GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1993

H 2

HOUSE BILL 665* Committee Substitute Favorable 5/7/93

Short Title: Credit Insurance Changes.	(Public)	
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

March 29, 1993

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO IMPROVE THE REGULATION OF CREDIT INSURANCE AND 3 LOWER PREMIUM RATES CHARGED FOR CREDIT INSURANCE.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 58-57-1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 58-57-1. Application of Article.

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

All credit life insurance-insurance, and all credit accident and health insurance, all credit property insurance, and all credit unemployment insurance as defined herein and written in connection with direct loans, consumer credit installment sale contracts of whatever term permitted by G.S. 25A-33, leases, or other credit transactions shall be subject to the provisions of this Article, except credit insurance written in connection with direct loans of more than 15 years' duration. The provisions of this Article shall be controlling as to such insurance and no other provisions of Articles 1 through 64 of this Chapter shall be applicable unless otherwise specifically provided; nor shall such insurance be subject to the provisions of this Article where the issuance of such insurance is an isolated transaction on the part of the insurer not related to an agreement or a plan for insuring debtors of the creditor.

This Article may be cited as 'The North Carolina Act for the Regulation of Credit Life, Credit Accident and Health, and Credit Property Insurance."

Sec. 2. G.S. 58-57-5 reads as rewritten:

§ 58-57-5. Definitions.

As used in this Article, unless the context requires otherwise, the following words or terms shall have the meanings herein ascribed to them, respectively:

Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 720, s. 6. 1 (1) 2 **(2)** 'Credit accident and health insurance' means insurance on a debtor to 3 provide indemnity for payments becoming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction as defined in G.S. 58-51-100; 4 5 'Credit life insurance' means insurance on the life of a debtor pursuant (3) 6 to or in connection with a specific loan or other credit transaction as 7 defined in G.S. 58-58-10; 8 **(4)** 'Credit life-insurance agent' means an agent of an insurance company 9 licensed in this State who is authorized to solicit, negotiate or effect 10 credit life insurance or insurance, credit accident and health insurance, credit unemployment insurance, credit property insurance, or both, any 11 12 of them, but only to the extent as is authorized and limited in this Article; 13 14 (4a) 'Credit transaction' means any transaction by the terms of which the 15 repayment of money loaned or loan commitment made, or payment for goods, services, or properties sold or leased, is to be made at a future 16 17 date or dates; 18 (4b)'Credit unemployment insurance' means insurance on a debtor in connection with a specified loan or other credit transaction to provide 19 20 payment to a creditor of the debtor for the installment payments or 21 other periodic payment becoming due while the debtor is involuntarily unemployed as defined in the policy; 22 23 'Creditor' means any lender of money or vendor or lessor of goods. (5) 24 services, property, rights or privileges, including any person that directly or indirectly provides credit in connection with any such sale 25 or lease, for which payment is arranged through a credit-related 26 27 transaction; or any successor to the right, title or interest of any such lender, vendor, lessor, or person extending credit, and an affiliate, 28 associate, or subsidiary of any of them, or any director, officer, or 29 30 employee of any of them or any other person in any way associated with any of them: 31 32 'Debtor' means a borrower of money or a purchaser or lessee of goods, (6) 33 services, property, rights or privileges for which payment is arranged through a credit transaction: 34 'Indebtedness' means the total amount payable for the term of the loan 35 **(7)** by debtor to creditor in connection with a loan or other credit 36 37 transaction, including principal, interest, allowable charges, and any 38 premiums authorized hereunder: 39 'Joint accident and health coverage' means credit accident and health (7a) insurance covering two or more debtors; provided that only one 40 monthly benefit, as defined in G.S. 58-57-15(b), shall be payable each 41 42 month on a specific indebtedness regardless of the number of debtors

43

insured;

19

20

21

22

2324

2526

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38

39

40

41 42

43

- 'Joint life coverage' means credit life insurance covering two or more 1 (8) 2 lives, the entire amount of insurance being payable upon the death of 3 the first insured debtor to die; (9) 'Lease' means a contract whereby the lessee of a 'motor vehicle,' as 4 5 defined in G.S. 20-4.01(23), contracts to pay as compensation for use a 6 sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the aggregate value of 7 the property, but not exceeding the term of years in G.S. 58-57-1. 8 (10)'Truncated coverage' means a credit insurance benefit with a term of insurance coverage that is less than the term of the credit transaction: 9 'Open-end credit' means credit extended by a creditor under an 10 (11)agreement in which: 11 12 The creditor reasonably contemplates repeated transactions; The creditor imposes a finance charge from time to time on an 13 b. 14 outstanding unpaid balance; and The amount of credit that may be extended to the debtor during 15 <u>c.</u> the term of the agreement (up to any limit set by the creditor) is 16 generally made available to the extent that any outstanding 17
 - 'Open-end credit' includes credit card balances."

