#### **SESSION 1999**

S

1

#### SENATE BILL 1138

Short Title: HMO Tax Parity.

(Public)

Sponsors: Senator Kerr.

Referred to: Finance.

# April 15, 1999

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS PAY
3	THE SAME PREMIUM TAX AND REGULATORY CHARGE AS MOST OTHER
4	INSURERS AND SELF-INSURERS.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. G.S. 105-228.5 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 105-228.5. Taxes measured by gross premiums.
8	(a) Tax Levied A tax is levied in this section on insurers, Article 65
9	corporations, health maintenance organizations, and self-insurers. An insurer insurer,
10	health maintenance organization, or Article 65 corporation that is subject to the tax levied
11	by this section is not subject to franchise or income taxes imposed by Articles 3 and 4,
12	respectively, of this Chapter.
13	(b) Tax Base. –
14	(1) Insurers. – The tax imposed by this section on an insurer or a health
15	maintenance organization shall be measured by gross premiums from
16	business done in this State during the preceding calendar year.
17	(2) Additional Local Fire and Lightning Rate. – The additional tax imposed
18	by subdivision (d)(4) of this section shall be measured by gross
19	premiums from business done in fire districts in this State during the

1		preceding calendar year. For the purpose of this section, the term "fire
2		district"has the meaning provided in G.S. 58-84-5.
3	(3)	Article 65 Corporations. – The tax imposed by this section on an Article
4	( )	65 corporation shall be measured by gross collections from membership
5		dues, exclusive of receipts from cost plus plans, received by the
6		corporation during the preceding calendar year.
7	(4)	Self-insurers. – The tax imposed by this section on a self-insurer shall
8		be measured by the gross premiums that would be charged against the
9		same or most similar industry or business, taken from the manual
10		insurance rate then in force in this State, applied to the self-insurer's
11		payroll for the previous calendar year as determined under Article 2 of
12		Chapter 97 of the General Statutes modified by the self-insurer's
13		approved experience modifier.
14	(b1) Calcu	lation of Tax Base. – In determining the amount of gross premiums from
15		State, all gross premiums received in this State, credited to policies
16		red in this State, or derived from business written in this State shall be
17	*	r contracts covering persons, property, or risks resident or located in this
18		of the following applies:
19	(1)	The premiums are properly reported and properly allocated as being
20	(-)	received from business done in some other nation, territory, state, or
21		states.
22	(2)	The premiums are from policies written in federal areas for persons in
23	(-)	military service who pay premiums by assignment of service pay.

Gross premiums from business done in this State in the case of life insurance 24 25 contracts, including supplemental contracts providing for disability benefits, accidental death benefits, or other special benefits that are not annuities, means all premiums 26 collected in the calendar year, other than for contracts of reinsurance, for policies the 27 premiums on which are paid by or credited to persons, firms, or corporations resident in 28 29 this State, or in the case of group policies, for contracts of insurance covering persons 30 resident within this State. The only deductions allowed shall be for premiums refunded on policies rescinded for fraud or other breach of contract and premiums that were paid in 31 32 advance on life insurance contracts and subsequently refunded to the insured, premium 33 payer, beneficiary or estate. Gross premiums shall be deemed to have been collected for the amounts as provided in the policy contracts for the time in force during the year, 34 35 whether satisfied by cash payment, notes, loans, automatic premium loans, applied 36 dividend, or by any other means except waiver of premiums by companies under a contract for waiver of premium in case of disability. 37

Gross premiums from business done in this State for all other <u>health care plans and</u> contracts of insurance, including contracts of insurance required to be carried by the Workers' Compensation Act, means all premiums written during the calendar year, or the equivalent thereof in the case of self-insurers under the Workers' Compensation Act, for contracts covering property or risks in this State, other than for contracts of reinsurance, whether the premiums are designated as premiums, deposits, premium deposits, policy

