring an existing state trust
21	company to increase its equity capital shall be stated in the order as of or after the twenty-
22	first day following the date the proposed order is mailed or delivered. Unless the state
23	trust company requests a hearing before the Commissioner in writing before the effective
24	date of the proposed order, the order becomes effective and is final and nonappealable.
25	This subsection does not prohibit an application to reduce equity capital requirements of
26	a proposed or an existing state trust company under subsection (b) of this section.
27	(d) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, a state trust company to which the
28	Commissioner issues a charter shall at all times maintain capital in at least the amount
29	required under subsection (a) of this section, plus any additional amount or less any
30	reduction the Commissioner directs under subsection (b) of this section.
31	" <u>§ 53-330. Application of laws relating to general business corporations.</u>
32	(a) <u>The North Carolina Business Corporation Act, as codified in Chapter 55 of the</u>
33	General Statutes, applies to a trust company to the extent not inconsistent with this
34	Article or the proper business of a trust company, except that, unless expressly authorized
35	by this Article or a rule adopted by the State Banking Commission, a trust company may
36	not take an action authorized by the North Carolina Business Corporation Act regarding
37	its corporate status, capital structure, or a matter of corporate governance, of the type for
38	which the North Carolina Business Corporation Act would require a filing with the
39	Secretary of State, without first obtaining the approval of the Commissioner.
40	(b) The State Banking Commission may adopt rules to limit or refine the
41	applicability of subsection (a) of this section to a trust company or to alter or supplement
42	the procedures and requirements of the North Carolina Business Corporation Act
43	applicable to an action taken under this Article.

1	"§ 53-331. Amendment of state trust company articles of incorporation.
2	(a) A state trust company that has been granted a charter under G.S. 53-328 or a
3	predecessor statute may amend or restate its articles of incorporation for any lawful
4	purpose, including the creation of authorized but unissued shares in one or more classes
5	or series.
6	(b) An amendment authorizing the issuance of shares in series shall contain:
7	(1) The designation of each series and any variations in the preferences,
8	limitations, and relative rights among series to the extent that the
9	preferences, limitations, and relative rights are to be established in the
10	articles of incorporation; and
11	(2) <u>A statement of any authority to be vested in the board to establish series</u>
12	and determine the preferences, limitations, and relative rights of each
13	series.
14	(c) <u>Amendment or restatement of the articles of incorporation of a state trust</u>
15	company and approval of the board and shareholders shall be made or obtained in
16	accordance with provisions of Chapter 55 of the General Statutes for the amendment or
17	restatement of articles of incorporation except as otherwise provided by this Article or
18	rules adopted by the State Banking Commission. Unless the submission presents novel
19	or unusual questions, the Commissioner shall approve or reject the amendment or
20	restatement not later than 10 days after the date the Commissioner considers the
21	submission informationally complete. The Commissioner may require the submission of
22	additional information as considered necessary to an informed decision to approve or
23	reject any amendment or restatement of articles of incorporation under this section.
24	" <u>§ 53-332. Establishing a series of shares.</u>
25	(a) If the articles of incorporation expressly give the board authority to establish
26	series and determine the preferences, limitations, and relative rights of each series of
27	shares, the board may do so only in compliance with this section and any rules adopted
28	by the State Banking Commission.
29	(b) A series of shares may be established in the manner provided by the provisions
30	of Chapter 55 of the General Statutes, but the shares of the series may not be issued and
31	sold except upon compliance with this section. Unless the submission presents novel or
32	unusual questions, the Commissioner shall approve or reject the series not later than 10
33	days after the date the Commissioner considers the submission informationally complete.
34	The Commissioner may require the submission of additional information as considered
35	necessary to an informed decision.
36	" <u>§ 53-333. Change in outstanding capital and surplus.</u>
37	(a) <u>A state trust company may not reduce or increase its outstanding capital</u>
38	through dividend, redemption, issuance of shares, or otherwise, without the prior
39	approval of the Commissioner, except as permitted by this section or rules adopted by the
40	State Banking Commission.
41	(b) <u>Unless otherwise restricted by rules, prior approval is not required for an</u>
42	increase in capital accomplished through:
43	(1) <u>Issuance of shares of common stock for cash;</u>

1 2	(2) <u>Declaration and payment of pro rata share dividends as defined in</u> <u>Chapter 55 of the General Statutes.</u>
2 3	
	(c) Prior approval is not required for a decrease in surplus caused by incurred
4	losses in excess of undivided profits.
5	" <u>§ 53-334. Capital notes or debentures.</u>
6 7	(a) With the prior written approval of the Commissioner, any state trust company may, at any time, through action of its board, and without requiring action of its
8	shareholders, issue and sell its capital notes or debentures which may be subordinate to
9	other claims, including the claims of other creditors or classes of creditors or the
10	shareholders.
11	(b) Capital notes or debentures may be convertible into shares of any class or
12	series. The issuance and sale of convertible capital notes or debentures are subject to
13	satisfaction of preemptive rights, if any, to the extent provided by law.
14	(c) Without the prior written approval of the Commissioner, interest due or
15	principal repayable on outstanding capital notes or debentures may not be paid by a state
16	trust company when the state trust company is in hazardous condition or insolvent, as
17	determined by the Commissioner, or to the extent that payment will cause the state trust
18	company to be in hazardous condition or insolvent.
19	(d) The amount of any outstanding capital notes or debentures that meet the
20	requirements of this section and that are subordinated to unsecured creditors of the state
21	trust company may be included in equity capital of the state trust company for purposes
22	of determining hazardous condition or insolvency, and for any other purposes provided
23	by rules adopted under this Article.
24	"SUBPART C. INVESTMENTS AND LOANS.
25	"§ 53-335. Investment in state trust company facilities.
26	(a) For the purposes of this Part, 'state trust company facility' means real estate,
27	including an improvement, owned, or leased to the extent the lease or the leasehold
28	improvements are capitalized, by a state trust company for the purpose of:
29	(1) Providing space for state trust company employees to perform their
30	duties and space for parking by state trust company employees and
31	customers;
32	(2) <u>Conducting trust business, including meeting the reasonable needs and</u>
33	convenience of the state trust company's customers, computer
34	operations, document and other item processing, maintenance, and
35	record retention, and storage;
36	(3) Holding, improving, and occupying as an incident to future expansion
37	of the state trust company's facilities; or
38	(4) <u>Conducting another activity authorized by rules adopted by the State</u>
39	Banking Commission.
40	(b) Without the prior written approval of the Commissioner, a state trust company
41	may not directly or indirectly invest an amount in excess of its capital in state trust
42	company facilities, furniture, fixtures, and equipment. Except as otherwise provided by

1	rules adopted by the State Banking Commission, in computing this limitation a state trust
2	company shall include:
3	(1) Its direct investment in state trust company facilities;
4	(2) Any investment in equity or investment securities of a company holding
5	title to a facility used by the state trust company for the purposes
6	specified by subsection (a) of this section;
7	(3) Any loan made by the state trust company to or on the security of equity
8	or investment securities issued by a company holding title to a facility
9	used by the state trust company; and
10	(4) Any indebtedness incurred on state trust company facilities by a
11	<u>company:</u>
12	<u>a.</u> <u>That holds title to the facility;</u>
13	b. That is an affiliate of the state trust company; and
14	c. In which the state trust company is invested in the manner
15	described by subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection.
16	Except as otherwise provided by rules adopted by the State Banking Commission, in
17	computing the limitation, a state trust company may exclude an amount included under
18	subdivisions (2) through (4) of this subsection to the extent any lease of a facility
19	from the company holding title to the facility is capitalized on the books of the state trust
20	<u>company.</u>
21	(c) Real estate acquired under subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section and
22	not improved and occupied by the state trust company ceases to be a state trust company
23	facility on the third anniversary of the date of its acquisition, unless the Commissioner on
24	application grants written approval to further delay in the improvement and occupation of
25	the property by the state trust company.
26	(d) A state trust company shall comply with generally accepted accounting
27	principles, consistently applied, in accounting for its investment in and depreciation of
28	state trust company facilities, furniture, fixtures, and equipment.
29	" <u>§ 53-336. Other real estate.</u>
30	(a) <u>A state trust company may not acquire real estate except:</u>
31	(1) As permitted by G.S. 53-335 or as otherwise provided by this Part,
32	including rules adopted by the State Banking Commission;
33	(2) If necessary to avoid or minimize a loss on a loan or investment
34	previously made in good faith; or
35	(3) With the prior written approval of the Commissioner.
36	(b) To the extent reasonably necessary to avoid or minimize loss on real estate
37	acquired as permitted by subsection (a) of this section, a state trust company may
38	exchange real estate for other real estate or personal property, invest additional funds in
39	or improve real estate acquired under this subsection or subsection (a) of this section, or
40	acquire additional real estate.
41	(c) <u>A state trust company shall dispose of any real estate subject to subdivisions</u>
42	(1) and (2) of subsection (a) of this section not later than:
43	(1) The fifth anniversary of the date:

1		. It was acquired ascent as otherwise provided by rules adopted
1		a. <u>It was acquired, except as otherwise provided by rules adopted</u> by the State Banking Commission:
2 3		by the State Banking Commission;
	(2)	<u>b.</u> <u>It ceases to be used as a state trust company facility; or</u> The third anniversary of the date it ceases to be a state trust company
4 5	<u>(2)</u>	<u>facility as provided by G.S. 53-335.</u>
5 6	(d) The (Commissioner on application may grant one or more extensions of time
7		Treal estate if the Commissioner determines that:
8	(1)	The state trust company has made a good faith effort to dispose of the
9	<u>(1)</u>	real estate; or
10	(2)	Disposal of the real estate would be detrimental to the state trust
11	<u>(</u> _)	<u>company.</u>
12	" <u>§ 53-337. Sec</u>	
13		te trust company may invest its corporate funds in any type or character of
14		ment securities subject to the limitations provided by this section.
15		ss the Commissioner approves maintenance of a lesser amount in writing,
16	a state trust con	npany shall invest and maintain an amount equal to at least forty percent
17	(40%) of the sta	te trust company's capital under G.S. 53-329 in unencumbered cash, cash
18	equivalents, and	l readily marketable securities.
19	<u>(c)</u> <u>Subje</u>	ect to subsection (d) of this section, the total investment in equity and
20	investment secu	rities of any one issuer, obligor, or maker, held by the state trust company
21		ount, may not exceed an amount equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the state
22		capital. The Commissioner may authorize investments in excess of this
23	limitation on wi	ritten application if the Commissioner concludes that:
24	<u>(1)</u>	The excess investment is not prohibited by other applicable law; and
25	<u>(2)</u>	The safety and soundness of the requesting state trust company is not
26		adversely affected.
27		ithstanding subsection (c) of this section, a state trust company may
28	_	s own account, without limitation, and subject only to the exercise of
29	prudent judgme	
30	<u>(1)</u>	Bonds and other legally created general obligations of a state, an
31		agency, or political subdivision of a state, the United States, or an
32	(2)	agency or instrumentality of the United States;
33 34	<u>(2)</u>	An investment security that this State, an agency or political subdivision
34 35		of this State, the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States has unconditionally agreed to purchase, insure, or
35 36		guarantee;
30 37	<u>(3)</u>	Securities that are offered and sold under 15 U.S.C. § 77d(5);
38	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	Mortgage-related securities as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 78c(a), except that
39	<u>(-1)</u>	notwithstanding section 347 of the Riegle Community Development and
40		Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994, a note or obligation that is
41		secured by a first lien on one or more parcels of real estate on which is
42		located one or more commercial structures is subject to the limitations
43		of subsection (c) of this section;
		<u>·</u>