Sec. 3. G.S. 58-57-15 reads as rewritten:

balance is repaid.

- "(a) Credit Life Insurance.
 - Except as provided in G.S. 53-189(a) for transactions of 60 months or (1) less in duration, the initial amount of credit life insurance shall not exceed the total amount repayable under the contract of indebtedness and, where an indebtedness is repayable in substantially equal installments, the amount of insurance shall at no time exceed the greater of the actual or scheduled amount of indebtedness. For transactions of more than 60 months in duration, the initial amount of credit life insurance shall not exceed the total amount repayable under the contract of indebtedness less unearned finance charges and, where an indebtedness is repayable in substantially equal installments, the amount of insurance shall at no time exceed the greater of the actual or scheduled amount of indebtedness less unearned finance charges; provided, however, that additional coverage not exceeding four months of accrued interest on successive net balances may be provided to cover any delinquency in payments. The amount of credit life insurance shall not exceed the amount of unpaid indebtedness as it exists from time to time, less any unearned interest or finance charges; provided, however, that if the amount of credit insurance is based on a predetermined schedule, the amount of credit insurance shall not exceed the scheduled amount of unpaid indebtedness, less any unearned interest or finance charges, plus an amount equal to three monthly installments or the equivalent thereof.

- Notwithstanding the provisions of the above subdivision, insurance on seasonal credit line commitments (such as may be found in agricultural credit transactions) not exceeding one year in duration may be written up to the amount of the loan commitment, whether or not the full amount of the commitment has been advanced by the creditor, commitment on a nondecreasing or level term plan.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (a)(1) of this or any other section, insurance on education credit transaction commitments may be written for the amount of such commitment. commitment whether or not the full amount of the commitment has been advanced by the creditor.
 - (b) Credit Accident and Health <u>and Credit Unemployment</u> Insurance. The total amount of indemnity payable by credit accident and health <u>or credit unemployment</u> insurance in the event of <u>disability</u>, <u>disability or unemployment</u>, as defined in the policy, shall not exceed the indebtedness; and the amount of each monthly benefit shall not exceed the indebtedness divided by the number of months in the term of the loan. A daily benefit equal in amount to one thirtieth of the scheduled monthly payment is permissible. For open-end credit transactions, the total amount of indemnity payable shall not exceed the amount of unpaid indebtedness at the time disability or unemployment begins, including interest and insurance charges that would accrue on that indebtedness using the creditor's minimum payment schedule. The periodic indemnity may exceed the creditor's minimum payment amount."

Sec. 4. G.S. 58-57-20 reads as rewritten:

"§ 58-57-20. Term; termination prior to scheduled maturity.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, the The term of any credit life insurance or credit accident and health insurance shall, subject to acceptance by the insurer, commence on the date when the debtor becomes obligated to the creditor, except that, where a group policy provides coverage with respect to existing obligations, the insurance on a debtor with respect to such indebtedness shall commence on the effective date of the policy. For credit insurance offered to the debtor subsequent to the date the debtor becomes obligated to the creditor, the term of the insurance shall, subject to the acceptance by the insurer, commence not more than 30 days following the insurer's receipt of the debtor's request for the insurance. The term of such insurance shall not extend more than 15 days beyond the maturity date of the indebtedness or final installment thereof.-thereof; but the term of the insurance may be less than the term of the indebtedness to provide truncated coverage in connection with transactions having initial terms of more than 60 months or consistent with any age or other termination provisions contained in the policy. If the indebtedness is discharged due to prepayment, the insurance in force shall be terminated unless otherwise requested by the insured in writing. If the indebtedness is discharged due to renewal or refinancing prior to such maturity date, the insurance in force shall be terminated before any new insurance may be issued in connection with the renewed or refinanced indebtedness. In all cases of termination prior to scheduled maturity, a refund shall be paid or credited as provided in G.S. 58-57-50."

