## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## **SESSION 1993**

S 2

## SENATE BILL 108\* Judiciary II Committee Substitute Adopted 4/7/93

Short Title: Products Liability Repose. (Public Sponsors:		
	February 10, 1993	
ACTIONS A AGAINST F The General As Section "§ 1-47. Ten year		
(1.1) (2)	ears an action — Upon a judgment or decree of any court of the United States, or of any state or territory thereof, from the date of its rendition. No such action may be brought more than once, or have the effect to continue the lien of the original judgment. Upon a judgment rendered by a justice of the peace, from its date. Upon a sealed instrument against the principal thereto. Provided, however, that if action on a sealed instrument is filed, the defendant or defendants in such action may file a counterclaim arising out of the same transaction or transactions as are the subject of plaintiff's claim, although a shorter statute of limitations would otherwise apply to	
(3)	defendant's counterclaim. Such counterclaim may be filed against such parties as provided in G.S. 1A-1, Rules of Civil Procedure. For the foreclosure of a mortgage, or deed in trust for creditors with a power of sale, of real property, where the mortgagor or grantor has been in possession of the property, within ten years after the forfeiture	

1		of the mortgage, or after the power of sale became absolute, or within
2		ten years after the last payment on the same.
3	(4)	For the redemption of a mortgage, where the mortgagee has been in
4	, ,	possession, or for a residuary interest under a deed in trust for
5		creditors, where the trustee or those holding under him has been in
6		possession, within ten years after the right of action accrued.
7	(5)	Repealed by Session Laws 1959, c. 879, s. 2.
8	<u>(6)</u>	No action for the recovery of damages for personal injury, death, or
9	• •	damage to property based upon or arising out of any alleged defect or
10		any failure in relation to a product shall be brought more than ten years
11		after the date of initial purchase for use or consumption.
12	<u>(7) a.</u>	No action against any registered land surveyor as defined in G.S. 89C-
13	` ,	3(9) or any person acting under his supervision and control for
14		physical damage or for economic or monetary loss due to negligence
15		or a deficiency in the performance of surveying or platting shall be
16		brought more than ten years from the last act or omission giving rise to
17		the cause of action.
18		b. For purposes of this subdivision, 'surveying and platting' means
19		boundary surveys, topographical surveys, surveys of property
20		lines, and any other measurement or surveying of real property
21		and the consequent graphic representation thereof.
22		c. The limitation prescribed by this subdivision shall apply to the
23		exclusion of G.S. 1-15(c) and G.S. 1-52(16)."
24	Sec. 2	2. G.S. 1-50 reads as rewritten:
25	"§ 1-50. Six ye	ars.
26	Within six y	ears an action –
27	(1)	Upon the official bond of a public officer.
28	(2)	Against an executor, administrator, collector, or guardian on his
29		official bond, within six years after the auditing of his final account by
30		the proper officer, and the filing of the audited account as required by
31		law.
32	(3)	For injury to any incorporeal hereditament.
33	(4)	Against a corporation, or the holder of a certificate or duplicate
34		certificate of stock in the corporation, on account of any dividend,
35		either a cash or stock dividend, paid or allotted by the corporation to
36		the holder of the certificate or duplicate certificate of stock in the
37		corporation.
38	(5)	a. No action to recover damages based upon or arising out of the
39		defective or unsafe condition of an improvement to real property shall
40		be brought more than six years from the later of the specific last act or
41		omission of the defendant giving rise to the cause of action or
42		substantial completion of the improvement.

