SESSION 1989

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SENATE BILL 843

Short Title: CON/Nursing Home Repeal.

Sponsors: Senators Raynor, Speed; Ballance, Barker, Basnight, Carpenter, Daniel, Guy, Hunt of Durham, Johnson of Wake, Martin of Pitt, Murphy, Odom, Parnell, Sherron, Simpson, Soles, Swain, and Tally.

Referred to: Human Resources.

April 11, 1989

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REMOVE THE CERTIFICATE OF NEED REQUIREMENTS FROM
3	NURSING HOMES.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. G.S.131E-176 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 131E-176. Definitions.
7	As used in this Article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following
8	terms have the meanings specified:
9	(1) 'Ambulatory surgical facility' means a facility designed for the
10	provision of an ambulatory surgical program. An ambulatory surgical
11	facility serves patients who require local, regional or general
12	anesthesia and a period of post-operative observation. An ambulatory
13	surgical facility may only admit patients for a period of less than 24
14	hours and must provide at least one designated operating room and at
15	least one designated recovery room, have available the necessary
16	equipment and trained personnel to handle emergencies, provide
17	adequate quality assurance and assessment by an evaluation and
18	review committee, and maintain adequate medical records for each
19	patient. An ambulatory surgical facility may be operated as a part of a
20	physician or dentist's office, provided the facility is licensed under
21	G.S. Chapter 131E, Article 6, Part D, but the performance of
22	incidental, limited ambulatory surgical procedures which do not

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1		constitute an ambulatory surgical program as defined in subdivision
2		(1a) and which are performed in a physician's or dentist's office does
3		not make that office an ambulatory surgical facility.
4	(1a)	'Ambulatory surgical program' means a formal program for providing
5		on a same-day basis those surgical procedures which require local,
6		regional or general anesthesia and a period of post-operative
7		observation to patients whose admission for more than 24 hours is
8		determined, prior to surgery, to be medically unnecessary.
9	(2)	'Bed capacity' means space used exclusively for inpatient care,
10		including space designed or remodeled for licensed inpatient beds even
11		though temporarily not used for such purposes. The number of beds to
12		be counted in any patient room shall be the maximum number for
13		which adequate square footage is provided as established by rules of
14		the Department except that single beds in single rooms are counted
15		even if the room contains inadequate square footage. The term 'bed
16		capacity' also refers to the number of dialysis stations in kidney
17		disease treatment centers, including freestanding dialysis units.
18	(2a)	'Capital expenditure' means an expenditure which under generally
19		accepted accounting principles is not properly chargeable as an
20		expense of operation and maintenance.
21	(3)	'Certificate of need' means a written order of the Department setting
22		forth the affirmative findings that a proposed project sufficiently
23		satisfies the plans, standards, and criteria prescribed for such projects
24		by this Article and by rules of the Department as provided in G.S.
25		131E-183(a) and which affords the person so designated as the legal
26		proponent of the proposed project the opportunity to proceed with the
27		development of such project.
28	(4)	'Certified cost estimate' means an estimate of the total cost of a project
29		certified by the proponent of the project within 60 days prior to or
30		subsequent to the date of submission of the proposed new institutional
31		health service to the Department and which is based on:
32		a. Preliminary plans and specifications;
33		b. Estimates of the cost of equipment certified by the manufacturer
34		or vendor; and
35		c. Estimates of the cost of management and administration of the
36		project.
37	(5)	'Change in bed capacity' means (i) any relocation of health service
38		facility beds, or dialysis stations from one licensed facility or campus
39		to another, or (ii) any redistribution of health service facility bed
40		capacity among the categories of health service facility bed as defined
41		in G.S. 131E-176 (9c), or (iii) any increase in the number of health
42		service facility beds, or dialysis stations in kidney disease treatment
43		centers, including freestanding dialysis units.