1		(5)	Investment securities issued or guaranteed by the Federal Home Loan
2		<u>(J)</u>	Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the
$\frac{2}{3}$			Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Agricultural
4			Mortgage Association, or the Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding
5			<u>Corporation;</u>
6		<u>(6)</u>	Investment securities issued or guaranteed by the North American
7		<u>(0)</u>	Development Bank; or
8		(7)	Securities issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank.
9	(e)		vithstanding 15 U.S.C. § 77r-1(c), subsection (c) of this section applies to
10	~ ~ / 		small business-related securities as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 78c(a).
11	(f)		State Banking Commission may adopt rules to establish limits,
12	、		or exemptions other than those specified by this section for particular
13	-		ories of investment, or limit or expand investment authority for state trust
14		-	particular classes or categories of securities or other property.
15	-	-	insactions in state trust company shares.
16	(a)		te trust company may acquire its own shares if:
17	<u>(u)</u>	$\frac{11000}{(1)}$	The amount of its undivided profits is sufficient to fully absorb the
18		<u>(-)</u>	acquisition of the shares under regulatory accounting principles; or
19		<u>(2)</u>	The state trust company obtains the prior written approval of the
20		<u> </u>	Commissioner.
21	<u>(b)</u>	A sta	te trust company may acquire a lien upon its own shares if:
22	<u> </u>	(1)	The aggregate amount of indebtedness so secured is less than the
23		<i></i>	amount of the state trust company's undivided profits; or
24		<u>(2)</u>	The state trust company obtains the prior written approval of the
25		<u> </u>	Commissioner.
26	<u>(c)</u>	Exce	pt with the prior written approval of the Commissioner:
27		(1)	The state trust company may not hold its own shares as treasury stock
28			for more than two years; and
29		(2)	A lien acquired under this section may not by its original terms extend
30			for more than two years.
31	" <u>§ 53-33</u>	9. Sub	osidiaries.
32	<u>(a)</u>	Exce	pt as otherwise provided by this Article or rules adopted by the State
33	<u>Banking</u>	Comn	nission, a state trust company may acquire or establish a subsidiary to
34	conduct	any ac	tivity that may be conducted lawfully through the form of organization
35	chosen for	or the s	ubsidiary.
36	<u>(b)</u>	<u>A</u> sta	te trust company may not invest more than an amount equal to fifteen
37	percent (<u>(15%)</u> (of its capital in a single subsidiary and may not invest an amount in excess
38			all subsidiaries. The amount of a state trust company's investment in a
39			he total amount of the state trust company's investment in equity or
40			urities issued by its subsidiary and any loans and extensions of credit from
41			ompany to its subsidiary. The Commissioner may authorize investments in
42	excess of		limitations on written application if the Commissioner concludes that:
43		<u>(1)</u>	The excess investment is not prohibited by other applicable law; and

1	(2) The safety and soundness of the requesting state trust company is not
2	adversely affected.
3	(c) A state trust company that intends to acquire, establish, or perform new
4	activities through a subsidiary shall submit a letter to the Commissioner describing in
5	detail the proposed activities of the subsidiary.
6	(d) The state trust company may acquire or establish a subsidiary or begin
7	performing new activities in an existing subsidiary 30 days following the date the
8	Commissioner receives the state trust company's letter, unless the Commissioner
9	specifies an earlier or later date. The Commissioner may extend the 30-day period of
10	review on a determination that the state trust company's letter raises issues that require
11	additional information or additional time for analysis. If the period of review is extended,
12	the state trust company may acquire or establish the subsidiary, or perform new activities
13	in an existing subsidiary, only on prior written approval of the Commissioner.
14	(e) A subsidiary of a state trust company is subject to regulation by the
15	Commissioner to the extent provided by this Article or rules adopted by the State
16	Banking Commission. In the absence of limiting rules, the Commissioner may regulate a
17	subsidiary as if it were a state trust company.
18	" <u>§ 53-340. Mutual funds.</u>
19	(a) <u>A state trust company may invest for its own account in equity securities of an</u>
20	investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. §
21	80a-1, et seq.) and the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. § 77a, et seq.) if the portfolio of
22	the investment company consists wholly of investments in which the state trust company
23	could invest directly for its own account.
24	(b) If the portfolio of an investment company described in subsection (a) of this
25	section consists wholly of investments in which the state trust company could invest
26	directly without limitation under G.S. 53-337(d), the state trust company may invest in
27	the investment company without limitation.
28	(c) If the portfolio of an investment company described in subsection (a) of this
29	section contains any investment that is subject to the limits of G.S. 53-337(c), the state
30	trust company may invest in the investment company not more than an amount equal to
31	fifteen percent (15%) of the state trust company's capital. This provision does not apply
32	to a money market fund.
33	(d) In evaluating investment limits under this Part, a state trust company may not
34	be required to combine:
35	(1) <u>The state trust company's pro rata share of the securities of an issuer in</u>
36	the portfolio of an investment company with the state trust company's
37	pro rata share of the securities of that issuer held by another investment
38	<u>company in which the state trust company has invested; or</u>
39	(2) The state trust company's own direct investment in the securities of an
40	issuer with the state trust company's pro rata share of the securities of
41	that issuer held by each investment company in which the state trust
42	company has invested under this section.
43	" <u>§ 53-341. Engaging in commerce prohibited.</u>

1	Except as otherwise provided by this Part, or rules adopted by the State Banking
2	Commission, a state trust company may not invest its funds in trade or commerce by
3	buying, selling, or otherwise dealing in goods or by owning or operating a business not
4	part of the state trust business, except as necessary to fulfill a fiduciary obligation to a
5	client.
6	"§ 53-342. Lending limits.
° 7	Subject to rules adopted by the State Banking Commission for the short-term
8	extensions of credit to trust or other account relationships, a state trust company shall not
9	engage in a loan business.
10	"§ 53-343. Lease financing transactions.
11	A state trust company may not engage in leasing financing transactions, however this
12	section shall not prohibit a state trust company from leasing property or equipment to
13	conduct its authorized business.
14	" <u>§ 53-344. Trust deposits.</u>
15	(a) A state trust company may deposit trust funds with itself as an investment if
16	authorized by the seller or the beneficiary provided:
17	(1) It maintains as security for the deposits a separate fund of securities,
18	legal for trust investments, under control of a federal reserve bank or a
19	clearing corporation, as defined by either this State or elsewhere;
20	(2) The total market value of the security is at all times at least equal to the
21	amount of the deposit;
22	(3) The separate fund is designated as such; and
23	(4) The separate fund is maintained under the control of another trust
24	institution, bank, or government agency.
25	(b) <u>A state trust company may make periodic withdrawals from or additions to the</u>
26	securities fund required by subsection (a) of this section as long as the required value is
27	maintained. Income from the securities in the fund belongs to the state trust company.
28 29	(c) <u>Security for a deposit under this section is not required for a deposit under</u> subsection (a) of this section to the extent the deposit is insured by the Federal Deposit
29 30	subsection (a) of this section to the extent the deposit is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor.
30 31	" <u>§ 53-345. Common investment funds.</u>
32	(a) A state trust company may establish common trust funds to provide investment
33	to itself as a fiduciary.
34	(b) The State Banking Commission may adopt rules to administer and carry out
35	this section, including rules regarding investment and participation limitations, disclosure
36	of fees, audit requirements, investment authority for particular classes or categories of
37	securities or other property, advertising, exemptions, and other requirements that may be
38	necessary to carry out this section.
39	" <u>§ 53-346. Borrowing limit.</u>
40	Except with the prior written approval of the Commissioner, a state trust company
41	may not have liabilities outstanding exceeding an amount equal to five times its capital.
42	" <u>§ 53-347. Pledge of assets.</u>

1	A state trust company may not pledge or create a lien on any of its assets, except to
2	secure the repayment of money borrowed or as specifically authorized or required by
3	G.S. 53-344, or by rules adopted by the State Banking Commission. An act, deed,
4	conveyance, pledge, or contract in violation of this section is void.
5	"SUBPART D. OWNERSHIP; GOVERNANCE; MERGERS.
6	"§ 53-348. Acquisition of control.
7	(a) Except as expressly otherwise permitted, a person may not, without the prior
8	written approval of the Commissioner, directly or indirectly acquire control of a state
9	trust company through a change in a legal or beneficial interest in voting securities of a
10	state trust company or a corporation or other entity owning voting securities of a state
11	trust company.
12	(b) This Part does not prohibit a person from negotiating to acquire, but not
13	acquiring, control of a state trust company or a person from controlling a state trust
14	company.
15	(c) This section does not apply to:
16	(1) The acquisition of securities in connection with the exercise of a
17	security interest or otherwise in full or partial satisfaction of a debt
18	previously contracted for in good faith if the acquiring person files
19	written notice of acquisition with the Commissioner before the person
20	votes the securities acquired.
21	(2) The acquisition of voting securities in any class or series by a
22	controlling person who has previously complied with and received
23	approval under this Article or who was identified as a controlling person
24	in a prior application filed with and approved by the Commissioner.
25	(3) An acquisition or transfer by operation of law, will, or intestate
26	succession if the acquiring person files written notice of acquisition with
27	the Commissioner before the person votes the securities acquired.
28	(4) <u>A transaction exempted by the Commissioner by rule or order because</u>
29	(i) the transaction is not within the purposes of this Article, or (ii)
30	regulation of the transaction is not necessary or appropriate to achieve
31	the objectives of this Article.
32	"§ 53-349. Application regarding acquisition of control.
33	(a) The proposed transferee seeking approval to acquire control of a state trust
34	company or a person that controls a state trust company shall file with the Commissioner:
35	(1) An application in the form adopted by the Commissioner;
36	(2) The filing fee required by statute or rule; and
37	(3) All information required by rule or that the Commissioner requires in a
38	particular application as necessary to make an informed decision to
39	approve or reject the proposed acquisition.
40	(b) If the proposed transferee includes any group of individuals or entities acting in
41	concert, the information required by the Commissioner may be required of each member
42	of the group.

1	(c) Personal financial information obtained by the Commissioner under this
2	section is confidential and may not be disclosed by the Commissioner or any employee of
3	the Commissioner's office.
4	(d) If the proposed transferee is not a North Carolina resident, a North Carolina
5	corporation, or an out-of-state corporation qualified to do business in this State, a written
6	consent to service of process will be required of a resident of this State in any action or
7	suit arising out of or connected with the proposed acquisition.
8	(e) The proposed transferee shall publish notice of the application, its date of
9	filing, and the identity of each participant, in the form specified by the Commissioner, in
10	a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the state trust company's home
11	office is located, promptly after the Commissioner accepts the application as complete.
12	Publication of notice of an application filed in contemplation of a public tender offer
13	subject to the requirements of 15 U.S.C. § 78n(d)(1) may be deferred for not more than
14	<u>34 days after the date the application is filed if:</u>
15	(1) The proposed transferee requests confidential treatment and represents
16	that a public announcement of the tender offer and the filing of
17	appropriate forms with the Securities and Exchange Commission or the
18	appropriate federal banking agency, as applicable, will occur within the
19	period of deferral; and
20	(2) The Commissioner determines that the public interest will not be
21	harmed by the requested confidential treatment.
22	(f) The Commissioner may waive the requirement that a notice be published or
23	permit delayed publication on a determination that waiver or delay is in the public
24	interest.
25	" <u>§ 53-350. Hearing and decision on acquisition of control.</u>
26	(a) Not later than the sixtieth day following the date the notice is published, the
27	Commissioner shall approve the application or set the application for hearing. If the
28	Commissioner sets a hearing, the Commissioner shall conduct the hearing pursuant to
29	Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.
30	(b) Based on the record, the Commissioner may issue an order denying an
31	application if:
32	(1) The acquisition would substantially lessen competition, be in restraint of
33	trade, result in a monopoly, or be in furtherance of a combination or
34	conspiracy to monopolize or attempt to monopolize the trust industry in
35	any part of this State, unless:
36	a. The anticompetitive effects of the proposed acquisition are
37	clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of
38	acquisition in meeting the convenience and needs of the
39	community to be served; and
40	b. The proposed acquisition is not in violation of the law of this
41	State or the United States;