1 2 3 4 5 6	written for the a effective during settlement for t cash or allowed	ip fees, or assessments. Gross premiums shall be deemed to have been amounts as provided in the policy contracts, new and renewal, becoming g the year irrespective of the time or method of making payment or he premiums, and with no deduction for dividends whether returned in d in payment or reduction of premiums or for additional insurance, and er deduction except for return of premiums, deposits, fees, or assessments
0 7		of policy rates or for cancellation or surrender of policies.
8	-	isions. – Every insurer, in computing the premium tax, shall exclude all of
9		rom the gross amount of premiums: premiums, and the gross amount of
10	-	ums is exempt from the tax imposed by this section:
11	(1)	All premiums received on or after July 1, 1973, from policies or
12		contracts issued in connection with the funding of a pension, annuity, or
13		profit-sharing plan qualified or exempt under section 401, 403, 404,
14		408, 457 or 501 of the Code as defined in G.S. 105-228.90.
15	(2)	Premiums or considerations received from annuities, as defined in G.S.
16		58-7-15.
17	(3)	Funds or considerations received in connection with funding
18		agreements, as defined in G.S. 58-7-16.
19	•	amount of the excluded premiums, funds, and considerations shall be
20	-	e tax imposed by this section.
21		Rates; Disposition. –
22	(1)	Workers Compensation. – The tax rate to be applied to gross premiums,
23		or the equivalent thereof in the case of self-insurers, on contracts
24 25		applicable to liabilities under the Workers' Compensation Act shall be is two and five tenths percent (2.5%). The net proceeds shall be credited to
25 26		two and five-tenths percent (2.5%). The net proceeds shall be credited to
26 27	( <b>2</b> )	the General Fund. Other Insurance Contracts The tax rate to be applied to gross
27	(2)	Other Insurance Contracts. – The tax rate to be applied to gross
28 29		premiums on all other <u>insurance-taxable</u> contracts issued by insurers <del>shall</del> be-and health maintenance organizations is one and nine-tenths percent
29 30		(1.9%). The net proceeds shall be credited to the General Fund.
31	( <b>3</b> )	Additional Statewide Fire and Lightning Rate. – An additional tax shall
32	(3)	be applied to gross premiums on contracts of insurance applicable to fire
33		and lightning coverage, except in the case of marine and automobile
34		policies, at the rate of one and thirty-three hundredths percent (1.33%).
35		Twenty-five percent (25%) of the net proceeds of this additional tax
36		shall be deposited in the Volunteer Fire Department Fund established in
37		Article 87 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes. The remaining net
38		proceeds shall be credited to the General Fund.
39	(4)	Additional Local Fire and Lightning Rate. – An additional tax shall be
40		applied to gross premiums on contracts of insurance applicable to fire
41		and lightning coverage within fire districts at the rate of one-half of one
42		percent $(1/2 \text{ of } 1\%)$ . The net proceeds shall be credited to the
43		Department of Insurance for disbursement pursuant to G.S. 58-84-25.

2 3 4

1

- (5) Article 65 Corporations. The tax rate to be applied to gross premiums and/or gross collections from membership dues, exclusive of receipts from cost plus plans, received by Article 65 corporations shall be one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%). The net proceeds shall be credited to the General Fund.
- 5

6 (e) Report and Payment. - Each insurer, Article 65 corporation, and self-insurer 7 taxpayer doing business in this State shall, within the first 15 days of March, file with the 8 Secretary of Revenue a full and accurate report of the total gross premiums as defined in 9 this section, the payroll and other information required by the Secretary in the case of a 10 self-insurer, or the total gross collections from membership dues exclusive of receipts from cost plus plans collected in this State during the preceding calendar year. The report 11 12 shall be verified by the oath of the official or other representative responsible for transmitting it; the taxes imposed by this section shall be remitted to the Secretary with 13 14 the report.

15 In the case of an insurer liable for the additional local fire and lightning tax, the report 16 shall include the information required under G.S. 58-84-1.

17 (f) Installment Payments Required. - Insurers, Article 65 corporations, and self-18 insurers Taxpayers that are subject to the tax imposed by this section and have a premium tax liability, not including the additional local fire and lightning tax, of ten thousand 19 20 dollars (\$10,000) or more for business done in North Carolina during the immediately 21 preceding year shall remit three equal quarterly installments with each installment equal to at least thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3%) of the premium tax liability 22 23 incurred in the immediately preceding taxable year. The quarterly installment payments 24 shall be made on or before April 15, June 15, and October 15 of each taxable year. The company shall remit the balance by the following March 15 in the same manner provided 25 in this section for annual returns. 26

The Secretary of Revenue may permit an insurance company to pay less than the required estimated payment when the insurer reasonably believes that the total estimated payments made for the current year will exceed the total anticipated tax liability for the year.

An underpayment of an installment payment required by this subsection shall bear interest at the rate established under G.S. 105-241.1(i). Any overpayment shall bear interest as provided in G.S. 105-266(b) and, together with the interest, shall be credited to the company and applied against the taxes imposed upon the company under this Article.

35 (g) Exemptions. – This section does not apply to farmers' mutual assessment fire 36 insurance companies or to fraternal orders or societies that do not operate for a profit and 37 do not issue policies on any person except members."

38

Section 2. G.S. 58-6-25(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Charge Levied. – There is levied on each insurance company an annual charge
for the purposes stated in subsection (d) of this section. As used in this section, the term
"insurance company"means a company that pays the gross premiums tax levied in G.S.
105-228.5 and G.S. 105-228.8, except a service corporation subject to Article 65 of this

43 Chapter. A health maintenance organization subject to Article 67 of this Chapter is not subject

1 2	to those taxes and is therefore not subject to the charge levied in this section. The charge levied in this section is in addition to all other fees and taxes. The charge shall be at a
3	percentage rate of the company's premium tax liability for the taxable year. In
4	determining an insurance company's premium tax liability for a taxable year, the
5	following shall be disregarded:
6	(1) Additional taxes imposed by G.S. 105-228.8.
7	(2) The additional local fire and lightning tax imposed by G.S. 105-
8	228.5(d)(4).
9	(3) Any tax credits for guaranty or solvency fund assessments under G.S.
10	105-228.5A or G.S. 97-133(a).
11	(4) Any tax credits allowed under Chapter 105 of the General Statutes other
12	than tax payments made by or on behalf of the taxpayer."
13	Section 3. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January
14	1, 1999.