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1		(5a)	'Chemical dependency treatment facility' means a public or private
2			facility, or unit in a facility, which is engaged in providing 24-hour a
3			day treatment for chemical dependency or substance abuse. This
4			treatment may include detoxification, administration of a therapeutic
5			regimen for the treatment of chemically dependent or substance
6			abusing persons and related services. The facility or unit may be:
7			a. A unit within a general hospital or an attached or freestanding
8			unit of a general hospital licensed under Article 5, Chapter
9			131E, of the General Statutes,
10			b. A unit within a psychiatric hospital or an attached or
11			freestanding unit of a psychiatric hospital licensed under Article
12			1A of General Statutes Chapter 122 or Article 2 of General
13			Statutes Chapter 122C,
14			c. A freestanding facility specializing in treatment of persons who
15			are substance abusers or chemically dependent licensed under
16			Article 1A of General Statutes Chapter 122 or Article 2 of
17			General Statutes Chapter 122C; and may be identified as
18			'chemical dependency, substance abuse, alcoholism, or drug
19 20			abuse treatment units,' 'residential chemical dependency,
20			substance abuse, alcoholism or drug abuse facilities,' 'social
21			setting detoxification facilities' and 'medical detoxification
22 23			facilities,' or by other names if the purpose is to provide
23 24			treatment of chemically dependent or substance abusing persons, but shall not include halfway houses or recovery farms.
24 25		(5b)	'Chemical dependency treatment beds' means beds that are licensed
23 26		(30)	for detoxification or for the inpatient treatment of chemical
20			dependency. Residential treatment beds for the treatment of chemical
28			dependency or substance abuse are chemical dependency treatment
29			beds but those residential treatment beds that were developed and
30			operated without a certificate of need shall not be counted in the
31			inventory of chemical dependency treatment beds in the State Health
32			Plans prepared by the Department pursuant to G.S. 131E-177(4) after
33			July 1, 1987. The State Health Plans prepared after July 1, 1987, shall
34			also contain no limitation on the proportion of the overall inventory of
35			chemical dependency treatment beds located in any of the types of
36			chemical dependency treatment facilities identified in subdivision (5a).
37		(6)	'Department' means the North Carolina Department of Human
38			Resources.
39		(7)	To 'develop' when used in connection with health services, means to
40			undertake those activities which will result in the offering of
41			institutional health service not provided in the previous 12-month
42			reporting period or the incurring of a financial obligation in relation to
43			the offering of such a service.
44		(8),	(9) Repealed by Session Laws 1987, c. 511, s. 1.

