GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1995

S 1 SENATE BILL 4 Short Title: Require Alternative Punishments. (Public) Sponsors: Senators Albertson; Perdue, Plyler, Speed, Edwards, Warren, Dannelly, Hoyle, Kerr, Martin of Guilford, Winner, Odom, Rand, Cooper, Plexico, Ballantine, Gulley, Allran, Carpenter, Foxx, Kincaid, and McDaniel. Referred to: Judiciary I/Constitution. January 26, 1995 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REPEAL THE LAW PROVIDING THAT A DEFENDANT MAY IMPRISONMENT RATHER THAN PROBATION ALTERNATIVE PUNISHMENT AND TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION TO PROVIDE THAT PROBATION, RESTITUTION, COMMUNITY SERVICE, WORK PROGRAMS, AND OTHER RESTRAINTS ON LIBERTY ARE PUNISHMENTS THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON A PERSON CONVICTED OF A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 15A-1341(c) is repealed. Sec. 2. Section 1 of Article XI of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten: "Section 1. Punishments. The following punishments only shall be known to the laws of this State: death, imprisonment, fines, suspension of a jail or prison term with or without conditions, restitution, community service, restraints on liberty, work programs, removal from office,

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Sec. 3. The amendment set out in Section 2 of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at a statewide election to be held on November 7, 1995, which election shall be conducted under the laws then governing elections in the State. Ballots, voting systems, or both may be used in accordance with Chapter 163 of the

State."

General Statutes. The question to be used in the voting systems and ballots shall be: "[]FOR []AGAINST

and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit under this

Constitutional amendment to provide that probation, restitution, community service, work programs, and other restraints on liberty are punishments that may be imposed on a person convicted of a criminal offense."

- Sec. 4. If a majority of the votes cast on the question are in favor of the amendment set out in Section 2 of this act, the State Board of Elections shall certify the amendment to the Secretary of State. The amendment becomes effective upon this certification. The Secretary of State shall enroll the amendment so certified among the permanent records of that office.
- Sec. 5. Section 1 of this act becomes effective only if the constitutional amendment described in Section 2 is approved under Sections 3 and 4 of this act. If the constitutional amendment is approved, then Section 1 of this act becomes effective January 1, 1996, and applies to any person whose criminal offense occurred on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective upon ratification.