1	<u>(2)</u>	The financial condition of the proposed transferee, or any member of a
2	<u>(2)</u>	group composing the proposed transferee, might jeopardize the financial
3		stability of the state trust company being acquired;
4	<u>(3)</u>	<u>Plans or proposals to operate, liquidate, or sell the state trust company</u>
5	<u>()</u>	or its assets are not in the best interest of the state trust company;
6	(4)	<u>The experience, ability, standing, competence, trustworthiness, and</u>
7	<u>(+)</u>	integrity of the proposed transferee, or any member of a group
8		comprising the proposed transferee, are insufficient to justify a belief
9		that the state trust company will be free from improper or unlawful
10		influence or interference with respect to the state trust company's
11		operation in compliance with law;
12	<u>(5)</u>	<u>The state trust company will not be solvent, have adequate</u>
12	<u>(J)</u>	capitalization, or be in compliance with the laws of this State after the
13		acquisition;
15	<u>(6)</u>	<u>The proposed transferee has failed to furnish all information pertinent to</u>
16	<u>(0)</u>	the application reasonably required by the Commissioner; or
17	(7)	The proposed transferee is not acting in good faith.
18	~ / /	application filed under this section is approved by the Commissioner, the
19		be consummated. Any written commitment from the proposed transferee
20	•	accepted by the Commissioner as a condition for approval of the
21		enforceable against the state trust company and the transferee and is
22		Ill purposes an agreement under this Article.
23	"§ 53-351. App	
24		ntered by the Commissioner with respect to an application for acquisition
25	or control of a	state trust company shall be subject to review by the State Banking
26	Commission for	entry of a final agency decision.
27	" <u>§ 53-352. Obj</u>	ection to other transfer.
28	Nothing in	this Article shall be construed to prevent the Commissioner from
29		ommenting on, or seeking to enjoin or set aside a transfer of voting
30	securities that e	vidence a direct or indirect interest in a state trust company, regardless of
31	whether the tra	nsfer is included within this Article, if the Commissioner considers the
32		ainst the public interest.
33	" <u>§ 53-353. Cri</u>	minal penalties.
34	· · ·	no knowingly fails or refuses to file the application required by G.S. 53-
35		lty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.
36		ing securities held by state trust company.
37	• •	g securities of a state trust company held by it in a fiduciary capacity
38		trust, whether registered in its own name or in the name of its nominee,
39		ed in the election of directors or on a matter affecting the compensation of
40		rs, or employees of the state trust company in that capacity, unless:
41	<u>(1)</u>	Under the terms of the will or trust, the manner in which the voting
42		securities are to be voted may be determined by a donor or beneficiary

1	of the will or trust, and the donor or beneficiary actually makes the
2	determination in the matter at issue;
3	(2) The terms of the will or trust expressly direct the manner in which the
4	securities shall be voted to the extent that no discretion is vested in the
5	state trust company as fiduciary; or
6	(3) The securities are voted solely by a cofiduciary that is not an affiliate of
7	the state trust company, as if the cofiduciary were the sole fiduciary.
8	(b) Voting securities of a state trust company that cannot be voted under this
9	section are considered to be authorized but unissued for purposes of determining the
10	procedures for and results of the affected vote.
11	" <u>§ 53-355. Bylaws.</u>
12	Each state trust company shall adopt bylaws and may amend its bylaws from time to
13	time for the purposes of and in accordance with the procedures set forth in Chapter 55 of
14	the General Statutes.
15	" <u>§ 53-356. Board of directors.</u>
16	(a) The board of a state trust company shall consist of not fewer than five or more
17	than 25 directors, the majority of whom shall be residents of this State. The principal
18	executive officer of the state trust company shall be a member of the board. The
19	principal executive officer acting in the capacity of a board member is the board's
20	presiding officer unless the board elects a different presiding officer to perform the duties
21	as designated by the board.
22	(b) Unless the Commissioner consents otherwise in writing, a person may not
23	serve as director of a state trust company if:
24	(1) The state trust company incurs an unreimbursed loss attributable to a
25	charged-off obligation of or holds a judgment against the person or an
26	entity that was controlled by the person at the time of funding and at the
27	time of default on the loan that gave rise to the judgment or charged-off
28	<u>obligation;</u>
29	$(2) \qquad \frac{\text{The person has been convicted of a felony; or}}{\text{The person has been convicted of a felony; or}}$
30	(3) The person has violated a provision of Chapter 36A of the General
31	Statutes, relating to loan of trust funds and purchase or sale of trust
32	property by the trustee, and the violation has not been corrected.
33	(c) If a state trust company does not elect directors before the sixty-first day following the date of its regular enough meeting the Commissioner may enough a
34 35	following the date of its regular annual meeting, the Commissioner may appoint a
35 36	conservator under G.S. 53-421 to operate the state trust company and elect directors, as appropriate. If the conservator is unable to locate or elect persons willing and able to
30 37	serve as directors, the Commissioner may close the state trust company for liquidation.
38	(d) A vacancy on the board that reduces the number of directors to fewer than five
38 39	shall be filled not later than the thirtieth day following the date the vacancy occurs. After
40	<u>30 days following the date the vacancy occurs, the Commissioner may appoint a</u>
40 41	conservator under G.S. 53-421 to operate the state trust company and elect a board of not
42	fewer than five persons to resolve the vacancy. If the conservator is unable to locate or

1	elect five persons willing and able to serve as directors, the Commissioner may close the
2	state trust company for liquidation.
3	(e) Before each term to which a person is elected to serve as a director of a state
4	trust company, the person shall submit an affidavit for filing in the minutes of the state
5	trust company stating that the person, to the extent applicable:
6	(1) Accepts the position and is not disqualified from serving in the position;
7	(2) <u>Will not violate or knowingly permit an officer, director, or employee of</u>
8	the state trust company to violate any law applicable to the conduct of
9	business of the state trust company; and
10	(3) Will diligently perform the duties of the position.
11	(f) <u>An advisory director is not considered a director if the director:</u>
12	(1) Is not elected by the shareholders of the state trust company;
13	(2) Does not vote on matters before the board or a committee of the board
14	and is not counted for purposes of determining a quorum of the board or
15	committee; and
16	(3) Provides solely general policy advice to the board.
17	" <u>§ 53-357. Required board meetings.</u>
18	The board of a state trust company shall hold at least one regular meeting each
19	quarter. At each regular meeting the board shall review and approve the minutes of the
20	prior meeting and review the operations, activities, and financial condition of the state
21	trust company. The board may designate committees from among its members to
22	perform these duties and approve or disapprove the committees' reports at each regular
23	meeting. All actions of the board shall be recorded in its minutes.
24	" <u>§ 53-358. Officers.</u>
25	(a) The board shall annually appoint the officers of the state trust company, who
26	shall serve at the pleasure of the board. The state trust company shall have a principal
27	executive officer primarily responsible for the execution of board policies and operation
28	of the state trust company, and an officer responsible for the maintenance and storage of
29	all corporate books and records of the state trust company, and for required attestation of
30	signatures. These positions may not be held by the same person. The board may appoint
31	other officers of the state trust company as the board considers necessary.
32	(b) Unless expressly authorized by a resolution of the board recorded in its
33	minutes, an officer or employee may not create or dispose of a state trust company asset
34	or create or incur a liability on behalf of the state trust company.
35	" <u>§ 53-359. Certain criminal offenses.</u> (a) An officer, director, employee, or shareholder of a state trust company
36 27	
37	<u>commits an offense if the person knowingly:</u>
38 39	(1) <u>Conceals information or a fact, or removes, destroys, or conceals a book</u> or record of the state trust company for the purpose of concealing
39 40	information or a fact from the Commissioner or an agent of the
40 41	
41	<u>Commissioner; or</u>

1	<u>(2)</u>	For the purpose of concealing, removes or destroys any book or record
2		of the state trust company that is material to a pending or anticipated
3		legal or administrative proceeding.
4	<u>(b)</u> <u>An o</u>	fficer, director, or employee of a state trust company commits an offense
5		nowingly makes a false entry in the books or records or in any report or
6		e state trust company.
7		ffense under this section shall be a Class H felony.
8		insactions with management and affiliates.
9		out the prior approval of a disinterested majority of the board recorded in
10	-	if a disinterested majority cannot be obtained, the prior written approval
11	of the Commiss	sioner, a state trust company may not directly or indirectly:
12	<u>(1)</u>	Sell or lease an asset of the state trust company to an officer, director, or
13		principal shareholder of the state trust company or an affiliate of the
14		state trust company;
15	<u>(2)</u>	Purchase or lease an asset in which an officer, director, or principal
16		shareholder of the state trust company or an affiliate of the state trust
17		company has an interest; or
18	<u>(3)</u>	Subject to G.S. 53-342 extend credit to an officer, director, or principal
19		shareholder of the state trust company or an affiliate of the state trust
20		<u>company.</u>
21		vithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a lease transaction described in
22		of subsection (a) of this section involving real property may not be
23		renewed, or extended without the prior written approval of the
24	Commissioner.	
25	· ·	not include a subsidiary of the state trust company.
26	· · · ·	ect to G.S. 53-342, a state trust company may not directly or indirectly
27		an employee, officer, director, or principal shareholder of the state trust
28		affiliate of the state trust company, unless:
29	<u>(1)</u>	The extension of credit:
30		a. <u>Is made on substantially the same terms, including interest rates</u>
31		and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable
32		transactions by the state trust company with persons who are not
33		employees, officers, directors, or principal shareholders or
34		affiliates of the state trust company; and
35		b. Does not involve more than the normal risk of repayment or
36	(-)	present other unfavorable features; and
37	<u>(2)</u>	The state trust company follows credit underwriting procedures that are
38		not less stringent than those applicable to comparable transactions by
39		the state trust company with persons who are not employees, officers,
40		directors, or principal shareholders or affiliates of the state trust
41		<u>company.</u>
42		fficer or director of the state trust company who knowingly participates in
43	or permits a vic	plation of this section shall be guilty of a Class H felony.

1	(e) The State Banking Commission may adopt rules to administer and carry out
2	this section, including rules to establish limits, requirements, or exemptions other than
23	those specified by this section for particular categories of transactions.
4	" <u>§ 53-361. Fiduciary responsibility.</u>
- 5	<u>The board of a state trust company is responsible for the proper exercise of fiduciary</u>
6	powers by the state trust company and each matter pertinent to the exercise of fiduciary
7	powers, including:
8	(1) The determination of policies;
9	(2) The investment and disposition of property held in a fiduciary capacity;
10	and
11	(3) The direction and review of the actions of each officer, employee, and
12	<u>committee used by the state trust company in the exercise of its</u>
12	fiduciary powers.
14	" <u>§ 53-362. Record keeping.</u>
15	A state trust company shall keep its fiduciary records separate and distinct from other
16	records of the state trust company. The fiduciary records shall contain all material
17	information relative to each account as appropriate under the circumstances.
18	"§ 53-363. Bonding requirements.
19	(a) The board of a state trust company shall require protection and indemnity for
20	clients in reasonable amounts established by rules adopted under this Article, against
21	dishonesty, fraud, defalcation, forgery, theft, and other similar insurable losses, with
22	corporate insurance or surety companies:
23	(1) Authorized to do business in this State; or
24	(2) Acceptable to the Commissioner and otherwise lawfully permitted to
25	issue the coverage against those losses in this State.
26	(b) Except as otherwise provided by rule, coverage required under subsection (a)
27	of this section shall include each director, officer, and employee of the state trust
28	company without regard to whether the person receives salary or other compensation.
29	" <u>§ 53-364. Reports of apparent crime.</u>
30	A trust company that is the victim of a robbery, has a shortage of corporate or
31	fiduciary funds in excess of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or is the victim of an apparent
32	or suspected misapplication of its corporate or fiduciary funds or property in any amount
33	by a director, officer, or employee shall report the robbery, shortage, or apparent or
34	suspected misapplication to the Commissioner within 48 hours after the time it is
35	discovered. The initial report may be oral if the report is promptly confirmed in writing.
36	The trust company or a director, officer, employee, or agent is not subject to liability for
37	defamation or any other charge resulting from information supplied in the report.
38	" <u>§ 53-365. Merger authority.</u>
39	(a) With the prior written approval of the Commissioner, a state trust company
40	may merge or consolidate with another trust company or corporate entity.
41	(b) Implementation of the plan of merger by the parties and approval of the board
42	or shareholders shall be made or obtained as provided by Chapter 55 of the General
43	<u>Statutes.</u>