Sec. 5. G.S. 58-57-25 reads as rewritten:

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

3334

35

36

37

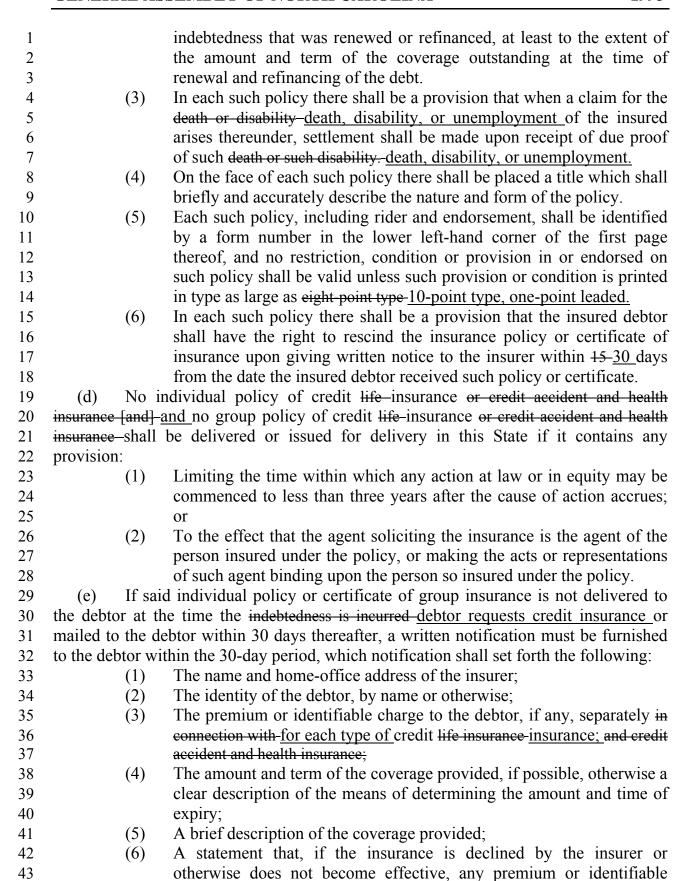
38 39

40

41 42

43 44

- "§ 58-57-25. Insurance to be evidenced by individual policy; notice of proposed insurance or certificate; required and prohibited provisions; when debtor to receive copy.
- (a) All individual credit life-insurance and credit accident and health insurance-sold shall be evidenced by an individual policy. All group insurance sold where any part of the premium is paid by the debtors or by the creditors from identifiable charges collected from the insured debtors shall be evidenced by a certificate of insurance.
- (b) Each individual policy or certificate of credit life insurance, insurance and/or eredit accident and health insurance shall set forth the name and home-office address of the insurer, the identity of the insured debtor by name or otherwise, the premium or amount of payment, if any, by the debtor separately for each type of credit life-insurance and eredit accident and health insurance-if not disclosed in other documents furnished to the debtor, a description of the coverage including the amount and term thereof, and any exceptions, limitations or restrictions, and shall state that the benefits shall be paid to the creditor to reduce or extinguish the unpaid indebtedness, and wherever the amount of insurance may exceed the unpaid indebtedness, that any such excess shall be payable to a beneficiary other than the creditor named by the debtor, or to his estate. For open-end credit, the premium shall be disclosed as the monthly amount charged for each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of outstanding indebtedness.
- (c) No individual policy of credit life—insurance or credit accident and health insurance—and no group policy of credit life—insurance or credit accident and health insurance—shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this State unless each contains in substance all of the following provisions:
 - (1) In each policy there shall be a provision that the policy, or the policy and application therefor, if any, or if a copy of the application is endorsed upon or attached to the policy when issued, shall constitute the entire insurance contract between the parties, and that all statements made by the creditor or by the individual debtors shall, in the absence of fraud, be deemed representations and not warranties.
 - In each such policy there shall be a provision that the validity of the (2) policy shall not be contested, except for nonpayment of premiums, after it has been in force for two years from its date of issue; and that no statement made by any person insured under the policy relating to his insurability shall be used in contesting the validity of the insurance with respect to which such statement was made after such insurance has been in force on such insured for a period of two years during such person's lifetime, and prior to the date on which the claim thereunder arose. Provided, however, that unless the insured writes his own age on the form and signs a statement that he has done so, there shall be no denial of claims grounded on the debtor's age. Provided further, if the indebtedness is paid by renewal or refinancing prior to the scheduled maturity date, the effective date of the coverage with respect to any policy provision shall be deemed to be the first date on which the debtor became insured under the policy covering the original prior



charge will be refunded or credited to the debtor; and

44

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

25

2627

28 29

30

31 32

33

3435

36

3738

39

40

41 42

43 44 (7) A statement that, upon acceptance by the insurer, the insurance coverage provided shall become effective as specified in G.S. 58-57-20.

