GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

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SENATE BILL 836

Short Title: Simplify Fiduciary Compensation. (Public				
Sponsors: Senator Ezzell.				
Referred to: Judiciary III.				
	April 11, 1989			
The General As Section 18 32-50. Comp				
creating the tru	ess Trust in Writing. – Unless otherwise provided in the instrument st relationship, relationship, and except as provided in subsection (b) of trustee under an express trust in writing, either inter vivos or nall receive compensation for serving as a trustee as follows: Income Compensation. — An annual charge on gross income of: a. Five percent (5%) on the first five thousand dollars (\$5,000) of			
	 b. Four percent (4%) on the next seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) of income; c. Three percent (3%) on the next twelve thousand five hundred 			
	 dollars (\$12,500) of income; d. Two and one-half percent (2 1/2%) on the next twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of income; e. Two percent (2%) on all income over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). 			
(2)-	Compensation on Principal Consisting of Personal Property. — An annual charge on the current value of that portion of the principal consisting of personal property, of:			

1		a.	Four-tenths (4/10) of one percent (1%) on the first twenty- five
2			thousand dollars (\$25,000) of principal;
3		b.	Three-tenths (3/10) of one percent (1%) on the next twenty-
4			five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of principal;
5		e.	Two-tenths (2/10) of one percent (1%) on the next fifty
6			thousand dollars (\$50,000) of principal;
7		d.	One-tenth (1/10) of one percent (1%) on the next one hundred
8			thousand dollars (\$100,000) of principal;
9		e.	One-twentieth (1/20) of one percent (1%) on all principal over
10			two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).
11	(3)	Maxi	mum Compensation. — In addition to the minimum compensation
12	· /		ut in (1) and (2) above, the clerk of superior court at the written
13			est of the trustee may in his discretion allow additional
14		-	pensation in those cases where the trustee has rendered services
15		_	nd the routine services expected by a trustee but in no event shall
16			otal annual aggregate compensation exceed five percent (5%)
17			the gross income and the expenditures made in accordance with
18		-	and five-tenths (5/10) of one percent (1%) upon the current value
19			incipal, both real and personal property, held as assets of the trust.
20			termining the amount of such additional compensation, if any, the
21		clerk	of superior court shall consider the time, responsibility, and skill
22		invol	ved in the management activities of the trustee.
23	<u>(1)</u>	<u>Ordir</u>	nary Compensation.
24		<u>a.</u>	Income Compensation An annual charge on gross income of:
25			1. Five percent (5%) on the first fifty thousand dollars
26			(\$50,000) of income; and
27			2. Three percent (3%) on all income over fifty thousand
28			<u>dollars (\$50,000).</u>
29			The annual income compensation may be charged in quarterly
30			increments. In the event that the trustee chooses to charge its
31			compensation in quarterly increments, the trustee shall calculate
32			the quarterly income compensation on the basis of the actual
33			income received during the quarter.
34		<u>b.</u>	Principal Compensation An annual charge on the current
35			value of all the principal assets of the trust, including all real
36			property, of:
37			1. Seven-tenths of one percent (7/10%) on the first three
38			hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) of principal;
39			2. Five-tenths of one percent (5/10%) on the next seven
40			hundred thousand dollars (\$700,000) of principal; and
41			3. Three-tenths of one percent (3/10%) on all principal over
42			one million dollars (\$1,000,000).
43	For purposes	s of de	termining the annual compensation on principal, the current value

of the principal shall be determined as of the date of the first annual accounting and

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(2)

 each year thereafter on the anniversary of that date by an appraisal of the trustee and certified to the clerk of superior court. The annual principal compensation may be charged in quarterly increments. In the event that the trustee chooses to charge its compensation in quarterly increments, the trustee shall calculate the principal compensation on the basis of the current value of the principal as of the last day of the quarter, multiplying the principal compensation so calculated by twenty-five percent (25%) to prorate it to one quarter.

Extraordinary Additional Compensation. In addition to the compensation set out in subdivision (1) above, the clerk of superior court, at the written request of the trustee, may exercise discretion to allow additional compensation in those cases where such additional compensation is reasonable, based upon the difficulty of the services rendered, the skill requisite to perform the services properly, the nature of the assets of the trust, the responsibilities and potential liabilities assumed by the trustee in performing the services, and the resources required to perform the services. Such additional compensation may include compensation for the services of agents or employees of the trustee and may also include reimbursement of out-of-pocket costs.

When computing the current value of real property for purposes of subdivision (3) of this subsection (a) the value of a usual dwelling house occupied by a beneficiary and lands reasonably necessary to the use and enjoyment thereof shall not be included. This section is not applicable to trustees under bond issues, trustees of corporate trusts, employee benefit trusts, deeds of trusts of real property used for purposes of securing loans, or trusts for similar purposes.