1	"§ 53-366. Merger application.
2	(a) A copy of the original articles of merger and an application in the form
3	required by the Commissioner shall be filed with the Commissioner. The Commissioner
4	shall investigate the condition of the merging parties and may require the submission of
5	additional information as considered necessary for an informed decision.
6	(b) The Commissioner may approve the merger if:
7	(1) Each resulting state trust company will be solvent and have adequate
8	capitalization for its business and location;
9	(2) Each resulting state trust company has in all respects complied with the
10	statutes and rules relative to the organization of a state trust company;
11	(3) All fiduciary obligations and liabilities of each state trust company that
12	is a party to the merger have been discharged properly or otherwise
13	have been assumed or retained by a state trust company or other
14	fiduciary lawfully;
15	(4) Each surviving, new, or acquiring party that is not authorized to engage
16	in the trust business will not engage in the trust business and has in all
17	respects complied with the laws of this State; and
18	(5) All conditions imposed by the Commissioner have been satisfied or
19	otherwise resolved.
20	" <u>§ 53-367. Notice and investigation of merger; decision; hearing and appeal.</u>
21	(a) The Commissioner shall notify the parties to the transaction when the
22	application is complete and accepted for filing and all required fees have been paid.
23	Promptly following this notification, the parties shall publish notice of the proposed
24	merger and solicit comments in the form specified by the Commissioner to solicit the
25	views of potentially affected persons specified by the Commissioner by rule.
26	(b) At the expense of the parties to a merger, the Commissioner shall investigate
27	the proposed transaction, including the character of the proposed directors, officers, and
28	principal shareholders. The Commissioner shall prepare a report of the investigation, and
29	any person may request a copy of the nonconfidential portions of the report as provided
30	by Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. Rules adopted may specify the confidential and
31	nonconfidential character of information obtained by the Commissioner under this
32	section. Except as provided by rules regarding confidential information, the financial
33	statements of officers and directors are confidential and shall not be disclosed to the
34	public.
35	(c) Any person may file a protest to a merger application. The manner and time in
36	which protest may be filed shall be adopted by the Commission by rule.
37	(d) Not later than the thirtieth day following the last date notification is published
38	pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner shall determine whether the
39 40	application meets the requirements of G.S. 53-365, based on the application and investigation and shall enter an order approxime the margar or shall get a beginning
40	investigation, and shall enter an order approving the merger or shall set a hearing
41	pursuant to Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.

1	(e) Any order entered by the Commissioner with respect to an application for
2	merger shall be subject to review by the State Banking Commission for entry of a final
3	agency decision.
4	"§ 53-368. Rights of dissenters to mergers.
5	A shareholder may dissent from the merger to the extent and by following the
6	procedure provided by Chapter 55 of the General Statutes.
7	" <u>§ 53-369. Authority to act as disbursing agent.</u>
8	The purchasing trust institution may hold the purchase price and any additional funds
9	delivered to it by the selling institution in trust for the selling institution and may act as
10	agent of the selling institution in disbursing those funds in trust by paying the creditors of
11	the selling institution. If the purchasing trust institution acts under a written agency
12	contract that (i) is approved by the Commissioner; (ii) specifically names each
13	creditor and the amount to be paid each; and (iii) limits the agency to the purely
14	ministerial act of paying creditors the amounts due them as determined by the selling
15	institution and does not involve discretionary duties or authority other than the
16	identification of the creditors named, then the purchasing trust institution:
17	(1) May rely on the contract of agency and the instructions included in it;
18	and
19	(2) <u>Is not responsible for:</u>
20	a. Any error made by the selling institution in determining its
21	liabilities, and creditors to whom the liabilities are due, or the
22	amounts due the creditors; or
23	b. Any preference that results from the payments made under the
24	contract of agency and the instructions included in it.
25	" <u>§ 53-370. Liquidation of selling state trust company.</u>
26	If the selling trust institution is at any time after the sale of assets voluntarily or
27	involuntarily closed for liquidation by a State or federal regulatory agency, the
28	purchasing trust company shall pay to the receiver of the selling institution the balance of
29	the funds held by it in trust for the selling institution and not yet paid to the creditors of
30	the selling institution. Without further action, the purchasing trust institution is
31	discharged of all responsibilities to the selling institution, its receiver, or its creditors or
32	shareholders.
33	" <u>§ 53-371. Payment to creditors.</u>
34	Payment to a creditor of the selling institution of the amount to be paid the person
35	under the terms of the contract of agency may be made by the purchasing trust company
36	by (i) opening an agency account in the name of the creditor, (ii) crediting the
37	account with the amount to be paid the creditor under the terms of the agency contract,
38	and (iii) mailing or personally delivering a duplicate ticket evidencing the credit to the
39	creditor at the person's address shown in the records of the selling institution. The
40	relationship between the purchasing trust institution and the creditor is that of agent to
41	creditor only to the extent of the credit reflected by the ticket.
42	" <u>§ 53-372. Sale of assets.</u>

1	(a) [The board of a state trust company, with the Commissioner's approval, may
2		te trust company to sell all or substantially all of its assets, including the right
3		accounts established with the trust company, without shareholder approval if
4		ssioner finds:
5		1) The interests of the state trust company's clients and creditors are
6	7	jeopardized because of insolvency or imminent insolvency of the state
7		trust company; and
8	(2) The sale is in the best interest of the state trust company's clients and
9	7	creditors.
10	<u>(b)</u>	A sale under this section shall include an assumption and promise by the buyer
11	. ,	therwise discharge:
12		1) All of the state trust company's liabilities to clients and depositors;
13		2) All of the state trust company's liabilities for salaries of the state trust
14	7	company's employees incurred before the date of the sale;
15	(3) Obligations incurred by the Commissioner arising out of the supervision
16	<u>×</u>	or sale of the state trust company; and
17	(4) Fees and assessments due the Commissioner's office.
18	(c) 7	This section does not limit the incidental power of a state trust company to buy
19	<u> </u>	sets in the ordinary course of business.
20		This section does not affect the Commissioner's right to take action under
21	another lay	v. The sale by a trust company of all or substantially all of its assets with
22	shareholde	r approval is considered a voluntary dissolution and liquidation and is
23	governed b	y Subpart A of Part 5 of this Article.
24		<u>''SUBPART E. PRIVATE TRUST COMPANIES.</u>
25	" <u>§ 53-373.</u>	Private Trust Companies.
26	<u>(a)</u>	The following definitions apply in this section:
27	(1) <u>'Family member' means any individual who is related within the fourth</u>
28		degree of affinity or consanguinity to an individual or individuals who
29		control a private trust company or which is controlled by one or more
30		trusts or charitable organizations established by such individual or
31		individuals.
32	(2) 'Transact business with the general public' means any sales, solicitation,
33		arrangement, agreements, or transactions to provide trust or other
34		business services, whether or not for a fee, commission, or any other
35		type of remuneration, with any client that is not a family member or a
36		sole proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, association, trust, estate,
37		business trust, or other company that is not one hundred percent (100%)
38		owned by one or more family members.
39		All individuals who control a private trust company or establish trusts or
40		organizations controlling such private trust company must be related within the
41		ree of affinity or consanguinity.
42		A private trust company engaging in the trust business in this State shall
43	comply wit	th each and every provision of this Article applicable to a trust company unless

1	avaragely avampted t	herefrom in writing by the Commissioner pursuant to this section,
2		e State Banking Commission or under a predecessor statute.
3		rust company or proposed private trust company may request in
4	· · ·	empted from specified provisions of sections G.S. 53-307(b), 53-
4 5		53-326(a) and (b), 53-329(a), 53-336, 53-337(b), (c) and (d), 53-
6		
7		e Commissioner may grant the exemption in whole or in part if the hat the private trust company does not and will not transact business
8	with the general public	* * *
8 9		c. ense of the private trust company, the Commissioner may examine
10	· · · · · ·	rate trust company in connection with an application for exemption.
11	e 1	on presents novel or unusual questions, the Commissioner shall
12		on for exemption or set the application for hearing not later than the
13		he date the Commissioner considers the application complete and
14		The Commissioner may require the submission of additional
15		ered necessary to an informed decision.
16		tion granted under this section may be made subject to conditions
17	· · · · ·	by the Commissioner consistent with this Part.
18		Banking Commission may adopt rules defining other circumstances
19		transaction of business with the public, specifying the provisions of
20		bject to an exemption request, and establishing procedures and
21		ining, maintaining, or revoking exempt status.
22	"8 53-374. Require	ements to apply for and maintain status as a private trust
	<u>3 CC CT II Require</u>	chients to apply for and maintain status as a private trust
23	<u>company.</u>	chients to apply for and maintain status as a private trust
23	(a) <u>company.</u> (a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u>	<u>u. –</u> ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of
23 24	(a) <u>company.</u> (a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> this	<u>. –</u> <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of</u> <u>Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the</u>
23 24 25 26 27	(a) <u>company.</u> (a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> this	<u>a. –</u> <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of</u> <u>Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the</u> <u>imissioner containing the following:</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28	(a) <u>company.</u> (a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> this	<u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the missioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(a) <u>company.</u> (a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> <u>this</u> Com	<u>A. –</u> <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of</u> <u>Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the</u> <u>imissioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(a) <u>company.</u> (a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> <u>this</u> <u>Com</u> <u>a.</u>	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of</u> <u>Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the</u> <u>imissioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust</u> <u>company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(a) <u>company.</u> (a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> <u>this</u> <u>Com</u> <u>a.</u>	 <u>A. –</u> <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the missioner containing the following: <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month previous to the filing of the application.</u> </u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(a) <u>company.</u> (a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> <u>this</u> <u>Com</u> <u>a.</u>	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the imissioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> this <u>Com</u> <u>a.</u> <u>b.</u>	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of</u> <u>Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the</u> <u>missioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust</u> <u>company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month</u> <u>previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the</u> <u>exemption.</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	(a) <u>Application</u> (<u>1</u>) <u>A pr</u> (<u>1</u>) <u>A pr</u> <u>this</u> <u>Com</u> <u>a.</u> <u>b.</u>	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of</u> <u>Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the</u> <u>imissioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust</u> <u>company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month</u> <u>previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the</u> <u>exemption.</u> <u>A statement under oath that the private trust company is not</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> this <u>Com</u> <u>a.</u> <u>b.</u>	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the missioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the exemption.</u> <u>A statement under oath that the private trust company is not currently transacting business with the public and that the</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> this <u>Com</u> <u>a.</u> <u>b.</u>	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the missioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the exemption.</u> <u>A statement under oath that the private trust company is not currently transacting business with the public and that the company will not conduct business with the public without the</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(a) Application (1) A pr this Com a. b. c. d.	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the missioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the exemption.</u> <u>A statement under oath that the private trust company is not currently transacting business with the public and that the prior written permission of the Commissioner.</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(a) <u>Application</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> (1) <u>A pr</u> this <u>Com</u> <u>a.</u> <u>b.</u>	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the imissioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the exemption.</u> <u>A statement under oath that the private trust company is not currently transacting business with the public and that the prior written permission of the Commissioner.</u>
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 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 	(a) Application (1) A pr this Com a. b. c. d.	 <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the imissioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the exemption.</u> <u>A statement under oath that the private trust company is not currently transacting business with the public and that the prior written permission of the Commissioner.</u> <u>The current street mailing address and telephone number of the physical location in this State at which the private trust company will maintain its books and records, together with a statement under oath that the address given is true and correct and is not a</u>
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 	(a) Application (1) A pr this Com a. b. c. d.	 <u>A. –</u> <u>ivate trust company requesting an exemption from the provisions of Article pursuant to G.S. 53-373 shall file an application with the imissioner containing the following:</u> <u>A nonrefundable application fee as set by rules.</u> <u>A detailed statement under oath showing the private trust company's assets and liabilities as of the end of the month previous to the filing of the application.</u> <u>A statement under oath of the reason for requesting the exemption.</u> <u>A statement under oath that the private trust company is not currently transacting business with the public and that the prior written permission of the Commissioner.</u> <u>The current street mailing address and telephone number of the physical location in this State at which the private trust company will maintain its books and records, together with a statement</u>