Any portion of the information required in said notification may be furnished by other documents, if copies of such documents are attached to said notification. If an insurance policy or certificate of insurance is not delivered to the insured debtor at the time the indebtedness is incurred, debtor requests credit insurance, he-the debtor shall be furnished at the time the indebtedness is incurred written notice that he shall have given the right to rescind the insurance policy or certificate of insurance upon giving written notice to the insurer within 15–30 days from the date the insured debtor receives such policy or certificate."

Sec. 6. G.S. 58-57-35 reads as rewritten:

"§ 58-57-35. General premium rate standard.

- Benefits provided by credit life and-life, credit accident and health and credit unemployment insurance written under this Article shall be reasonable in relation to the premium charge. This requirement is conclusively presumed to be satisfied if the premium rates to be charged for credit life and credit accident and health insurance are no greater than those premium rates set forth in G.S. 58-57-40 and 58-57-45-58-57-40, 58-57-45 and 58-57-105 of this Article for benefits as described in those sections. If an insurer files premium rates for all or part of its business that are greater than those premium rates to which this conclusive presumption applies, the greater rates may be disapproved by the Commissioner if the insurer fails to demonstrate that the benefits are reasonable in relation to the premium rates filed for the group or groups of insureds to which the premium rates would apply and which groups shall meet credibility standards established by the Commissioner. In making this determination, the Commissioner shall give due consideration to the past and prospective loss experience of the group or groups of insureds to which the rates would apply, to reasonable costs and expenses attributable to the insurer and creditor making the coverage available and to other relevant factors, including a fair return to the insurer and creditor. These premium rates shall be allowed to be applied only to the group or groups with respect to which the rate filing is made and approved. The premium rates for credit unemployment insurance shall be filed with and approved by the Commissioner. The amount charged to a debtor for any credit life or credit accident life, credit accident and health, or credit unemployment insurance shall not exceed the premiums charged by the insurer, as computed at the time the charge to the debtor is determined.
- (b) The premium or cost of credit <u>life or disability life</u>, <u>disability</u>, <u>or unemployment insurance</u>, when written by or through any lender or other creditor, its affiliate, associate or subsidiary shall not be deemed as interest or charges or consideration or an amount in excess of permitted charges in connection with the loan or credit transaction and any gain or advantage to any lender or other creditor, its affiliate, associate or subsidiary, arising out of the premium or commission or dividend from the sale or provision of such insurance shall not be deemed a violation of any other law, general or special, civil or criminal, of this State, or of any rule, regulation or order issued by any regulatory authority of this State.

 (c) If premiums are to be determined according to the age of the insured debtor or by age brackets, an insurer may determine premium rates on a basis actuarially eonsistent equivalent with the rates provided in G.S. 58-57-35, but such rates shall be filed with and approved by the Commissioner."

Sec. 7. G.S. 58-57-40 reads as rewritten:

"§ 58-57-40. Credit life insurance rate standards.

- (a) The premium rate standards set forth below are applicable to plans of credit life insurance with or without requirements for evidence of insurability:
 - (1) Which contain no exclusions or no exclusions other than suicide; and
 - (2) Which contain no age restrictions, or only age restrictions not making ineligible for the coverage
 - a. Debtors under 65 at the time the indebtedness is incurred; or
 - b. Debtors who will not have attained age 66 on the maturity date of the indebtedness.
- (b) Rates for use with forms which are more restrictive in any material respect shall reflect such variations in the form or lower rates to the extent that a significant difference in claim cost can reasonably be anticipated unless the insurer demonstrates that such lower rate is not appropriate.
- (c) If premiums are payable in one sum in advance, for decreasing term life insurance on indebtedness repayable in substantially equal monthly installments, a premium not exceeding seventy cents (70¢) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of initial insured indebtedness per year is authorized. If premiums are payable in one sum in advance, for decreasing term life insurance on indebtedness repayable in substantially equal monthly installments, a premium rate not exceeding sixty-five (65¢) cents per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of initial insured indebtedness per year is authorized. Effective January 1, 1995, a premium rate not exceeding sixty cents (60¢) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of indebtedness per year is authorized. Effective January 1, 1996, a premium rate not exceeding fifty-five cents (55¢) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of indebtedness per year is authorized. Effective January 1, 1997, a premium rate not exceeding fifty cents (50¢) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of indebtedness per year is authorized. Effective January 1, 1997, a premium rate not exceeding fifty cents (50¢) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of indebtedness per year is authorized.
- (d) The premium rate of joint life insurance coverage shall not exceed one and two-thirds (1 2/3) the permitted single life rate.
- (\$1.30) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per year is authorized. For level term life insurance, a premium rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per year is authorized. Effective January 1, 1995, a premium rate of one dollar and twenty cents (\$1.20) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per year is authorized. Effective January 1, 1996, a premium rate of one dollar and fifteen cents (\$1.15) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per year is authorized. Effective January 1, 1997, a premium rate of one dollar and ten cents (\$1.10) per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per year is authorized.