1	(9a)	'Health service' means an organized, interrelated medical, diagnostic,
2		therapeutic, and/or rehabilitative activity that is integral to the clinical
3		management of a sick, injured, or disabled person. 'Health service'
4		does not include administrative and other activities that are not integral
5		to clinical management.
6	(9b)	'Health service facility' means a hospital; psychiatric facility;
7	(, ,	rehabilitation facility; long term care facility; kidney disease treatment
8		center, including freestanding hemodialysis units; intermediate care
9		facility for the mentally retarded; home health agency; chemical
10		dependency treatment facility; and ambulatory surgical facility.
11	(9c)	'Health service facility bed' means a bed licensed for use in a health
12	(\mathcal{H})	service facility in the categories of (i) acute care beds; (ii) psychiatric
12		beds; (iii) rehabilitation beds; (iv) intermediate nursing care or skilled
14		nursing care beds; (v)-intermediate care beds for the mentally retarded;
15	(10)	and (vi) (v) chemical dependency treatment beds.
16	(10)	'Health maintenance organization (HMO)' means a public or private
17		organization which has received its certificate of authority under
18		Chapter 57B of the General Statutes and which either is a qualified
19		health maintenance organization under Section 1310(d) of the Public
20		Health Service Act or:
21		a. Provides or otherwise makes available to enrolled participants
22		health care services, including at least the following basic
23		health care services: usual physician services, hospitalization,
24		laboratory, X ray, emergency and preventive services, and out-
25		of-area coverage;
26		b. Is compensated, except for copayments, for the provision of the
27		basic health care services listed above to enrolled participants
28		by a payment which is paid on a periodic basis without regard
29		to the date the health care services are provided and which is
30		fixed without regard to the frequency, extent, or kind of health
31		service actually provided; and
32		c. Provides physicians' services primarily (i) directly through
33		physicians who are either employees or partners of such
34		organizations, or (ii) through arrangements with individual
35		physicians or one or more groups of physicians organized on a
36		group practice or individual practice basis.
37	(11)	'Health systems agency' means an independent, private, nonprofit
38	()	corporation, incorporated in this State, that engages in regional health
39		planning and development functions.
40	(12)	'Home health agency' means a private organization or public agency,
41	(12)	whether owned or operated by one or more persons or legal entities,
42		which furnishes or offers to furnish home health services.
43		'Home health services' means items and services furnished to an
44		individual by a home health agency, or by others under arrangements
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1		with such others made by the agency, on a visiting basis, and except
2		for paragraph e. of this subdivision, in a place of temporary or
3		permanent residence used as the individual's home as follows:
4		a. Part-time or intermittent nursing care provided by or under the
5		supervision of a registered nurse;
6		b. Physical, occupational or speech therapy;
7		c. Medical social services, home health aid services, and other
8		therapeutic services;
9		d. Medical supplies, other than drugs and biologicals and the use
10		of medical appliances;
11		e. Any of the foregoing items and services which are provided on
12		an outpatient basis under arrangements made by the home
13		health agency at a hospital or nursing home facility or
14		rehabilitation center and the furnishing of which involves the
15		use of equipment of such a nature that the items and services
16		cannot readily be made available to the individual in his home,
17		or which are furnished at such facility while he is there to
18		receive any such item or service, but not including
19		transportation of the individual in connection with any such
20	(12)	item or service.
21	(13)	'Hospital' means a public or private institution which is primarily
22		engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under supervision of
23 24		physicians, diagnostic services and therapeutic services for medical
24 25		diagnosis, treatment, and care of injured, disabled, or sick persons, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick
25		persons. The term includes all facilities licensed pursuant to G.S.
20		131E-77 of the General Statutes.
28	(13a)	
29	(154)	for inpatient care for terminally ill patients and their families. This care
30		is provided by a medically directed interdisciplinary team, directly or
31		through an agreement under the direction of an identifiable hospice
32		administration. A hospice program of care provides palliative and
33		supportive medical and other health services to meet the physical,
34		psychological, social, spiritual and special needs of patients and their
35		families, which are experienced during the final stages of terminal
36		illness and during dying and bereavement.
37	(14)	Repealed by Session Laws 1987, c. 511, s. 1, effective July 1, 1987.
38	(14a)	
39	~ /	licensed pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes
40		for the purpose of providing health and habilitative services based on
41		the developmental model and principles of normalization for persons
42		with mental retardation, autism, cerebral palsy, epilepsy or related
43		conditions.

1	(1/	1 b)	" Intermediate nursing care" means the provision of health-related care
2	(1-		and services on a regular basis to individuals who do not require the
23			degree of care and treatment that hospitals or skilled nursing care
4			provide, but who because of their mental or physical condition require
4 5			health-related care and services above the level of room and board.
	(1/		
6	(14		" Long term care facility" means a health service facility whose bed
7			complement of health service facility beds is composed principally of
8	(15		skilled nursing beds or intermediate nursing care beds, or both.
9	(15	·	Repealed by Session Laws 1987, c. 511, s. 1.
10	(16	/	'New institutional health services' means:
11			a. The construction, development, or other establishment of a new
12			health service facility;
13			b. The obligation by any person of any capital expenditure on
14			behalf of or for a health service facility as defined in
15			subsection(9b) of this section exceeding two million dollars
16			(\$2,000,000), other than one to acquire an existing health
17			service facility or to replace such a facility destroyed or
18			irreparably damaged by accident or natural disaster. The cost of
19			any studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings,
20			specifications, and other activities, including staff effort and
21			consulting and other services, essential to the acquisition,
22			improvement, expansion, or replacement of any plant or
23			equipment with respect to which an expenditure is made shall
24			be included in determining if the expenditure exceeds two
25			million dollars (\$2,000,000);
26			c. Any change in bed capacity as defined in G.S.131E-176(5);
27			d. The offering of dialysis services or home health services by or
28			on behalf of a health service facility if those services were not
29			offered within the previous 12 months by or on behalf of the
30			facility;
31			e. A change in a project that was subject to certificate of need
32			review and for which a certificate of need was issued, if the
33			change is proposed during the development of the project or
34			within one year after the project was completed. For purposes
35			of this subdivision, a change in a project is a change of more
36			than fifteen percent (15%) of the approved capital expenditure
37			amount or the addition of a health service that is to be located in
38			the facility, or portion thereof, that was constructed or
39			developed in the project;
40			f. The offering of a health service by or on behalf of a health
41			service facility if the service was not offered by or on behalf of
42			the health service facility in the previous 12 months and if the
43			annual operating costs of the service equal or exceed one
44			million dollars (\$1,000,000), or the expansion of an existing

