GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1995

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SENATE BILL 955 Second Edition Engrossed 6/8/95

Short Title: Wireless Telephone Fraud.	(Public)
Sponsors: Senator Ballance.	
Referred to: Appropriations	
May 2, 1995	

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 ANACT PROHIBITING THE UNAUTHORIZED USE OF WIRELESS 3 TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES AND ESTABLISHING CIVIL AND 4 CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR ACTS RELATING TO SUCH USE. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 14-113.5 reads as rewritten: 6 7 "§ 14-113.5. Making, possessing or transferring distributing, possessing, transferring, or programming device for theft of telecommunication service; 8 9 publication of information regarding schemes, devices, means, or methods for such theft; concealment of existence, origin or destination of any 10 telecommunication. 11 It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to: 12 (a) Make or possess any instrument, apparatus, equipment, or-Make, distribute, 13 (1) possess, use, or assemble an unlawful telecommunications device or 14 modify, alter, program, or reprogram a telecommunication device 15 designed, adapted, or which is used used: 16 For commission of a theft of telecommunication service or to 17

acquire or facilitate the acquisition of telecommunications

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1		service without the consent of the telecommunication service
2		<u>provider</u> in violation of this Article, or
3		b. To conceal, or assist another to conceal, from any supplier of \underline{a}
4		telecommunication service <u>provider</u> or from any lawful authority
5		the existence or place of origin or of destination of any
6		telecommunication, or
7	(2)	Sell, possess, distribute, give, transport, or otherwise transfer to another
8		or offer or advertise for sale, any instrument, apparatus, equipment, or
9		device described in (1) above, sale any:
10		<u>a.</u> <u>Unlawful telecommunication device</u> , or plans or instructions for
11		making or assembling the same under circumstances evincing an
12		intent to use or employ such apparatus, equipment, or-the unlawful
13		telecommunication device, or to allow the same to be used or
14		employed, for a purpose described in (1)a or (1)b above, or
15		knowing or having reason to believe that the same is intended to
16		be so used, or that the aforesaid plans or instructions are intended
17		to be used for making or assembling such apparatus, equipment or
18		device. the unlawful telecommunication device; or
19		b. Material, including hardware, cables, tools, data, computer
20		software or other information or equipment, knowing that the
21		purchaser or a third person intends to use the material in the
22		manufacture of an unlawful telecommunication device; or
23	(3)	Publish plans or instructions for making or assembling or using any
		apparatus, equipment or device described in (1) above, unlawful
24 25		telecommunication device, or
26	(4)	Publish the number or code of an existing, cancelled, revoked or
27		nonexistent telephone number, credit number or other credit device, or
28		method of numbering or coding which is employed in the issuance of
29		telephone numbers, credit numbers or other credit devices with
30		knowledge or reason to believe that it may be used to avoid the payment
31		of any lawful telephone or telegraph toll charge under circumstances
32		evincing an intent to have such the telephone number, credit number,
33		credit device or method of numbering or coding so used. As used in this
34		section, 'publish' means the communication or dissemination of information to
35		any one or more persons, either orally, in person or by telephone, radio or
36		television, or in a writing of any kind, including without limitation a letter or
37		memorandum, circular or handbill, newspaper or magazine article, or book.
38	(5)	Any instrument, apparatus, device, plans or instructions or publications
39		described in this section may be seized under warrant or incident to a
40		lawful arrest for a violation of this section, and, upon the conviction of a
41		person for a violation of this section, such instrument, apparatus, device,
42		plans, instructions or publication may be destroyed as contraband by the
43		sheriff of the county in which such person was convicted or turned over

to the person providing telephone or telegraph service in the territory in which the same was seized.

- (b) Any unlawful telecommunication device, plans, instructions, or publications described in this section may be seized under warrant or incident to a lawful arrest for a violation of this section. Upon the conviction of a person for a violation of this section, the court may order the sheriff of the county in which the person was convicted to destroy as contraband or to otherwise lawfully dispose of the unlawful telecommunication device, plans, instructions, or publication.
 - (c) The following definitions apply in this section and in G.S. 14-113.6:
 - (1) Manufacture of an unlawful telecommunication device. The production or assembly of an unlawful telecommunication device or the modification, alteration, programming or reprogramming of a telecommunication device to be capable of acquiring or facilitating the acquisition of telecommunication service without the consent of the telecommunication service provider.
 - (2) Publish. The communication or dissemination of information to any one or more persons, either orally, in person or by telephone, radio or television, or in a writing of any kind, including without limitation a letter or memorandum, circular or handbill, newspaper or magazine article, or book.
 - (3) Telecommunication device. Any type of instrument, device, machine or equipment that is capable of transmitting or receiving telephonic, electronic or radio communications, or any part of such instrument, device, machine or equipment, or any computer circuit, computer chip, electronic mechanism or other component that is capable of facilitating the transmission or reception of telephonic, electronic or radio communications.
 - (4) Telecommunication service. Any service provided for a charge or compensation to facilitate the origination, transmission, emission or reception of signs, signals, data, writings, images, sounds or intelligence of any nature of telephone, including cellular or other wireless telephones, wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic or photooptical system.
 - (5) Telecommunication service provider. A person or entity providing telecommunication service, including, a cellular, paging or other wireless communications company or other person or entity which, for a fee, supplies the facility, cell site, mobile telephone switching office or other equipment or telecommunication service.
 - (6) Unlawful telecommunication device. Any telecommunication device that is capable, or has been altered, modified, programmed or reprogrammed alone or in conjunction with another access device or other equipment so as to be capable, of acquiring or facilitating the acquisition of any electronic serial number, mobile identification

number, personal identification number or any telecommunication 1 2 service without the consent of the telecommunication service provider. 3 The term includes, telecommunications devices altered to obtain service 4 without the consent of the telecommunication service provider, tumbler 5 phones, counterfeit or clone microchips, scanning receivers of wireless 6 telecommunication service of a telecommunication service provider and 7 other instruments capable of disguising their identity or location or of 8 gaining access to a communications system operated by a 9 telecommunication service provider." 10

Sec. 2. G.S. 14-113.6 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-113.6. Violation made misdemeanor. Penalties for violation; civil action.

- Any person violating any of the provisions of this Article shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. However, if the offense is a violation of G.S. 14-113.5 and involves five or more unlawful telecommunication devices the person shall be guilty of a Class G felony.
- (b) The court may, in addition to any other sentence authorized by law, order a person convicted of violating G.S. 14-113.5 to make restitution for the offense.
- Any person or entity aggrieved by a violation of G.S. 14-113.5 may, in a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction, obtain appropriate relief, including preliminary and other equitable or declaratory relief, compensatory and punitive damages, reasonable investigation expenses, costs of suit and any attorney fees as may be provided by law."
- Sec. 3. This act becomes effective December 1, 1995, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

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