2

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31 32

3334

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

(f) For policies for which monthly premiums are charged on a basis of the thenoutstanding balances, a monthly premium per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of outstanding balances is authorized, based on the following formula:

$$Opn = \underline{20 \text{ SPn}} \\ n+1$$

where SPn = Single premium rate per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of initial insured indebtedness repayable in n equal monthly installments.

Opn = Monthly outstanding balance premium rate per one thousand dollars (\$1,000). n = Original repayment period, in months.

- (f1) Notwithstanding the premium rates otherwise set forth in this section for credit life insurance, the premium rates for such insurance written in connection with direct loans with contractual commitments of more than 10 years' duration shall be filed with and approved by the Commissioner. Such premium rates shall exhibit a reasonable relationship to the benefits provided.
- (g) For credit life insurance on a basis other than the foregoing, premiums charged shall be actuarially equivalent.
- (h) In addition to the premium rate authorized, a charge may also be made for a nonrefundable origination fee per credit life insurance transaction as set forth below:

```
Insured Indebtedness Fee Permitted less than $250.00 none $250.00 or more but less than $500.00 $500.00 or more $2.00 $3.00
```

No third or subsequent origination fee may be charged in connection with a third or subsequent refinancing within any twelve-month period."

Sec. 8. G.S. 58-57-45 reads as rewritten:

"§ 58-57-45. Credit accident and health insurance rate standards.

The rate standards set forth below shall be applicable for contracts which contain a provision excluding or denying claim for disability resulting from preexisting illness, disease or physical condition, for which the debtor received medical advice, consultation, or treatment within the six-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the debtor's coverage and if said disability occurs within the six-month period immediately following such date, but contain no other provision which excludes or restricts liability in the event of disability caused in a certain specified manner, except that they may contain provisions excluding or restricting coverage in the event of normal pregnancy; intentionally self-inflicted injuries; sickness resulting from intoxication, addiction to alcohol or narcotics, or from the use thereof unless administered on the advice of a physician; flight in nonscheduled aircraft; war; military service; and may contain the same age restrictions as those mentioned for credit life insurance in G.S. 58-57-40. Provided, if the indebtedness is paid by renewal or refinancing prior to the scheduled maturity date, the effective date of the coverage with respect to any policy provision shall be deemed to be the first date on which the debtor became insured under the policy covering the original prior indebtedness that was

renewed or refinanced, at least to the extent of the amount and term of the coverage outstanding at the time of renewal and refinancing of the debt.

- (b) A policy of credit accident and health insurance shall include a definition of 'disability' providing that during the first 12 months of disability the insured shall be unable to perform the duties of his occupation at the time the disability occurred (or his previous occupation if the person is unemployed or retired at the time the disability occurs), and thereafter the duties of any occupation for which the insured is reasonably fitted by education, training, or experience.
- (c) Any policy to which the rates below apply may require the debtor to be gainfully employed on the effective date of the insurance. Provided, however, that unless the insured writes the name of his employer on the application and signs a statement that he is employed, there shall be no denial of claims grounded on the insured's failure to be employed on the effective date of the insurance.
- (d) If premiums are payable in one sum in advance for the entire duration of the indebtedness, for insurance with a preexisting exclusion as defined above, the following premiums are authorized:

SINGLE PREMIUM RATES PER \$100.00 OF INITIAL INSURED INDEBTEDNESS

10	INDURED INDEDITED NEDD					
19	No. of Months	Nonretroac	tive Benefits	Retro	oactive Ber	nefits
20	in which					
21	Indebtedness	14-Day	30-Day	7-Day	14-Day	30-Day
22	is					
23	Repayable					
24	12	1.40	.95	2.60	2.10	1.40
25	24	1.90	1.40	3.50	2.85	1.90
26	36	2.40	1.90	4.35	3.65	2.40
27	48	2.85	2.40	5.25	4.40	2.85
28	60	3.35	2.85	6.10	5.20	3.35
29	72	3.85	3.35		5.95	3.85
30	84	4.30	3.85		6.70	4.30
31	96	4.80	4.30		7.50	4.80
32	108	5.25	4.80		8.25	5.25
33	120	5.75	5.25		9.00	5.75

For terms other than the above, premiums shall be prorated.