1		f. Listing of the specific provisions of the Act for which the request
1 2		<u>f.</u> <u>Listing of the specific provisions of the Act for which the request</u> for exemption is made.
23	(2)	
3 4	<u>(2)</u>	<u>The Commissioner shall not approve a private trust company exemption</u> unless the application is completed as required in paragraph (1) of this
4 5		unless the application is completed as required in paragraph (1) of this section.
6	(b) Requ	<u>irements. – To maintain status as an exempt private trust company under</u>
7		private trust company shall comply with the following:
8	<u>(1)</u>	Transact no business with the public.
9	$\overline{(2)}$	File an annual certification that it is maintaining the conditions and
10	<u>1,—,/</u>	limitations of its exempt status. This annual certification shall be filed
11		on a form provided by the Commissioner and be accompanied by a fee
12		determined by the State Banking Commissioner by rule. The annual
13		certification shall be filed on or before December 31 of each year. No
14		annual certification shall be valid unless it bears an acknowledgment
15		stamped by the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have 30 days
16		from the date of receipt to return a copy of the acknowledged annual
17		certification to the private trust company. The burden shall be on the
18		exempt private trust company to notify the Commissioner of any failure
19		to return an acknowledged copy of any annual certification within the
20		<u>30-day period.</u> The Commissioner may examine or investigate the
21		private state trust company periodically as necessary to verify the
22		certification.
23	<u>(3)</u>	Comply with the principal office provisions of G.S. 53-300 of this
24		Article and with the address and telephone requirements of subsection
25		(a)(1)e. of this section.
26	<u>(c)</u> <u>Chan</u>	ge of Control Control of an exempt private trust company may not be
27		old with exempt status. In any change of control, the acquiring control
28	person must co	omply with the provisions of this Article and the exempt status of the
29		ompany shall automatically terminate upon the effective date of the
30	transfer. A sep	parate application for exempt status must be filed if the acquiring person
31	wishes to obtain	n or continue an exemption pursuant to this section.
32	(d) <u>Autho</u>	ority to Revoke The Commissioner shall have authority to revoke the
33	exempt status of	f a private trust company in the following circumstances:
34	<u>(1)</u>	The exempt private trust company makes a false statement under oath
35		on any document required to be filed by the Article or by any rule
36		promulgated by the State Banking Commission.
37	<u>(2)</u>	The exempt private trust company fails to submit to an examination as
38		required by G.S. 53-377.
39	<u>(3)</u>	The exempt private trust company withholds requested information
40		from the Commissioner.
41	<u>(4)</u>	The exempt private trust company violates any provision of this section
42		applicable to exempt private trust companies.

1	(e) <u>Notification of Revocation of Exemption</u> . – If the Commissioner determines
2	from examination or other credible evidence that an exempt private trust company has
3	violated any of the requirements of this section, the Commissioner may by personal
4	delivery or registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, notify the exempt private
5	trust company in writing that the private trust company's exempt status has been revoked.
6	The notification must state grounds for the revocation with reasonable certainty. The
7	notice must state its effective date, which may not be before the fifth day after the date
8	the notification is mailed or delivered. The revocation takes effect for the private trust
9	company if the private trust company does not request a hearing in writing before the
10	effective date. After taking effect the revocation is final and nonappealable as to that
11	private trust company, and the private trust company shall be subject to all of the
12	requirements and provisions of the Article applicable to nonexempt state trust companies.
13	(f) <u>Compliance Period. – A private trust company shall have five calendar days</u>
14	after the revocation is effective to comply with the provisions of this Article from which
15	it was formerly exempt. If, however, the Commissioner determines, at the time of
16	revocation, that the private trust company has been engaging in or attempting to engage
17	in acts intended or designed to deceive or defraud the public, the Commissioner may
18	shorten or eliminate, in the Commissioner's sole discretion, the five calendar days
19	compliance period.
20	(g) <u>Remedies for Failure to Comply. – If the private trust company does not</u>
21	comply with all of the provisions of this Article, including such capitalization
22	requirements as have been determined by the Commissioner as necessary to assure the
23	safety and soundness of the private trust company, within the prescribed time period, the
24	Commissioner may:
25	(1) Institute any action or remedy prescribed by this Article or any
26	applicable rule or regulation, or
27	(2) <u>Refer the private trust company to the Attorney General for institution</u>
28	of a quo warranto proceeding to revoke the charter.
29	(h) Private Trust Company Under Prior Law. – A private trust company that
30	currently has a valid exemption under a predecessor statute is considered exempt under
31	this Article.
32	" <u>§ 53-375. Conversion to public trust company.</u>
33	(a) A private trust company may terminate its status as a private trust company
34	and commence transacting business with the general public. A private trust company
35	desiring to commence transacting business with the general public shall file a notice on a
36	form prescribed by the Commissioner, which shall set forth the name of the private trust
37	company and an acknowledgment that any exemption granted or otherwise applicable to the private trust company purpose to $C = 52,272$ horses the apply on the
38 39	the private trust company pursuant to G.S. 53-373 hereof shall cease to apply on the
39 40	effective date of such notice, furnish a copy of the resolution adopted by the board authorizing the private trust company to commence transacting business with the general
40 41	public, and pay the filing fee, if any, prescribed by the Commissioner.
41	public, and pay the timing ree, it any, presented by the Commissioner.

1	(b) The private trust company may commence transacting business with the
2	general public on the thirty-first day after the date the Commissioner receives the notice,
3	unless the Commissioner specifies an earlier or later date.
4	(c) The 30-day period of review may be extended by the Commissioner on
5	determination that the written notice raises issues that require additional information or
6	additional time for analysis. If the period for review is extended, the notificant may
7	commence transacting business with the public only on prior written approval by the
8	Commissioner.
9	(d) The Commissioner may deny approval of the notice of the private trust
10	company to commence transacting business with the general public if the Commissioner
11	finds that it lacks sufficient financial resources to undertake the proposed expansion
12	without adversely affecting its safety or soundness or that the proposed transacting of
13	business of the general public would be contrary to the public interest or if the
14	Commissioner determines that is will not within a reasonable period be in compliance
15	with any provision of this Article from which it had been previously exempted pursuant
16	<u>to G.S. 53-373.</u>
17	"PART 4. ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.
18	"SUBPART A. SUPERVISION AND EXAMINATION.
19	" <u>§ 53-376. Authorized trust institution.</u>
20	For the purposes of this Part, the term 'authorized trust institution' shall mean any state
21	trust company, trust office, or representative trust office.
22	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions
22 23	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine.
22 23 24	" <u>§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions</u> <u>and shall examine.</u> Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner.
22 23 24 25	" <u>§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions</u> <u>and shall examine.</u> <u>Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner.</u> <u>The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute</u>
22 23 24 25 26	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be
22 23 24 25 26 27	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	" <u>§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions</u> <u>and shall examine.</u> <u>Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner.</u> <u>The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute</u> <u>and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be</u> <u>created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust</u> <u>institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this</u> <u>Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the</u> <u>provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust</u>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	" <u>§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine.</u> Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institution under its supervision, taking into consideration the appropriate interest of the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institution under its supervision, taking into consideration the appropriate interest of the creditors, stockholders, and the public in their relations with the authorized trust
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institution under its supervision, taking into consideration the appropriate interest of the creditors, stockholders, and the public in their relations with the authorized trust institutions. All authorized trust institutions doing business under the provisions of this
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institution under its supervision, taking into consideration the appropriate interest of the creditors, stockholders, and the public in their relations with the authorized trust institutions. All authorized trust institutions doing business under the provisions of this Article shall conduct their business in a manner consistent with all laws relating to authorized trust institution.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	" <u>§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions</u> <u>and shall examine.</u> Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institutions and to insure safe and conservative management of an authorized trust institutions. All authorized trust institutions doing business under the provisions of this Article shall conduct their business in a manner consistent with all laws relating to authorized trust institutions and all rules and instructions that may be adopted or issued
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	" <u>§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine.</u> Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institution under its supervision, taking into consideration the appropriate interest of the creditors, stockholders, and the public in their relations with the authorized trust institutions. All authorized trust institutions doing business under the provisions of this Article shall conduct their business in a manner consistent with all laws relating to authorized trust institutions and all rules and instructions that may be adopted or issued by the State Banking Commission.
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institution under its supervision, taking into consideration the appropriate interest of the creditors, stockholders, and the public in their relations with the authorized trust institutions. All authorized trust institutions doing business under the provisions of this Article shall conduct their business in a manner consistent with all laws relating to authorized trust institutions and all rules and instructions that may be adopted or issued by the State Banking Commission. "§ 53-378. Assessment of state trust companies. (a) For the cost of examinations and other services, each state trust company shall
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 "§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institution under its supervision, taking into consideration the appropriate interest of the creditors, stockholders, and the public in their relations with the authorized trust institutions. All authorized trust institutions doing business under the provisions of this Article shall conduct their business in a manner consistent with all laws relating to authorized trust institutions and all rules and instructions that may be adopted or issued by the State Banking Commission. "§ 53-378. Assessment of state trust companies. (a) For the cost of examinations and other services, each state trust company shall pay into the Office of the Commissioner of Banks, within 10 days after notice, an annual
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	"§ 53-377. Commissioner shall have supervision over authorized trust institutions and shall examine. Every authorized trust institution shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall have the authority to periodically examine, and shall execute and enforce through examiners and any other agents as are now or may hereafter be created or appointed, all laws that are now or may be enacted relating to authorized trust institutions. For the more complete and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this Article, the State Banking Commission may adopt any rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to carry out the provisions of the laws relating to authorized trust institution under its supervision, taking into consideration the appropriate interest of the creditors, stockholders, and the public in their relations with the authorized trust institutions. All authorized trust institutions doing business under the provisions of this Article shall conduct their business in a manner consistent with all laws relating to authorized trust institutions and all rules and instructions that may be adopted or issued by the State Banking Commission. "§ 53-378. Assessment of state trust companies. (a) For the cost of examinations and other services, each state trust company shall

1	amount of trust assets shall be determined as of the close of business on December 31
2	each year.
3	(b) If an application for merger or acquisition and control occasions an
4	examination or if the Commissioner determines that the financial condition or manner of
5	operation of a state trust company warrants further examination or an increased level of
6	supervision, a state trust company may be subject to additional assessment not to exceed
7	an amount determined in accordance with the schedule set forth in subsection (a) of this
8	section.
9	(c) The State Banking Commission may adopt by rule the amount to be collected
10	for processing any application or petition or other proceeding required by law to be filed
11	with the Commissioner of Banks and for obtaining copies of any publication or public
12	record of the Banking Commission.
13	(d) <u>The Commissioner may collect the assessments provided for in subsections (a)</u>
14	and (b) of this section annually or in periodic installments as approved by the State
15	Banking Commission.
16	<u>''SUBPART B. ENFORCEMENT ORDERS; TRUST COMPANY</u>
17	MANAGEMENT.
18	" <u>§ 53-379. Administrative orders; penalties for violation.</u>
19	(a) In addition to any other powers conferred by this Chapter, the Commissioner
20	<u>may:</u>
21	(1) Order any authorized trust institution, or subsidiary thereof; or any
22	director, officer, or employee to cease and desist violating any provision
23	of this Article or any lawful regulation issued thereunder.
24	(2) Order any authorized trust institution, or subsidiary thereof, or any
25	director, officer, or employee to cease and desist from a course of
26	conduct that is unsafe or unsound and which is likely to cause
27	insolvency or dissipation of assets or is likely to jeopardize or otherwise
28	seriously prejudice the interests of the public in their relationship with
29	the authorized trust institution.
30	(3) Order any company to cease engaging in an unauthorized trust activity.
31	$(4) \qquad Enter any order pursuant to G.S. 53-312.$
32	(b) The Commissioner may impose a civil money penalty of not more than one there are a statistical tract institution
33	thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation by any authorized trust institution, or
34	subsidiary thereof, or any director, officer, or employee of an order issued under
35 36	subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section. The Commissioner may impose a civil money penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per day for each day that
30 37	an authorized trust institution, or subsidiary thereof, or any director, officer, or employee
38	violates a cease and desist order issued under subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of
38 39	this section. All civil money penalties collected under this section shall be paid to the
40	county school fund.
40 41	"§ 53-380. Notice and opportunity for hearing.
42	<u>Consistent with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, notice and opportunity for</u>
43	hearing shall be provided before the Commissioner may act pursuant to G.S. 53-375. In