For purposes of this subdivision, an action based upon or b. 1 2 arising out of the defective or unsafe condition of an 3 improvement to real property includes: Actions to recover damages for breach of a contract to 4 1. 5 construct or repair an improvement to real property; 6 2. Actions to recover damages for the negligent 7 construction or repair of an improvement to real 8 property: Actions to recover damages for personal injury, death or 9 3. 10 damage to property; Actions to recover damages for economic or monetary 11 4. 12 5. 13 Actions in contract or in tort or otherwise; 14 6. Actions for contribution indemnification for damages 15 sustained on account of an action described in this 16 subdivision: 17 7. Actions against a surety or guarantor of a defendant 18 described in this subdivision; 19 8. Actions brought against any current or prior owner of the 20 real property or improvement, or against any other 21 person having a current or prior interest therein; Actions against any person furnishing materials, or 9. 2.2. 23 against any person who develops real property or who 24 performs or furnishes the design, plans, specifications, surveying, supervision, testing or observation of 25 26 construction, or construction of an improvement to real 27 property, or a repair to an improvement to real property. For purposes of this subdivision, 'substantial completion' means 28 c. 29 that degree of completion of a project, improvement or 30 specified area or portion thereof (in accordance with the contract, as modified by any change orders agreed to by the 31 32 parties) upon attainment of which the owner can use the same 33 for the purpose for which it was intended. The date of 34 substantial completion may be established by written 35 agreement. 36 d. The limitation prescribed by this subdivision shall not be 37 asserted as a defense by any person in actual possession or 38 control, as owner, tenant or otherwise, of the improvement at 39 the time the defective or unsafe condition constitutes the proximate cause of the injury or death for which it is proposed 40 41 to bring an action, in the event such person in actual possession 42 or control either knew, or ought reasonably to have known, of the defective or unsafe condition 43

- The limitation prescribed by this subdivision shall not be 1 e. asserted as a defense by any person who shall have been guilty 2 3 of fraud, or willful or wanton negligence in furnishing materials, in developing real property, in performing or 4 5 furnishing the design, plans, specifications, surveying, 6 supervision, testing or observation of construction, or 7 construction of an improvement to real property, or a repair to 8 an improvement to real property, or to a surety or guarantor of 9 any of the foregoing persons, or to any person who shall 10 wrongfully conceal any such fraud, or willful or wanton negligence. 11 12 f. This subdivision prescribes an outside limitation of six years 13 from the later of the specific last act or omission or substantial 14 completion, within which the limitations prescribed by G.S. 1-15 52 and 1-53 continue to run. For purposes of the three-year 16 limitation prescribed by G.S. 1-52, a cause of action based upon 17 or arising out of the defective or unsafe condition of an improvement to real property shall not accrue until the iniury. 18 19 loss, defect or damage becomes apparent or ought reasonably to 20 have become apparent to the claimant. However, as provided in 21 this subdivision, no action may be brought more than six years 22 from the later of the specific last act or omission or substantial completion. 23 24 The limitation prescribed by this subdivision shall apply to the g. 25 exclusion of G.S. 1-15(c), G.S. 1-52(16) and G.S. 1-47(2). No action for the recovery of damages for personal injury, death or 26 <del>(6)</del> 27 damage to property based upon or arising out of any alleged defect or any failure in relation to a product shall be brought more than six years 28 29 after the date of initial purchase for use or consumption. 30 a. No action against any registered land surveyor as defined in G.S. <del>(7)</del> 31 89C-3(9) or any person acting under his supervision and control for 32 physical damage or for economic or monetary loss due to negligence 33 or a deficiency in the performance of surveying or platting shall be 34 brought more than 10 years from the last act or omission giving rise to 35 the cause of action. 36 For purposes of this subdivision, 'surveying and platting' means boundary surveys, topographical surveys, surveys of property 37 38 lines, and any other measurement or surveying of real property 39 and the consequent graphic representation thereof. The limitation prescribed by this subdivision shall apply to the 40 <del>C.</del>
  - Sec. 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 1993, and applies to causes of action arising on or after that date; provided, however, this act shall not apply to a cause

exclusion of G.S. 1-15(c) and G.S. 1-52(16)."

41

42

43

- 1 of action involving a product initially purchased for use or consumption prior to
- 2 October 1, 1987.