(e) For policies for which monthly premiums are charged on a basis of the thenoutstanding balances, a monthly premium per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of outstanding balances is authorized, based on the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
\text{Opn} &=& \underline{20} & \underline{\text{SPn}} \\
\text{n+1} & & & \\
\end{array}$$

where SPn = Single premium rate per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of initial indebtedness repayable in n equal monthly installments.

Opn = Monthly outstanding balance premium rate per one thousand dollars (\$1,000). n = Original repayment period, in months.

- (e1) Notwithstanding the premium rates otherwise set forth in this section for credit accident and health insurance, the premium rates for such insurance written in connection with direct loans with contractual commitments of more than 10 years' duration shall be filed with and approved by the Commissioner. Such premium rates shall exhibit a reasonable relationship to the benefits provided.
- (f) Premium rate standards for other benefit plans and for indebtedness repayable in installments other than as indicated above shall be actuarially consistent with the above rate standards.
- (g) In addition to the premium rate authorized, a charge may also be made for a nonrefundable origination fee per credit accident and health insurance transaction as set forth below:

12	Insured Indebtedness	Fee Permitted
13	less than \$250.00	none
14	\$250.00 or more but	\$1.00
15	less than \$500.00	
16	\$500.00 or more	\$2.00\\$3.00

No third or subsequent origination fee may be charged in connection with a third or subsequent refinancing within any twelve-month period.

- (h) The premium rates for joint credit accident and health insurance shall not exceed one and two-thirds (1 2/3) times the permitted single accident and health rate."
- Sec. 9. Article 57 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new sections to read:

"§ 58-57-105. Credit insurance on credit card balances.

- (a) Notwithstanding G.S. 58-3-145, credit card facilities may be used for the solicitation, negotiation, or payment of premiums for credit insurance on the unpaid balance of any credit card account. Solicitation or negotiation for credit insurance on credit card account balances may not be made by unsolicited telephone calls or facsimile transmissions.
- (b) If premiums are charged through a credit card facility or if premiums are payable on the then outstanding balances on revolving charge account contracts defined in G.S. 25A-11, a premium not exceeding seventy-four cents (74¢) one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of insured indebtedness per month is authorized.

"§ 58-57-107. Credit card guaranty or collateral prohibited.

No insurer, representative of any insurer, or insurance broker shall enter into any arrangement that involves the sale of insurance or the pledging of existing insurance as guaranty or collateral for the issuance of any credit card.

"§ 58-57-110. Credit unemployment insurance rate standards; policy provisions.

- (a) Each year the Commissioner shall prescribe a minimum incurred loss ratio standard requirement to develop a premium rate reasonable in relation to the benefits provided by credit unemployment insurance coverage. The following requirements must be met:
 - (1) Coverage is provided or offered, with or without underwriting, to all debtors regardless of age who are working for salary, wages, or other

- employment income for at least 30 hours per week and have done so for 12 consecutive months;
 - (2) Coverage sets forth a definition of involuntary unemployment as a loss of employment income that may include, but is not limited to, loss caused by layoff, general strike, termination of employment, or lockout;
 - (3) Coverage does not contain any exclusion except: debts with irregular monthly payments; voluntary forfeiture of salary, wages, or other employment income; resignation; retirement; sickness, disease, or normal pregnancy; or loss of income due to termination as a result of willful misconduct that is a violation of some established, definite rule of conduct, a forbidden act, or willful dereliction of duty, or criminal misconduct.
 - (b) The Commissioner may approve other policy provisions and coverages consistent with the purposes of unemployment coverage.
 - (c) Joint coverage rates for credit unemployment insurance shall be one and two-thirds (1 2/3) times the approved single rate of coverage."

Sec. 10. G.S. 58-57-60 reads as rewritten:

"§ 58-57-60. Claims.

