GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA 1995 SESSION

CHAPTER 459 SENATE BILL 1055

AN ACT TO MODIFY THE EXCISE TAX ON NEWSPRINT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 105-102.6 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-102.6. Producers Publishers of newsprint publications.

- (a) Purpose. The purpose of this section is to provide an incentive for the use of recycled newsprint. incentives for the recycling of newsprint and for the use of newsprint that contains recycled content.
 - (b) Definitions. The following definitions apply in this section:
 - (1) Net Gross tonnage of newsprint consumed. The weight in metric tons of all newsprint acquired consumed by a producer, publisher. less the weight in metric tons of any acquired newsprint the producer diverts from solid waste.
 - (2) Newsprint. Uncoated paper, whether supercalendered or machine finished, made primarily from mechanical wood pulp combined with some chemical wood pulp, weighing between 24.5 and 35 pounds for 500 sheets of paper two feet by three feet in size, and having a brightness of less than 60.
 - (2.1) Nonvirgin newsprint. Newsprint that contains recycled postconsumer recovered paper.
 - (3) Postconsumer waste recovered paper. Paper products, generated by a business or consumer, that have served their intended end uses and have been separated or diverted from solid waste.
 - (4) Producer. Publisher. A person engaged in the business of producing publications printed on newsprint who acquires and uses newsprint for this business.
 - (5) Recycled content percentage. The percentage by weight of the total net-gross tonnage of newsprint consumed by the producer publisher that is recycled postconsumer waste-recovered paper. For example, if a publisher consumes 10 tons of virgin newsprint, 10 tons of nonvirgin newsprint that contains fifty percent (50%) recycled postconsumer recovered paper, and 10 tons of nonvirgin newsprint that contains ten percent (10%) recycled postconsumer recovered paper, the publisher's recycled content percentage is 6/30 or twenty percent (20%).

- (5.1) Recycled content tonnage. The weight in metric tons of the total gross tonnage of newsprint consumed by the publisher that is recycled postconsumer recovered paper.
- (5.2) Recycling. Any process by which solid waste, or materials that would otherwise become solid waste, are collected, separated, or processed, and reused or returned to use in the form of raw materials or products.
- (5.3) Recycling tonnage. The weight in metric tons of newsprint that is recycled or diverted to recycling by a publisher.
- (5.4) <u>Virgin newsprint.</u> <u>Newsprint that does not contain recycled postconsumer recovered paper.</u>
- (c) Minimum Recycled Content Percentage. The recycled content percentage of newsprint consumed by a <u>producer publisher</u> shall equal or exceed the following minimum recycled content percentages:

During 1991 and 1992, twelve percent (12%).

During 1993, fifteen percent (15%).

During 1994, twenty percent (20%).

During 1995, 1995 and 1996, twenty-five percent (25%).

During 1996, 1997 and 1998, thirty percent (30%).

During 1997, 1999 and 2000, thirty-five percent (35%).

After 1997, 2000, forty percent (40%).

A publisher who has developed and operates or contracts for the operation of a newspaper recycling program shall receive partial credit toward the recycled content percentage goals established in this subsection on the basis of one-half ton credit toward its total recycled content tonnage for each ton of recycling tonnage.

- (d) Tax. Every <u>producer publisher</u> shall apply for and obtain from the Secretary <u>of Revenue</u> a newsprint <u>producer publisher</u> tax reporting <u>number. number and shall file</u> an annual report with the Secretary by January 31 of each year. The report shall include the following information for the preceding calendar year:
 - (1) Tonnage of virgin newsprint consumed.
 - (2) Tonnage of nonvirgin newsprint consumed.
 - (3) Gross tonnage of newsprint consumed.
 - (4) <u>Itemized percentages of recycled postconsumer recovered paper contained in tonnage of nonvirgin newsprint consumed.</u>
 - (5) Recycled content tonnage.
 - (6) Recycled content percentage.
 - (7) Recycling tonnage.

In addition, each <u>producer publisher</u> whose recycled content percentage for a calendar <u>quarter year</u> is less than the applicable minimum recycled content percentage provided in subsection (c) for a calendar quarter shall, within 10 days after the last day of the <u>quarter</u>, report to the Secretary the amount in metric tons by which (i) the applicable minimum recycled content percentage multiplied by the net tonnage of newsprint consumed by the producer in the preceding quarter exceeds (ii) the actual tonnage of postconsumer waste paper consumed by the producer during the preceding quarter, and

shall pay a tax on the amount reported at the rate of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) per ton. on each ton by which the publisher's recycled content tonnage falls short of the tonnage of recycled postconsumer recovered paper needed to achieve the applicable minimum recycled content percentage provided in subsection (c). This tax is due when the report is filed. No eounty, city, or town county or municipality may impose a license tax on the business taxed under this section.

- (e) Exemption. The tax levied in this section does not apply to an amount calculated pursuant to subsection (d) to the extent the amount is attributable solely to the producer's publisher's inability to obtain sufficient recycled content newsprint because (i) recycled content newsprint was not available at a price comparable to the price of virgin newsprint; (ii) recycled content newsprint of a quality comparable to virgin newsprint was not available; or (iii) recycled content newsprint was not available within a reasonable period of time during the reporting period. In order to claim the exemption provided in this subsection, a producer publisher must certify to the Secretary of Revenue: Secretary:
 - (1) The amount of virgin newsprint consumed by the producer publisher during the reporting period solely for one of the reasons listed above.
 - (2) That the <u>producer publisher</u> attempted to obtain recycled content newsprint from every manufacturer of recycled content newsprint that offered to sell recycled content newsprint to the <u>producer publisher</u> within the preceding 12 months. <u>calendar year.</u>
 - (3) The name, address, and telephone number of each <u>recycled content</u> <u>newsprint</u> manufacturer contacted, including the company name and the name of the company's individual representative or employee.
- (f) Use of Proceeds. The Secretary of Revenue shall, on a quarterly basis, shall, on or before April 15 of each year, credit the net proceeds of the tax imposed by this section to the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund created in G.S. 130A-309.12."

Sec. 2. G.S. 105-109.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-109.1. Interest.

The taxes on gross receipts levied in G.S. 105-37.1(a), 105-38(f), and 105-65.1(b)(2), the tax on installment paper dealers levied in G.S. 105-83(b), and the tax on producers publishers of newsprint publications levied in G.S. 105-102.6, shall bear interest at the rate established under G.S. 105-241.1(i) from the time the taxes were due until the taxes are paid."

Sec. 3. This act becomes effective January 1, 1996.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 19th day of July, 1995.

Dennis A. Wicker President of the Senate Harold J. Brubaker Speaker of the House of Representatives