1	cases involving extraordinary circumstances requiring immediate action, the
2	<u>Commissioner may take action without a hearing, but shall promptly afford a subsequent</u>
23	• • • • •
3 4	hearing upon application to rescind the action taken. "§ 53-381. Subpoena power and examination under oath.
4 5	
5 6	The Commissioner may subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, require the production of evidence, administer oaths, and examine any person under oath in
7	
8	connection with any subject related to a duty imposed or a power vested in the Commissioner.
o 9	"§ 53-382. Removal of directors, officers, and employees.
10	The Commissioner may require the immediate removal from office of any officer,
11	director, or employee of any authorized trust institution, who shall be found to be
12	dishonest, incompetent, or reckless in the management of the affairs of the authorized
12	trust institution, or who persistently violates the laws of this State or the lawful orders,
13	instructions, and rules issued by the State Banking Commission.
14	"§ 53-383. Review by the State Banking Commission; additional penalties.
16	Administrative orders issued by the Commissioner and civil money penalties imposed
17	for violation of orders shall be subject to review by the State Banking Commission,
18	which may amend, modify, or disapprove orders or penalties at any regular or special
19	meeting. Notwithstanding any penalty imposed by the Commissioner, the State Banking
20	<u>Commission may after notice and opportunity for hearing, impose, enter judgment for,</u>
21	and enforce by appropriate process, a penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars
22	(\$10,000) against any authorized trust institution, or subsidiary thereof, or against any of
23	its directors, officers, or employees for violating any lawful orders of the Commissioner.
24	All civil money penalties collected under this section shall be paid to the county school
25	fund.
26	"PART 5. DISSOLUTION AND RECEIVERSHIP; CONSERVATORSHIP.
27	"SUBPART A. VOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION.
28	"§ 53-384. Required vote of shareholders.
29	A state trust company may go into voluntary liquidation and be closed and may
30	surrender its charter and franchise as a corporation of this State by the affirmative votes
31	of its shareholders or participants owning two-thirds of its stock.
32	"§ 53-385. Corporate procedure.
33	Shareholder action to liquidate a state trust company shall be taken at a meeting of the
34	shareholders duly called by resolution of the board of directors, written notice of which,
35	stating the purpose of the meeting, shall be mailed to each shareholder, or in case of a
36	shareholder's death, to the shareholder's legal representative or heirs at law, addressed to
37	the shareholder's last known residence 10 days previous to the date of the meeting. If
38	stockholders shall, by the required vote, elect to liquidate a trust company, a certified
39	copy of all proceedings of the meeting at which the action was taken, verified by the oath
40	of the president and secretary, shall be transmitted to the Commissioner for approval.
41	" <u>§ 53-386. Authority to liquidate; publication.</u>
42	If the Commissioner approves the liquidation, the Commissioner shall issue to the
43	state trust company under the Commissioner's seal, a permit for liquidation. No permit

1	
1	shall be issued by the Commissioner until the Commissioner is satisfied that provision
2	has been made by the state trust company to satisfy and pay off all creditors. If not so
3	satisfied, the Commissioner shall refuse to issue a permit, shall be authorized to take
4	possession of the state trust company and its assets and business, and shall hold and
5	liquidate the state trust company in the manner provided in this Article. When the
6	Commissioner approves the voluntary liquidation of a state trust company, the directors
7	of the state trust company shall cause to be published in a newspaper in the county in
8	which the trust company is located, or if no newspaper is published in the county, then in
9	a newspaper having a general circulation in the county, a notice that the state trust
10	company is closing down its affairs and going into liquidation and notify its creditors to
11	present their claims for payment. The notice shall be published once a week for four
12	consecutive weeks.
13	" <u>§ 53-387. Examination and reports.</u>
14	When any state trust company is in process of voluntary liquidation, it shall be subject
15	to examination by the Commissioner and shall furnish any reports required by the
16	Commissioner.
17	" <u>§ 53-388. Unclaimed property.</u>
18	All unclaimed property remaining with a liquidated state trust company shall be
19	subject to the provisions of Chapter 116B of the General Statutes.
20	" <u>§ 53-389. Sell or transfer of property.</u>
21	Whenever the Commissioner approves, a state trust company may sell and transfer to
22	any other trust institution, whether State or federally chartered, all of its assets of every
23	kind upon any terms agreed upon and approved by the Commissioner and by two-thirds
24	vote of its board of directors. A certified copy of the minutes of any meeting at which the
25	action is taken, under the oath of the president and secretary, together with a copy of the
26	contract of sale and transfer, shall be filed with the Commissioner. Whenever voluntary
27	liquidation is approved by the Commissioner or the sale and transfer of the assets of any
28	state trust company is approved by the Commissioner, a certified copy of the approval
29	under seal of the Commissioner, filed in the office of the Secretary of State, shall
30	authorize the cancellation of the charter of the state trust company, subject, however, to
31	its continued existence, as provided by this Article and the general law relative to
32	corporations.
33	<u>"SUBPART B. INVOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION.</u>
34	" <u>§ 53-390. When Commissioner may take charge.</u>
35	The Commissioner may take possession of the business and property of any state trust
36	company whenever it shall appear that the trust company:
37	(1) Has violated its charter or any laws applicable thereto;
38	(2) Is conducting its business in an unauthorized or unsafe manner;
39	(3) <u>Is in a hazardous condition to transact its business;</u>
40	(4) <u>Has an impairment of its capital;</u>
41	(5) <u>Has become otherwise insolvent</u> ;
42	(6) <u>Has neglected or refused to comply with the terms of a duly issued</u>
43	lawful order of the Commissioner;

1	(7) Has refused, upon proper demand, to submit its records, affairs, and
2	concerns for inspection and examination of a duly appointed or
3	authorized examiner of the Commissioner; or
4	(8) <u>Has made a voluntary assignment of its assets to trustees.</u>
5	The Commissioner may take possession of the business and property of any state trust
6	company whenever it shall appear that its officers have refused to be examined upon oath
7	regarding its affairs.
8	" <u>§ 53-391. Directors may act.</u>
9	A state trust company may place its assets and business under the control of the
10	Commissioner for liquidation by a resolution of a majority of its directors upon notice to
11	the Commissioner, and, upon taking possession of the state trust company, the
12	Commissioner, or duly appointed agent, shall retain possession thereof until the state trust
13	company is authorized by the Commissioner to resume business or until the affairs of the
14	state trust company are fully liquidated, as herein provided. No state trust company shall
15	make any general assignment for the benefit of its creditors except by surrendering
16	possession of its assets to the Commissioner, as herein provided. Whenever any state
17	trust company for any reason shall suspend operations for any length of time, the state
18	trust company shall, immediately upon suspension of operations, be deemed in the
19	possession of the Commissioner and subject to liquidation hereunder.
20	" <u>§ 53-392. Notice of seizure; bar to attachment.</u>
21	When the Commissioner, or duly appointed agent, takes possession of any state trust
22	company under G.S. 53-390 or G.S. 53-391, the Commissioner or agent shall, within 48
23	hours, file with the clerk of the superior court in the county where the state trust company
24	is located, a notice of the action which shall state the reason for the action and which
25	shall be deemed the equivalent of a summons and complaint against the state trust
26	company in an action in the superior court except that it shall not be necessary to serve
27	the notice. The taking possession of any state trust company shall be effective on the
28	date when the authority was exercised and from and after the time all assets and property
29	of the state trust company, of whatever nature, shall be deemed to be in possession of the
30	Commissioner, and the exercise of the authority shall operate as a bar to any attachment
31	or other legal proceeding against the state trust company or its assets. After the
32	Commissioner's exercise of authority, no lien shall be acquired, in any manner binding or
33	affecting any of the assets of the state trust company and every transfer or assignment
34	made thereafter by the state trust company, or by its authority, of the whole or any part of
35	its assets, shall be null and void; and the Commissioner shall be substituted in place of
36	the state trust company in all actions in the State or federal courts, pending at the time of
37	the exercise of the authority.
38	"§ 53-393. Notice to trust institutions, corporations, and others holding assets; liens
39	not to accrue.
40	Upon taking possession of the assets and business of any state trust company, the
41	Commissioner, or duly appointed agent, shall forthwith give notice, by mail or otherwise,
42	of the action to all trust institutions or other persons or corporations holding, or having in
43	possession, any assets of the state trust company. No trust company or other person or

1	corporation shall have a lien or charge for any payment, advance, or clearance made, or
2	liability incurred against any of the assets of the state trust company after possession has
3	been taken as provided under this section, except as hereinafter provided.
4	" <u>§ 53-394. Permission to resume business.</u>
5	(a) After the Commissioner has taken possession of any state trust company, the
6 7	<u>company may resume business upon terms and conditions approved by the State Banking</u> Commission.
8	
8 9	(b) When possession of a state trust company has been taken either pursuant to G.S. 53-390 or G.S. 53-391, the conditions under which it may resume business shall be
10	fully stated in writing and a copy thereof shall be filed with the clerk of superior court in
11	the action required to be commenced in cases against a state trust company under the
12	provisions for involuntary dissolution and liquidation in this Article.
13	(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, no state trust company
14	that has been taken in possession by the Commissioner under the provisions of this
15	Article shall be reopened to resume a trust business unless and until (i) the state trust
16	company has been completely restored to solvency; (ii) the capital stock, if impaired, has
17	been entirely restored to solvency; (iii) the capital stock, if impaired, has been entirely
18	restored in cash or United States government securities; and (iv) it shall clearly appear to
19	the Commissioner that the state trust company may be reopened with safety to the public
20	and the reopening is necessary to serve the business interest of the community.
21	" <u>§ 53-395. Remedy for seizure; answer to notice, injunction; and appeal.</u>
22	Whenever any state trust company, of whose assets and business the Commissioner
23	has taken possession as herein provided, except where possession is taken under G.S. 53-
24 25	<u>390, shall deem itself aggrieved thereby, it may, at any time within 10 days after the</u>
23 26	filing of the notice with the clerk of the superior court, file an answer to the notice and may also upon notice to the Commissioner, apply to the resident or presiding judge of the
20 27	superior court for an injunction to enjoin further proceedings by the Commissioner. The
27	judge of the superior court may cite the Commissioner to show cause within 10 days
20 29	thereafter why further proceedings should not be enjoined, and, after hearing the
30	allegations and proof of the parties with respect to the condition of the state trust
31	company, may dismiss an application for injunction or may enjoin further proceedings
32	under this section by the Commissioner. If the judge enjoins further action of the
33	Commissioner and permits the reopening of the state trust company, the judge may
34	require of the state trust company a surety bond as the judge deems necessary to insure its
35	solvency, payable to the Commissioner for the sole benefit of the general creditors of the
36	state trust company, and upon any terms the judge deems proper. Either party has the
37	right to appeal a decision as in other actions.
38	"§ 53-396. Collection of debts and claims; commissioner succeeds to all property of
39	the state trust company.
40	(a) Upon taking possession of the assets and business of any state trust company
41	by the Commissioner, or a duly appointed agent, the Commissioner or agent is authorized
42	to collect all money due the state trust company, and to do any other acts necessary to
43	conserve its assets and property, and shall proceed to liquidate the affairs thereof, as