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1 2 3 4		health service when an annual operating cost of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) is directly associated with the offering of the expanded portion of the service;g. to k. Repealed by Session Laws 1987, c. 511, s. 1.
5		1. The purchase, lease, or acquisition of any health service facility,
6 7 8		or portion thereof, or a controlling interest in the health service facility or portion thereof, if the health service facility was developed under a certificate of need issued pursuant to G.S.
9		131E-180;
0 1		m. Any conversion of nonhealth service facility beds to health service facility beds;
2 3		n. The construction, development, or other establishment of a hospice if the operating budget thereof is in excess of one
4		hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
5 6	(17)	'North Carolina State Health Coordinating Council' means the Council that prepares, with the Department of Human Resources, the State
7		Medical Facilities Plan, a component of the State Health Plan.
8	(18)	To 'offer,' when used in connection with health services, means that
9	(10)	the health service facility or health maintenance organization holds
0		itself out as capable of providing, or as having the means for the
1		provision of, specified health services.
2	(19)	'Person' means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, a
3		corporation, including associations, joint stock companies, and
4		insurance companies; the State, or a political subdivision or agency or
5	(20)	instrumentality of the State.
6 7	(20)	'Project' or 'capital expenditure project' means a proposal to undertake a capital expenditure that results in the offering of a new institutional
8		health service as defined by this Article. A project, or capital
9		expenditure project, or proposed project may refer to the project from
0		its earliest planning stages up through the point at which the specified
1		new institutional health service may be offered. In the case of facility
2		construction, the point at which the new institutional health service
3		may be offered must take place after the facility is capable of being
4		fully licensed and operated for its intended use, and at that time it shall
5		be considered a health service facility.
6	(21)	'Psychiatric facility' means a public or private facility licensed
7		pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes and
8		which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the
9		supervision of a physician, psychiatric services for the diagnosis and
0		treatment of mentally ill persons.
1	(22)	'Rehabilitation facility' means a public or private inpatient facility
2		which is operated for the primary purpose of assisting in the
3		rehabilitation of disabled persons through an integrated program of

1	medical and other services which are provided under competent,
2	professional supervision.
3	(23) " Skilled nursing care" means the provision of that degree of care to
4	inpatients who require medical or nursing care, or rehabilitation
5	services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons.
6	(24) 'State Health Plan' means the plan prepared by the Department of
7	Human Resources and the North Carolina State Health Coordinating
8	Council and approved by the Governor.
9	(25) 'State Medical Facilities Plan' means a component of the State Health
10	Plan prepared by the Department of Human Resources and the North
11	Carolina State Health Coordinating Council, and approved by the
12	Governor.
13	(26) Repealed by Session Laws 1983 (Regular Session, 1984), c.1002, s. 9.
14	(27) Repealed by Session Laws 1987, c. 511, s.1."
15	Sec. 2. This act shall become effective October 1, 1989.