- (a) All claims shall be promptly reported to the insurer or its designated claim representative, and the insurer shall maintain adequate claim files. All claims shall be settled as soon as possible and in accordance with the terms of the insurance contract.
- (b) All claims shall be paid either by draft drawn upon the insurer or by check of the insurer or by electronic funds transfer or be paid by such other specified method upon the direction of the beneficiary who is entitled thereto pursuant to the policy provisions.
- (c) No plan or arrangement shall be used whereby any person, firm or corporation other than the insurer or its designated claim representative shall be authorized to settle or adjust claims. The creditor shall not be designated as claim representative for the insurer in adjusting claims; provided, that a group policyholder may, by arrangement with the group insurer, draw drafts drafts, electronic funds transfers, or checks in payment of claims due to the group policyholder subject to audit and review by the insurer."
 - Sec. 11. G.S. 58-57-90(b) reads as rewritten:
- "(b) Premium rates charged shall not exceed eighty-seven cents (87¢) per year per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of insured value for single interest credit property insurance and shall not exceed one dollar and thirty-one cents (\$1.31) per year per one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of insured value for dual interest credit property insurance. The insured value shall not exceed the lesser of the value of the property or the amount of the initial indebtedness.
- In addition to the premium rate authorized, a charge may also be made for a nonrefundable origination fee per credit property insurance transaction as set forth below:

44 Insured Value Fee Permitted

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29 30

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

1	less than \$250.00	none
2	\$250.00 or more but	\$1.00
3	less than \$500.00	
4	\$500.00 or more	\$2.00 -\$3.00

No third or subsequent origination fee may be charged in connection with the third or subsequent refinancing within any twelve-month period.

The Department shall collect data on credit property insurance written in North Carolina, including but not limited to: the amount of coverage written, direct premiums, earned premiums, dividends and retrospective rate credits paid, direct losses paid, direct losses incurred, commissions paid, loss ratios and policy provisions."

Sec. 12. G.S. 24-8 reads as rewritten:

"§ 24-8. Loans not in excess of \$300,000; what interest, fees and charges permitted.

No lender shall charge or receive from any borrower or require in connection with a loan any borrower, directly or indirectly, to pay, deliver, transfer or convey or otherwise confer upon or for the benefit of the lender or any other person, firm or corporation any sum of money, thing of value or other consideration other than that which is pledged as security or collateral to secure the repayment of the full principal of the loan, together with fees and interest provided for in chapter 24 this Chapter or chapter Chapter 53 of the North Carolina General Statutes, where the principal amount of a loan is not in excess of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000.00); provided, this section shall not prevent a borrower from selling, transferring, or conveying property other than security or collateral to any person, firm or corporation for a fair consideration so long as such transaction is not made a condition or requirement for any loan; provided that this shall not prevent the lender from collecting from the borrower for remittance to others, money in payment of taxes, assessments, cost of upkeep, recording fees, surveys, attorneys' fees, fire, title, life-life, accident and health, unemployment, and mortgage insurance premiums and other such fees and costs, nor from receiving the proceeds from any insurance policies where a loss occurs under the terms of such policies. This section shall not be applicable to any corporation licensed as a 'Small Business Investment Company' under the provisions of the United States Code Annotated, Title 15, section 661, et seq. nor shall it be applicable to the sale or purchase of convertible debentures, nor to the sale or purchase of any debt security with accompanying warrants, nor to the sale or purchase of other securities through an organized securities exchange."

Sec. 13. G.S. 24-14(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Evidence of hazard insurance may be required by the lender of the borrower. Credit life, credit accident and health, and credit unemployment insurance, or any of them, may be offered but not required; Decreasing term credit life insurance is optional, in an amount not exceeding the sum of the monthly installments payable under the loan and for a period not exceeding the term of the loan; provided (i) that the borrower has indicated a desire to purchase such insurance by signing a statement to that effect, (ii) that the borrower is advised that he may acquire this insurance from any insurance carrier, (iii) that the borrower is aware that this insurance may be rescinded within 15–30 days after receipt of the policy, policy or certificate, and (iv) that the borrower directs the lender to purchase the above insurance from the proceeds of his loan.

The rates for the herein described insurance shall not exceed the standard rates approved by the Commissioner of Insurance for such insurance. Proof of all insurance issued in connection with loans subject to this Article shall be furnished to the borrower within 10 days from the date of application therefor by said borrower."

Sec. 14. G.S. 53-189 reads as rewritten:

"§ 53-189. Insurance.