hereinafter provided. The Commissioner, or a duly appointed agent, shall collect all debts 1 2 due and claims belonging to the state trust company, and, by order of the court, may sell, 3 compromise, or compound any bad or doubtful debt or claim or sell the real and personal 4 property of the state trust company on any terms provided by the order. Where the sale is 5 made under power contained in any mortgage or lien bond or other paper wherein the 6 title is retained for sale and the terms of sale set out, sale may be made under that 7 authority. 8 (b) Upon taking possession of any state trust company under this section, the 9 Commissioner, or the duly appointed agent, shall have the possession and the right to the possession of all the property, assets, chooses in action, rights, and privileges of the state 10 trust company, including the right to resign the trust or exercise the power in all papers 11 12 executed to secure the payment of money in any form in which the state trust company has been named as trustee or pledgee. The property right and privileges shall vest in the 13 14 Commissioner or duly appointed liquidating agent absolutely, for the purpose of liquidating, selling, or conveying the property right and privileges, together with all other 15 incidental rights, privileges, and powers necessary for the right of conveyance and sale. 16 17 Upon the motion made, the state trust company or any person interested may be heard, 18 but the judge hearing the motion shall enter an order as in the judge's discretion will best serve the parties interested. 19 The officers and directors of any state trust company, or any state trust 20 (c) company that is in liquidation as provided by law, shall not hereafter exercise any powers 21 herein declared to be vested in the Commissioner or the duly appointed liquidating agent. 22 23 "§ 53-397. Bond of the commissioner; surety; condition; minimum penalty. 24 Upon taking possession of any state trust company, the Commissioner, or a duly appointed agent, shall execute and file a bond payable to this State, with some surety 25 company as surety thereon, with the clerk of the superior court of the county where the 26 state trust company is located, conditioned upon the faithful performance of all duties 27 imposed by reason of the liquidation of the state trust company by the Commissioner, or 28 a duly appointed agent, assisting in the liquidation of a state trust company, the penal sum 29 of the bond to be fixed by order of the Commissioner, which in no case shall be less than 30 two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). Any person interested, by motion in the 31 32 pending action, shall be heard by the resident or presiding judge of the superior court as to the sufficiency of the bond. The judge hearing the motion may fix the bond. 33 "§ 53-398. Inventory. 34 Within 90 days after the filing of the notice of the taking possession of a state trust 35 company in the office of the clerk of the superior court, the Commissioner, or a duly 36 appointed agent, shall file an inventory of the assets and liabilities of the state trust 37 38 company. A copy of the inventory shall be filed with the clerk of the superior court in the pending action and a copy shall be kept on file in the state trust company. The 39 40 inventory shall be open for inspection during the usual business hours; provided that nothing herein shall require the state trust company to remain open unnecessarily. 41

42 "§ 53-399. Notice and time for filing claims.

Notice shall be given by advertisement once a week for four consecutive weeks in a 1 2 newspaper published in the county where the state trust company is located, or if no 3 newspaper is published in the county, then in some newspaper having a general 4 circulation in the county, calling on all persons who may have claims against the state 5 trust company to present them to the Commissioner at the office of the state trust 6 company, and within the time to be specified in the notice which time shall not be less 7 than 90 days from the date of the first publication. A copy of this notice shall be mailed 8 to all persons whose names appear as creditors upon the books of the state trust company. 9 Affidavit by the Commissioner or agent mailing the notice, to the effect that the notice was mailed, shall be conclusive evidence thereof. 10 "§ 53-400. Power to reject claims; notice; affidavit of service; action on claims. 11 If the Commissioner doubts the validity of any claim, the Commissioner may 12 (a) reject the claim and serve notice of the rejection upon the claimant, either personally or 13 14 by certified mail, and an affidavit of the service of the notice shall be filed in the office of 15 the clerk of the superior court in the pending action and shall be conclusive evidence of the notice. Any action or suit upon rejected claim shall be brought by the claimant 16 17 against the Commissioner in the superior court of the county in which the state trust 18 company is located within 90 days after service, or the action or suit shall be barred. Objections to any claim not rejected by the Commissioner may be made by any person 19 20 interested by filing the objection in the pending action and by serving a copy thereof on 21 the Commissioner. The Commissioner, after investigation, shall either allow the objection and reject the claim, or disallow the objection. If the objection is not allowed 22 23 and the claim not rejected, the Commissioner shall file a notice in the pending action. 24 Within 10 days after notice is filed, the person filing objection by motion in the pending 25 action may question the validity of the claim and the questions of law and issues of fact shall thereupon be determined as in other civil actions. A copy of the notice that the 26 objection is not allowed shall be served upon the person who submitted the claim or 27 deposit. 28 29 As used in this section, 'Commissioner' includes the Commissioner's duly (b)30 appointed agent. '§ 53-401. List of claims presented and deposits; copies; proviso. 31 Upon the expiration of the time fixed for presentation of claims, the Commissioner, or 32 33 the duly appointed agent, shall make a full and complete list of the claims presented, including and specifying any claims that have been rejected. One copy shall be filed in 34 35 the office of the clerk of the superior court in the pending action, and one copy shall be kept on file with the inventory in the office of the state trust company for examination. 36 Any claim that may be presented after the expiration of the time fixed for the presentation 37 38 of claims in the notice hereinbefore provided shall, if allowed, share pro rata in the distribution only of those assets of the state trust company in the hands of the 39 Commissioner, and undistributed at the time the claim is presented. Provided, that when 40 it is made to appear to the judge of the superior court, resident or presiding in the county, 41 42 that the claim could not have been filed within the period, the judge may permit those creditors or depositors who subsequently file their claim to share as other creditors. 43

1	"§ 53-402. Declaration of dividends; order of preference in distribution.
2	At any time after the expiration of the date fixed by the Commissioner, or the duly
3	appointed agent, for the presentation of claims against the state trust company, and from
4	time to time thereafter, the Commissioner, after the payment of expenses and priorities,
5	may declare and pay dividends to the shareholders and other creditors of the state trust
6	company. Dividends may be declared when and as often as the available funds shall be
7	sufficient to pay ten percent (10%) of all claims entitled to share in the dividends. In
8	paying and calculating dividends, all disputed claims shall be taken into account, but no
9	dividend shall be paid upon the disputed claims until the claims have been finally
10	determined. The following shall be the order and preference in the distribution of the
11	assets of any state trust company liquidated hereunder:
12	(1) Taxes and fees due the Commissioner for examination or other services;
13	(2) Wages and salaries due officers and employees of the state trust
14	company, for a period of not more than four months;
15	(3) Expenses of liquidation; and
16	(4) <u>Amounts due creditors other than stockholders.</u>
17	The word 'asset' used herein shall not be deemed to include bailments or other
18	property to which the state trust company has no title. A statement of all dividends paid
19	shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court in the pending action, and the
20	statements shall show the expenses deducted and the disputed claims in determining the
21	dividend.
22	" <u>§ 53-403. Deposit of funds collected.</u>
23 24	All funds collected by the Commissioner, in liquidating any state trust company, shall he denosited from time to time in a heark as may be selected by the Commissioner and
24 25	be deposited from time to time in a bank as may be selected by the Commissioner and shall be subject to withdrawal by check of the Commissioner.
23 26	" <u>§ 53-404. Employment of counsel; accountants; and other experts; compensation.</u>
20 27	The Commissioner, for the purpose of liquidating state trust companies as herein
28	provided, shall (i) employ any liquidating agents, competent local attorneys,
20 29	accountants, and clerks necessary to properly liquidate and distribute the assets of a state
30	trust company; (ii) fix the compensation for the agents, attorneys, accountants, and
31	clerks; and (iii) pay the compensation out of the funds derived from the liquidation of the
32	assets of the state trust company. Provided, that all expenditures for the purpose herein
33	provided shall be approved by the resident or presiding judge in the pending action at
34	such time as the expenditure may be reported, and the charges shall be a proper charge
35	and lien on the assets of the state trust company until paid. Payments made by the
36	Commissioner pursuant to this section shall not be subject to the requirements of Article
37	<u>3 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.</u>
38	" <u>§ 53-405. Unclaimed dividends held in trust.</u>
39	Any unclaimed dividends remaining in the hands of the Commissioner for six months
40	after the order for final distributions shall be held in trust for the several creditors of the
41	liquidated state trust company; and the moneys so held by the Commissioner shall be
42	paid over to the persons entitled to the moneys when they furnish satisfactory evidence of
43	their right to the moneys. In case of doubtful or conflicting claims, the Commissioner

may apply to the superior court of the county, by motion in the pending action, for an 1 2 order from the resident or presiding judge of the superior court directing the payment of 3 the moneys so claimed. Issues of fact raised by motion may, upon request of any 4 claimant, be determined as in other civil actions. Interest earned on any unclaimed 5 dividends so held shall be applied toward defraving the expenses incurred in the 6 distribution of the unclaimed dividends. The balance of interest, if any, shall be 7 deposited and held as other funds to the credit of the Commissioner. After the 8 Commissioner has held the unclaimed dividends in trust under the provisions of this 9 statute for the creditors of the liquidated state trust company for a period of five years, the 10 Commissioner is hereby given the authority to pay the principal amount of the unclaimed dividends to the State Treasurer, to be held by the State Treasurer without liability for 11 12 profit or interest until a just claim therefor shall be made by the parties entitled thereto. Upon payment of unclaimed dividends to the State Treasurer, the Commissioner shall be 13 14 fully discharged from all further liability therefor. "§ 53-406. Action by the Commissioner following full settlement. 15 Whenever the Commissioner has paid all the expenses of liquidation and has paid to 16 17 each and every creditor of the state trust company, whose claims have been duly proven 18 and allowed, the full amount of the claims, and has made proper provision for unclaimed and unpaid and disputed claims, and has other assets of the state trust company, the 19 20 Commissioner shall call a meeting of the shareholders of the state trust company by giving notice thereof by publication once a week for four consecutive weeks in a 21 newspaper published in the county, or if no newspaper is published in the county, then in 22 23 a newspaper having general circulation in the county, and by mailing a copy of the notice 24 to each shareholder's address as it appears on the books of the state trust company. Affidavit of the mailing of the notice herein required and of the printer as to the 25 publication shall be conclusive evidence of notice hereunder. At the meeting, any 26 shareholders may be represented by proxy and the shareholders shall elect, by a majority 27 vote of the stock present, an agent or agents who shall be authorized to receive from the 28 29 Commissioner all the assets of the state trust company then remaining in the 30 Commissioner's hands; and the Commissioner shall cause to be transferred and delivered to the agent, or agents, all the assets of the state trust company. The Commissioner shall 31 thereupon cause to be filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court in the pending 32 actions a full and complete report of all transactions, showing the assets of the state trust 33 company so transferred, together with the name of the agent or agents receipting for the 34 35 assets; and the filing of the report shall act as a full and complete discharge of the Commissioner from all further liabilities by reason of the liquidation of the state trust 36 company. The agent shall convert the assets coming into the agent's hands into cash, and 37 38 shall make distribution to the shareholders of the state trust company as herein provided. The agent shall file semiannually a report of all transactions with the superior court of the 39 county in which the state trust company is located, and with the Commissioner, and shall 40 be allowed for the services such fees not in excess of five percent (5%), as may be fixed 41 42 by the court. In case of death, removal, or refusal to act, of any agent or agents elected by the shareholders, the Commissioner shall, upon report of the action on the part of the 43