- (b) Effect of Provisions in the Instrument. Nothing in the provisions of this section shall be interpreted to prevent a corporate trustee from applying its regularly adopted schedule of compensation in effect and applicable at the time of performance of such services where the settlor or testator in the instrument creating the trust has so stipulated, has made no reference to the compensation of the trustee, or has not otherwise limited the compensation of the trustee. In those instances where there is no corporate trustee or where the compensation provision in the instrument creating the trust relationship provides that the compensation shall not exceed the maximum allowed by law, or the amount allowed by law, this shall be construed as an expression of intention that the compensation shall not exceed the maximum compensation as provided in G.S. 32-50(a)(3), above-subsection (a) of this section.
- (c) Other Fiduciary Relationships. Unless otherwise provided, fiduciaries other than trustees under express trusts shall be entitled to compensation fixed in the discretion of the clerk of superior court not to exceed five percent (5%) upon the amounts of receipts, including the value of all personal and real property when received, and upon the expenditures made in accordance with law. In determining the amount of such compensation, both upon the property received and upon expenditures made, the clerk of superior court shall consider the time, responsibility, trouble and skill involved in the management of such property. The clerk of superior court may allow compensation from time to time during the course of the management but the total

amount allowed shall be determined on final settlement and shall not exceed the limit fixed in this subsection.

- (d) Opening Charge. Unless otherwise provided in the instrument, a successor trustee or a trustee of a testamentary trust who did not serve as a personal representative for the estate, may make a written request to the clerk of superior court for an allowance of may impose an opening charge for his services as a trustee. The clerk of superior court may in his discretion allow such opening charge shall not to—exceed one percent (1%) of the value of the principal, both real and personal, received. In determining the amount of such charge, if any, the clerk of superior court shall consider the time, responsibility, and skill involved in the opening of the trust or other fiduciary relationship. Any such charge shall be in addition to the compensation allowed under subsection (a) of this section.
- (e) Closing Charge. Unless otherwise provided in the instrument, a trustee of an express trust or other fiduciary may make a written request to the clerk of superior court for the allowance of may impose a closing charge. If the clerk of superior court makes a written finding of fact that there are unusual circumstances supporting such a request he may in his discretion allow a closing charge The charge shall not to—exceed one percent (1%) of the principal, both real and personal. In determining the amount of such charge, if any, the clerk of superior court shall consider the time, responsibility, and skill involved in the closing of the trust or other fiduciary relationship.—Any such charge shall be in addition to the compensation allowed under subsection (a) of this section.
- (f) Oral Trust Agreements. Unless otherwise provided in the oral trust agreement, a trustee under a valid oral trust agreement shall receive compensation in accordance with subsection (a).
- (g) Principal Less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000). Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b) and (c) above, when the gross value of the principal is ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or less, the clerk of superior court is authorized and empowered to fix the compensation to be received by the trustee or fiduciary in an amount as the clerk in his discretion, deems just and adequate.
- (h) Compensation Considered Costs of Management. All compensation, whether allocated to income or principal shall be charged as part of the costs of management and, upon allowance, may be retained out of the assets against creditors and all other persons claiming an interest.
- (i) Charges for Management; Appeals. Nothing in this section shall be construed:
 - (1) To prevent the clerk of superior court from allowing reasonable sums for necessary charges and disbursements incurred in the management of the principal; or
 - (2) To abridge the right of any interested party to appeal an order of the clerk.
- (j) Default or Misconduct. No fiduciary or trustee who has been guilty of default or misconduct in the due execution of his office resulting in the revocation of his appointment shall be entitled to any compensation under the provisions of this Article.
- (k) Income Tax Withholding. For the purpose of computing the compensation whenever any portion of the dividends, interest, rents or other amounts payable to a

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16 17 fiduciary or trustee is required by any law of the United States or other governmental unit to be withheld for income tax purposes by the person, corporation, organization or governmental unit paying the same, the amount so withheld shall be deemed to be income."

Sec. 2. G.S. 32-52 reads as rewritten:

"§ 32-52. Applicability.

The provisions of this Article shall apply to all trusts and fiduciary relationships created on or after January 1, 1978, and to all express trusts in writing existing on January 1, 1978 if the instrument does not contain any provision relating to compensation.

The provisions of this Article shall apply to all trusts and fiduciary relationships created on or after January 1, 1990, and to all express trusts in writing existing on January 1, 1990, except that as to those express trusts in writing existing on January 1, 1990, in which the instrument makes no reference to the compensation of the trustee or has not otherwise limited the compensation of the trustee, the compensation of the trustee shall not exceed that provided in G.S. 32-50(a)(1) and (2)."

Sec. 3. This act is effective upon ratification.