1 2

- (a) Credit life, credit accident and health, <u>credit unemployment</u>, and credit property insurance may be written in accordance with the provisions of the North Carolina Act for the Regulation of Credit Life, Credit Accident and Health and Credit Property Insurance, G.S. 58-57-1 et seq. Article 57 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes. For single or joint life insurance written prior to July 1, 1982, pursuant to G.S. 53-189, such insurance may be written either level term or decreasing term for an initial amount not in excess of the total indebtedness and the refund of premiums for level term insurance shall be equal to the pro rata unearned gross premium if refunded during the first 60 days of the policy and equal to the sum of the digits formula known as the "Rule of 78" if refunded thereafter. The premium rate for level term credit life insurance written pursuant to this section shall not exceed one dollar and thirty-five cents (\$1.35) per hundred dollars (\$100.00) per year. For single or joint life insurance written on or after July 1, 1982, pursuant to G.S. 53-189, the amount of insurance shall at no time exceed the actual or scheduled indebtedness and the refund of premiums for level term insurance shall be equal to the pro rata unearned gross premiums.
- (b) The premium or cost of credit life, credit accident and health health, credit unemployment, or credit property insurance, when written by or through any lender or other creditor, its affiliate, associate or subsidiary shall not be deemed as interest or charges or consideration or an amount in excess of permitted charges in connection with the loan or credit transaction and any gain or advantage to any lender or other creditor, its affiliate, associate or subsidiary, arising out of the premium or commission or dividend from the sale or provision of such insurance shall not be deemed a violation of any other law, general or special, civil or criminal, of this State, or of any rule, regulation or order issued by any regulatory authority of this State."

Sec. 15. G.S. 25A-17 reads as rewritten:

"§ 25A-17. Additional charges for insurance.

(a) As to revolving charge account contracts defined in G.S. 25A-11, in addition to the finance charges permitted in G.S. 24-11(a), a seller in a consumer credit sale may contract for and receive additional charges or premiums (i) for insurance written in connection with any consumer credit sale, against loss of or damage to property securing the debt pursuant to G.S. 25A-23, provided a clear, conspicuous and specific statement in writing is furnished by the seller to the buyer setting forth the cost of the insurance if obtained from or through the seller and stating that the buyer may choose the insurer through which the insurance is obtained obtained; (ii) for credit life, credit accident and health, or credit unemployment insurance, written in connection with any consumer credit sale, provided the insurance coverage is not required by the seller and this fact is clearly disclosed to the buyer, and any buyer desiring such insurance coverage gives affirmative indication of such desire after disclosure of the cost of such insurance.

3

4

5

6

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

37

38

39

40 41

42

- (b) As to revolving charge account contracts defined in G.S. 25A-11, insurance that is required by a seller and is not an additional charge permitted by subsection (a) of this section, shall be included in the finance charge as computed according to G.S. 24-11(a).
- As to consumer credit installment sale contracts defined in G.S. 25A-12, in (c) addition to the finance charges permitted in G.S. 25A-15, a seller in a consumer credit sale may contract for and receive additional charges or premiums (i) for insurance written in connection with any consumer credit sale, for loss of or damage to property or against liability arising out of the ownership or use of property, provided a clear, conspicuous and specific statement in writing disclosure is furnished by the seller to the buyer setting forth the cost of the insurance if obtained from or through the seller and stating that the buyer may choose the person through which the insurance is to be obtained; (ii) for credit life, accident, credit accident and health or credit unemployment loss of income-insurance, written in connection with any consumer credit sale, provided the insurance coverage is not required by the seller and this fact is clearly and conspicuously disclosed in writing to the buyer; and any buyer desiring such insurance coverage gives specific dated and separately signed affirmative written indication of such desire after receiving written clear and specific disclosure to him of the cost of such insurance."

Sec. 16. G.S. 58-33-25(e) reads as rewritten:

- "(e) A limited representative may receive qualification for one or more licenses without examination for the following kinds of insurance:
 - (1), (2) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 485, s. 19.
 - (3) Credit Life, Accident and Health
 - (4) Credit Credit, as specified in G.S. 58-7-15(17)
 - (5) Travel Accident and Baggage
 - (6) Motor Club
 - (7) Dental Services
 - (8) Credit Property Insurance and Vendor-Single Interest (VSI)-Automobile Physical Damage Insurance when either is made in connection with a loan
 - (9) Bail bonds executed or countersigned by surety bondsmen under Article 71 of this Chapter. Chapter
 - (10) Credit unemployment."

Sec. 17. The title of Article 57 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:

"REGULATION OF CREDIT LIFE INSURANCE, CREDIT ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE AND CREDIT PROPERTY INSURANCE."

Sec. 18. Section 6 and G.S. 58-57-107, as contained in Section 9 of this act, are effective upon ratification. The remainder of this act becomes effective January 1, 1994.