1	agent or agents to the superior court of the county in which the state trust company is
2	located, turn over to the superior court for the stockholders of the state trust company, all
3	the remaining assets of the state trust company, file the required report, and be discharged
4	from any further liability to the shareholders as herein provided. The assets, when turned
5	over to the superior court, shall remain in the court until such time as the court by order
6	or the shareholders provide for distribution.
7	"§ 53-407. Annual report of the Commissioner; items included.
8	The Commissioner shall file, as a part of an annual report to the Governor, a list of the
9	names of the state trust companies of which possession was taken and liquidated; and the
10	Commissioner shall, from time to time compile and make available for public inspection,
11	reports showing the condition of the state trust companies; and the annual report of the
12	Commissioner shall show the sum of unclaimed assets, with respect to each state trust
13	company and shall show all depositories of all sums coming into the hands of the
14	Commissioner under the provisions of this section.
15	" <u>§ 53-408. Compensation of the Commissioner.</u>
16	The Commissioner, for services rendered in connection with the liquidation of state
17	trust companies hereunder, shall be entitled to actual expenses incurred in connection
18	with the liquidation of each state trust company, including a reasonable sum for the time
19	of the examiners and other agents of the Commissioner. The expenses shall be a prior
20	lien on the assets of the state trust company liquidated until paid in full, and the
21	Commissioner may adopt rules for fixing the expenses.
22	" <u>§ 53-409. Exclusive method of liquidation.</u>
23	No state trust company created prior to the effective date of this Article shall be
24	liquidated in any other way or manner than that provided herein.
25	" <u>§ 53-410. Disposition of books and records.</u>
26	All books, papers, and records of a state trust company that has been finally liquidated
27	shall be deposited by the receiver in the office of the clerk of the superior court for the
28	county in which the office of the state trust company is located, or in any other place as in
29	the receiver's judgment will provide for the proper safekeeping and protection of books,
30	papers, and records. The books, papers, and records herein referred to shall be held
31	subject to the orders of the Commissioner and the clerk of the superior court for the
32	county in which the state trust company was located.
33	" <u>§ 53-411. Destruction of books and records.</u>
34	After the expiration of five years from the date of filing in the office of the clerk of
35	the superior court of a final order approving the liquidation by the Commissioner of any
36	insolvent state trust company and the delivery to the clerk or into the clerk's custody of
37	the records of the state trust company, the order may be destroyed by the clerk of the
38	superior court.
39	After five years from the filing by the Commissioner of a final report of liquidation of
40	any insolvent state trust company, the Commissioner, by and with the consent of the State
41	Banking Commission, may destroy the records of any insolvent state trust company held
42	in the office of the Commissioner in connection with the liquidation of the state trust
43	company. However, in connection with any unpaid dividends, the Commissioner shall

1	preserve the records or other evidence of indebtedness of the state trust company with
2	reference to the unpaid dividends until the dividends have been paid.
3	"§ 53-412. Trust terminated on insolvency of state trust company.
4	Whenever any state trust company appointed trustee in any indenture, deed of trust, or
5	other instrument of like character, executed to secure the payment of any bonds, notes, or
6	other evidences of indebtedness is taken over for liquidation by the Commissioner or by
7	any other legally reconstituted authority, the powers and duties of the state trust company
8	as trustee shall cease and terminate upon petition and the entry of an order of the clerk of
9	the superior court appointing a successor trustee.
10	" <u>§ 53-413. Petition for new trustee.</u>
11	Any person interested in any trust, either as trustee, beneficiary, or otherwise, may
12	petition the clerk of superior court for a new trustee in all cases of insolvency and
13	liquidation provided in this Article. The petition shall be verified and shall state the
14	petitioner's interest. The clerk of superior court shall enter an order directing service on
15	all persons having an interest in the trust to appear and show cause within 30 days from
16	the date of service why a new trustee should not be appointed. The notice may be served
17	personally or by publication in a newspaper in the county where the petition is filed or in
18	an adjoining county if no newspaper is published in that county.
19	" <u>§ 53-414. Publication and notice.</u>
20	The notice shall be published in the manner required by law for service of summons
21	by publication and shall set forth the names of the parties to the indenture deed of trust, or
22	other instrument, the date thereof, and the place or places where the instrument is
23	recorded.
24	" <u>§ 53-415. Appointment where no objection made.</u>
25	If, upon the day fixed in the notice, no person appears and objects to the appointment
26	of a substitute trustee, the clerk, shall, upon any terms the clerk deems advisable and in
27	the best interest of all parties, appoint some competent person, or corporation authorized,
28	substitute trustee. The substitute trustee shall be vested with and shall exercise all the
29	powers reconferred upon the trustee named in this instrument.
30	" <u>§ 53-416. Hearing upon objection.</u>
31	If objections are made to the appointment of a new trustee, the clerk shall hear and
32	determine the matter, and from the clerk's decision, an appeal may be prosecuted as in the
33	case of special proceedings generally.
34	" <u>§ 53-417. Registration of final order.</u> The final order of englishment of a new trustee shall be certified by the clark of the
35	The final order of appointment of a new trustee shall be certified by the clerk of the
36	superior court in an order that shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the
37	county or counties in which the instrument under which the appointment has been made was recorded, and a notation of the order shall be entered by the register of deeds on the
38	
39 40	margin of the record where the original instrument was recorded. "§ 53-418. Petition and order applicable to all instruments.
40 41	<u>The petition and the order appointing a new trustee may include, relate, and apply to</u>
41 42	any number of indentures, deeds of trust, or other instruments wherein the same trustee is
42 43	named

1	" <u>§ 53-419. Additional remedy.</u>
2	G.S. 53-413 and G.S. 53-418 shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any
3	other remedy provided by law.
4	" <u>§ 53-420. Report to the Secretary of State.</u>
5	The Commissioner shall on or before the first day of each year thereafter file with the
6	Secretary of State a report showing all state trust companies under liquidation in this
7	State, and the names of any auditors, together with the amounts paid to them for auditing
8	each of the state trust companies, and the names of any attorneys employed in connection
9	with the liquidation of the state trust companies, together with the amount paid or
10	contracted to be paid to each of the attorneys. If any attorney has been employed on a fee
11	contingent upon recovery, the report shall state in substance the contract.
12	<u>"SUBPART C. CONSERVATORSHIP.</u>
13	" <u>§ 53-421. Provisions for conservator; duties and powers.</u>
14	When the Commissioner deems it necessary in order to conserve the assets of a state
15	trust company for the benefit of clients, creditors, and other customers, the Commissioner
16	may appoint a conservator for the trust company and require of the conservator a bond
17	with any surety the Commissioner deems necessary and proper. The conservator, under
18	the direction of the Commissioner, shall take possession of the books, records, and assets
19	of every description of a state trust company placed under conservatorship and take
20	actions necessary to conserve those assets pending further disposition of its business as
21	provided by law. The conservator shall have all rights, powers, and privileges, subject to
22	the approval by the Commissioner, now possessed by or hereafter given to the
23	Commissioner under the provisions for involuntary dissolution and liquidation in this
24	Article. All expenses of the conservator shall be paid out of the assets of the state trust
25	company under conservatorship and shall be a lien thereon which shall be prior to any
26	other lien provided by law. The compensation of the conservator shall be determined by
27	the Commissioner and shall be based on the time and experience of the conservator and
28	the complexity of the conservatorship.
29	" <u>§ 53-422. Examination.</u>
30	The Commissioner shall examine the affairs of a state trust company placed under
31	conservatorship in the manner and form necessary for the Commissioner to determine the
32	financial condition of the company.
33	"§ 53-423. Termination of conservatorship.
34	If the Commissioner is satisfied that it may be safely done, the Commissioner may
35	terminate the conservatorship of a state trust company and permit the company to resume
36	the transaction of its business, subject to the terms, conditions, restrictions, and
37	limitations the Commissioner prescribes.
38	" <u>§ 53-424. Criminal liabilities of conservator.</u>
39	The conservator appointed pursuant to the provisions of this Article is subject to the
40	provisions of and to the penalties prescribed by G.S. 53-359.
41	" <u>§ 53-425. Naming of conservator not liquidation.</u>
42	No power conferred in this Article upon the Commissioner, when exercised, shall be

1	Commissioner shall, with reference to any state trust company for which a conservator is
2	appointed, deem that liquidation is necessary, the Commissioner shall exercise the
3	powers for the purposes of liquidation as provided in Subpart B of Part 5 of this Article.
4	"PART 6. AUTHORITY, HEARINGS, ENFORCEMENT, AND SEVERABILITY.
5	" <u>§ 53-426. Commissioner hearings; appeals.</u>
6	(a) This section does not grant a right to hearing to a person who is not otherwise
7	granted by governing law.
8	(b) The Commissioner may convene a hearing to receive evidence and argument
9	regarding any matter before the Commissioner for decision or review under this Article.
10	The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the
11	General Statutes.
12	(c) Except as expressly provided otherwise by this Chapter, a decision or order of
13	the Commissioner may be appealed to the State Banking Commission for review. The
14	Commissioner may affirm, modify, or reverse a decision of the Commission.
15	(d) Appeals from the State Banking Commission shall be to the Wake County
16	Superior Court and shall proceed pursuant to G.S. 53-92. An appeal to the Wake County
17	Superior Court does not stay or vacate the appealed order unless the court, after notice
18	and hearing, expressly stays or vacates the order.
19	" <u>§ 53-427. Civil enforcement.</u>
20	The Commissioner may bring any appropriate civil action against any person who the
21	Commissioner believes has committed or is about to commit a violation of this Article or
22	a rule or order of the Commissioner pertaining to this Article.
23 24	" <u>§ 53-428. Severability.</u> If any provision of this Article or the application of the provision is found by any
24 25	<u>court of competent jurisdiction in the United States to be invalid as to any trust institution</u>
23 26	or other person or circumstance, or to be superseded by federal law, the remaining
20 27	provisions of this Article shall not be affected and shall continue to apply to any trust
28	institution or other person or circumstance."
29	Section 2. G.S. 53-2 reads as rewritten:
30	"§ 53-2. How incorporated.
31	Any number of persons, not less than five, who may be desirous of forming a
32	company and engaging in the business of establishing, maintaining, and operating banks
33	of discount and deposit to be known as commercial banks, or operating banks engaged in
34	doing a trust and fiduciary business, shall be incorporated in the manner following and in
35	no other way; that is to say, such persons shall, by a certificate of incorporation under
36	their hands and seals set forth:
37	(1) The name of the corporation; no name shall be used already in use by
38	another existing corporation organized under the laws of this State or of
39	the Congress, or so nearly similar thereto as to lead to uncertainty or
40	confusion.
41	(2) The location of its principal office in this State.
42	(3) The nature of its business, whether that of a commercial bank, trust
43	company, or a combination of both such classes of business.

- (4) The amount of its authorized common capital stock, the number of 1 2 shares into which it is divided, the par value of each share; and the 3 amount of common capital stock with which it will commence business. 4 The amount of capital required to charter a bank shall be determined as 5 herein set forth by the Commissioner of Banks who shall give due 6 consideration to (i) the population of the proposed bank's trade area, (ii) the total deposits of those depository financial institutions already 7 8 operating in the proposed bank's trade area, (iii) the economic 9 conditions and outlook within the proposed bank's trade area, (iv) the 10 business experience and reputation of the proposed bank's management, (v) the business experience and reputation of the proposed bank's 11 12 incorporators and proposed directors, (vi) the type and nature of business activities proposed to be engaged in, and (vii) the proposed 13 14 bank's projected deposit growth and profitability. Except as otherwise 15 provided, the amount of common capital stock required to charter a bank shall not be less than two million dollars (\$2,000,000); provided, 16 17 however, such amount of capital may be increased or decreased in the 18 discretion of the Commissioner of Banks who, after considering the above enumerated criteria, determines that a greater capital requirement 19 is necessary or that a smaller capital requirement will provide a 20 21 sufficient capital base. In addition to the required capital, every bank shall have a paid in surplus of at least fifty percent (50%) of its common 22 23 capital stock. The capital and paid in surplus required to charter a bank 24 shall be exclusive of any organizational expenses. This subdivision shall not apply to banks organized and doing business prior to its adoption or 25 amendment; provided, however, the Banking Commission is hereby 26 27 authorized and directed to adopt rules and regulations to keep any original required minimum capital funds intact to the end that they 28 29 remain in and with the bank as a protection for depositors. The names and post-office addresses of subscribers for stock, and the 30 (5) number of shares subscribed by each; the aggregate of such 31
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(6) Period, if any, limited for the 'duration of the company."

will commence business.

subscriptions shall be the amount of the capital with which the company

Section 3. Trust companies organized under Article 1 of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes shall hereafter be governed by this Article, and these companies may apply to the Commissioner for authority to amend their articles of incorporation or to take such other steps as may be necessary or appropriate to conform to the provisions hereof. The Commissioner shall allow a period of up to one year for this transition.

40 Section 4. This act becomes effective October 1, 2000, and applies to acts or 41 omissions occurring and agreements or contracts entered into on or after that date.