## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## **SESSION 1991**

S 1

## SENATE BILL 320

Short Title: Tech. Changes/Empl. Sec.	(Public)
Sponsors: Senator Smith.	
Referred to: Manufacturing and Labor.	

## March 27, 1991

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2

AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL CHANGES TO THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY LAW.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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Section 1. G.S. 96-4(t)(5) reads as rewritten:

Privileged Status of Letters and Reports and Other Information Relating to Administration of this Chapter. – All letters, reports, communication, or any other matters, either oral or written, including any testimony at any hearing, from the employer or employee to each other or to the Commission or any of its agents, representatives, or employees, which letters, reports, or other communication shall have been written, sent, delivered, or made in connection with the requirements of the administration of this Chapter, shall be absolutely privileged communication in any civil or criminal proceedings except proceedings pursuant to or involving the administration of this Chapter and except proceedings involving child support and only for the purpose of establishing the payment and amount of unemployment compensation benefits. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the Commission, upon written request and on a reimbursable basis only, from disclosing information to any person from the records of an adjudication or proceeding before an appeals referee, deputy commissioner, or other hearing officer by whatever name called, compiled for the purpose of resolving issues raised pursuant to the Employment Security Law."

Sec. 2. G.S. 96-8 is amended by adding the following new subdivision to 1 2 read: 3 "(26) If two or more related corporations concurrently employ the same individual and compensate the individual through a common 4 5 paymaster that is one of the related corporations, each related 6 corporation shall be considered to have paid as remuneration to the 7 individual only the amounts actually disbursed by it to the individual 8 and shall not be considered to have paid as remuneration to the 9 individual amounts actually disbursed to the individual by another of 10 the related corporations." Sec. 3. G.S. 96-9(a) is amended by adding the following new subdivision to 11 12 read: 13 "(7) Effective with the quarter ending March 31, 1992, every employer 14 with 250 or more employees, and every person or organization that, as 15 agent, reports wages on a total of 250 or more employees on behalf of one or more subject employers, shall file that portion of the 16 17 'Employer's Quarterly Tax and Wage Report' that contains the name, 18 social security number, and gross wages of each individual in employment on magnetic tapes or diskettes in a format prescribed by 19 20 the Commission." Sec. 4. G.S. 96-9(c)(2) reads as rewritten: 21 Charging of benefit payments. – 22 "(2) 23 Benefits paid shall be allocated to the account of each base 24 period employer in the proportion that the base period wages paid to an eligible individual in any calendar quarter by each 25 26 such employer bears to the total wages paid by all base period 27 employers during the base period, except as hereinafter provided in paragraphs b, c, and d of this subdivision, G.S. 96-28 29 9(d)(2)c, and 96-12(e)G. The amount so allocated shall be 30 multiplied by one hundred twenty percent (120%) and charged 31 to that employer's account. Benefits paid shall be charged to 32 employers' accounts upon the basis of benefits paid to claimants 33 whose benefit years have expired. b. Any benefits paid to any claimant under a claim filed for a period 34 35 occurring after the date of such separations as are set forth in this 36 paragraph and based on wages paid prior to the date of (i) the leaving 37 of work by the claimant without good cause attributable to the 38 employer; (ii) the discharge of claimant for misconduct in connection 39 with his work; (iii) the discharge of the claimant for substantial fault as that term may be defined in G.S. 96-14; (iv) the discharge of the 40 41 claimant solely for a bona fide inability to do the work for which he 42 was hired but only where the claimant was hired pursuant to a job

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order placed with a local office of the Commission for referrals to

probationary employment (with a probationary period no longer than

100 days), which job order was placed in such circumstances and which satisfies such conditions as the Commission may by regulation prescribe and only to the extent of the wages paid during such probationary employment; (v) separations made disqualifying under G.S. 96-14(2B) and (6A); or (vi) separation due to leaving for disability or health condition shall not be charged to the account of the employer by whom the claimant was employed at the time of such separation; provided, however, said employer promptly furnishes the Commission with such notices regarding any separation of the individual from work as are or may be required by the regulations of the Commission.

No benefit charges shall be made to the account of any employer who has furnished work to an individual who, because of the loss of employment with one or more other employers, becomes eligible for partial benefits while still being furnished work by such employer on substantially the same basis and substantially the same amount as had been made available to such individual during his base period whether the employments were simultaneous or successive; provided, that such employer makes a written request for noncharging of benefits in accordance with Commission regulations and procedures.

No benefit charges shall be made to the account of any employer where benefits are paid as a result of a decision by an Adjudicator, Appeals Referee or the Commission if such decision to pay benefits is ultimately reversed; nor shall any such benefits paid be deemed to constitute an overpayment under G.S. 96-18(g)(2), the provisions thereof notwithstanding. Provided, an overpayment of benefits paid shall be established in order to provide for the waiting period required by G.S. 96-13(c).

- c. Any benefits paid to any claimant who is attending a vocational school or training program as provided in G.S. 96-13(a)(3) shall not be charged to the account of the base period employer(s).
- d. Any benefits paid to any claimant under the following conditions shall not be charged to the account of the base period employer(s):
  - 1. The benefits are paid for unemployment due directly to a major natural disaster, and
  - 2. The President has declared the disaster pursuant to the Disaster Relief Act of 1970, 42 USCA 4401, et seq., and
  - 3. The benefits are paid to claimants who would have been eligible for disaster unemployment assistance under this

1		Act, if they had not received unemployment insurance
2		benefits with respect to that unemployment.
3	e.	1. Any benefits paid to any claimant which are
4		based on previously uncovered employment which are
5		reimbursable by the federal government shall not be
6		charged to the experience rating account of any
7		employer.
8	2.	For purposes of this paragraph previously uncovered
9		employment for which benefits are reimbursable by the
10		federal government means services performed before
11		July 1, 1978, in the case of a week of unemployment
12		beginning before July 1, 1978, or before January 1, 1978,
13		in the case of a week of unemployment beginning after
14		July 1, 1978, and to the extent that assistance under Title
15		II of the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance
16		Act of 1974 (SUA) was not paid to such individuals on
17		the basis of such service."
18	Sec 5 This act is e	ffective upon ratification